

Ingham County News.

VOL. LVII.

MASON, MICH., THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1915

NO. 27

LEVERETT'S

Cash Grocery

7 bars Swift's Pride Soap... 25c
7 bars Acme Soap... 25c
10 cent pkg. Starch... 5c
7 bars Swift's White Laundry... 25c
25 lbs. Flour... 85c
Large can Wash Powder... 4c
4 pkgs. Jellycorn... 25c
10 cent box Shoe Polish... 5c
5 lb. jar Heinz Apple Butter... 30c
1 lb. Calumet Baking Powder... 20c
Best Coffee you ever bought... 30c
Oil, per gal... 8c
Gasoline, per gal... 12c

GEO. H. LEVERETT
BOTH PHONES

Ingham County News

Entered at the Post Office, Mason, as second-class matter.

Published every Thursday by
A. L. ROSE

TERMS.
One Year, \$1.00; six months, 60 cents; three months, 35 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Our advertising rates made known at office. Business cards \$1 a line per year. Business locals five cents per line each and every insertion. Marriages, birth and death notices free. Resolutions of respect, eulogies, etc., five cents a line.

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS

L. B. McARTHUR, Attorney at Law, Mason, Michigan.

A. A. BERGMAN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Mason, Michigan.

E. S. AVERY, Attorney at Law, Room 494-5-6, Hollister Bldg., Lansing, Michigan.

LAWTON T. HEMANS, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office over first State and Savings Bank, Mason, Michigan.

KELLEY & KELLEY, Lawyers, 500-2 Oakland Building, Lansing, Michigan, 39-13

DR. JOS. S. HAWLEY

DENTIST
Successor to Dr. Spaulding and Dr. Linsley, Lawrence Block.

If your money does not net you five per cent, see H. C. FRIELAND.

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O. H. FRIELAND, M. D. General practice, with special attention to diseases of women and children. Office 505 Main street, ground floor. Hours—8:30 to 2:00 a. m., 1:30 to 3:00 and 7:00 to 8:00 p. m. Both phones.

DR. C. S. BALLARD, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat a specialty. Office in Near Block. Hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m.

DR. FRANK E. THOMAS, Physician and Surgeon. Office over Webb & Whitman's clothing store.

G. M. DUTT, M. D., Mason, Michigan. Office hours 1 to 3, 7 to 8 p. m. Both phones.

FARMERS' MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF INGHAM county. Safest, cheapest, best. For information write to F. H. Field, secretary, Mason, Frank Seelye, Pres., Mason. Office on third floor of court house.

VETERINARY

DR. GEORGE C. MOODY, Veterinary Surgeon. Office and residence corner A and Ash streets, Mason, Michigan.

DR. A. G. HOEKZEMA, (Successor to Dr. Gordon) Veterinary Physician and Surgeon. Office and hospital corner A and Mill Streets. Bell 228, Citizens 57, Mason, Michigan.

AUCTIONEERS

WALTER E. HARKNESS, General Auctioneer. Leave orders at this office. Citizens phone 166 2-long, 2-short.

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W. A. MURRAY, expert auctioneer. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable. P. O. Webberville. Bell phone.

HENRY KURTZ, expert English and German auctioneer. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address Leslie Park, Lansing. Citizens phone.

AURELIUS BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. G. E. McTaggart, Pastor.

You are cordially invited to the following services:

11:00—Morning worship.

12:00—Bible school.

6:30—B. Y. P. U.

7:30—Evening worship.

8:00—Thursday evening, prayer service.

The annual election of officers of the L. A. S. held last week resulted as follows: President, Ada Parker; vice pres., Nellie Parish; secretary, Kittle Hinton; treasurer, Mabel Davis.

Remember the prayer service Thursday evening. The service needs your help and you need the help of the service.

The largest missionary offering Sunday in the primary department of the Bible school was given by the Beginner's class.

B. Y. P. U. topic for July 11—“Making Life Worth While.” Luke 12:13—28. Leader, Merle Parker.

We are glad to welcome Erma Casler, who has been at school in Saginaw, as she comes back for the summer.

The L. A. S. will serve ice cream Saturday evening in Waggoner's hall.

MASON MARKETS.

No. 2 red wheat \$1.00, No. 1 white 97c, rye 70c, oats 50c, good dry corn 75c, clover seed \$6.00 to \$7.50, beans \$2.40, new potatoes \$1.00, eggs 16c, butter 17c to 21c. Cattle: prime steers 7½c, light butchers 6c to 6½c, best fat cows 5c to 5½c, common cows 3c to 4½c, veal calves 4c to 8½c, lambs 5c to 6c, spring lambs 8½c, sheep 2c to 4c.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Wednesday, July 21, will be circus day in Mason.

A portion of Oak street is being oiled this week.

The wheat crop in this section is the best in years.

Mrs. J. K. Elmer has received her widow's pension.

And yet some corn was knee high July 4th notwithstanding.

Some great bargains in table linens at Mrs. McKigan's this week.

Etelchells home coming basket picnic August 13. Nothing like it.

Judge Charles H. Wisner died at his home in Flint Tuesday, aged 65 years.

Russell J. Randall is now in the employ of the Lackawana Steel Co. at Buffalo.

Born, July 5, to Mr. and Mrs. Alton L. Jewett of this city, an 11½ pound son, Joseph.

A large number of Mason people were in Williamston Monday attending the celebration.

H. C. Rankin, department commander of Michigan C. A. R., is very ill with pneumonia at his home in Ypsilanti.

For a short time we will give a small can of Calumet baking powder with a sack of Lilly White flour. A. L. Vandercreek.

John King, who was recently convicted of violation of local option law, was sentenced Tuesday to 60 days at Detroit and to pay a fine of \$50.

The ball game at Williamston Monday between Mason and Williamston resulted in a victory for Williamston in the tenth inning. Score 3 to 2.

John White died very suddenly July 5 at Williamston. Funeral services will be held Thursday and the remains brought to Mason for burial.

Israel Brocius of Aurelius died of cerebral hemorrhage July 5. The remains were taken Tuesday to Blanchard, where funeral and burial will take place.

Little James Noxon celebrated his seventh birthday last Tuesday by giving a party to a dozen of his young friends at his home, corner of Oak and D streets.

D. G. Barr has sold Ford cars the past week to Arthur Wemple, W. H. Townsend and Lynan Smith; also Geo. Cars to Geo. McCormick and Chas. Aseltine, O. S. Clippner.

Daniel Bateman, east Ash street was quite badly burned about the hands and face Saturday morning, when he attempted to start a fire with a little gasoline instead of kerosene.

Claude Jubb of Aurelius and Miss Jennie Sutton of Lansing were drowned in Grand river near Waverly Park last Thursday, by the capsizing of a canoe in which two others were riding. The bodies were recovered the next morning.

Probably the largest inheritance tax received in Ingham county passed through the treasurer's office this week. It was from the estate of Joseph E. Gay of New York state, and amounted to \$18,457.36, which goes to the primary school fund.

Annual school meeting next Monday evening. Two important questions will be up for consideration, improving the athletic field and an addition to the high school building. Every person interested in the welfare of the school should be present.

Frank J. Rapp died Tuesday morning at his home, 105 North Sycamore street, Lansing. Funeral services will be held at the home on Thursday at 10:30 a. m. Deceased lived in Mason for several years, and was superintendent of the electric light and water works plant. He was also a member of Ingham Chapter No. 51, R. A. M.

Sheriff Cline was called to the home of O. B. Blaklee in Ingham one day last week to investigate an evident attempt by some enemy of Mr. Blaklee to do great harm. In the barn was found just back of each front wheel of an automobile about a handful of black powder, plentifully sprinkled with matches. The results of the investigation have not yet been made public.

While in Lansing with her parents last Sunday, Elizabeth, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cummings of this city found a bottle of carbolic acid and drank some of its contents. The child was terribly burned and physicians at first thought the case was hopeless, but after several hours work brought her out of danger and she was brought home Tuesday. It was a very narrow escape.

The management of the Fourth of July celebration at Williamston were unfortunate in the fact that the aeroplane flights failed to materialize. The people contracting to furnish the attraction did not appear although the management had put up \$200 as a guarantee deposit. We understand more money was offered for a flight at Howell, but Williamston got busy and served an injunction, so the defaulter lost out all around.

A party of eleven friends met with Mrs. Jesse Beech Saturday to help her celebrate her birthday.

At the school meeting next Monday evening the school board will be asked to report as to what has been done regarding the athletic field. The resolution adopted at last year's meeting was to “purchase and improve” an athletic field. There is a widespread feeling that the matter of “improving” the field has been neglected. The weeds, now as high as one's head, cover one-half the field. These should at least be harvested.

At Charlotte last Saturday Claude Snow was found guilty of assault on Worthy Bryan April 20, by a jury in the Eaton circuit court after 21 hours of deliberation. The verdict was “Guilty of assault with intent to do less than murder.” Snow was charged with assault with intent to slay. Bryan was shot and wounded by a bullet fired through the wall of a tent of the Perrine show while he was listening to a band rehearsal. Suspicion directed toward Snow because of alleged threats against Bryan, of whom Snow was jealous, it is said.

DAYTON FAMILY REUNION.

The fourth reunion of the Dayton family was held at the home of P. E. Dayton, east Ash street, Monday, July 5th. A bounteous dinner was enjoyed by all and the afternoon was spent in listening to an interesting program, auto riding and amusements.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Devine of Flint, Mr. and Mrs. George Dayton and daughter of Stockbridge, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Stillwell of Danville, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tunningly and son Cleon of Linden, Mr. and Mrs. Otis Updyke and children of Leslie, Mr. and Mrs. James Preston and family of Lansing, Mrs. Verne Dayton and daughter of Prattville, Mrs. Ella Arthur and son Winfield of Lansing, Rex Chapel and Leo Stillwell of Grayling and Mrs. Fred Parker of this city. The next meeting will be held at the home of Geo. Dayton in Stockbridge, July 4, 1916.

PLEASANT FAMILY REUNION.

About forty representatives of the Green and Standish families met last Saturday, July 3d, at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Gilson Standish, foot of Oak street in this city, and all enjoyed a bountiful potluck dinner upon the lawn and renewed old acquaintances during the entire day. After dinner the entire group was photographed. Five of Mr. Standish's sisters were present. The out of town guests were Mrs. Mattie Reynolds, Mrs. Vernal Smith, and child of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Sanford and son Haze of Central Lake, Autrim county; Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Stancell and son Cleo and Jay Stancell, Mr. and Mrs. Oral Potter and daughter Lerie, Mr. and Mrs. Ayn Wheaton and daughter Byrl, Mr. and Mrs. R. V. McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Survey, and Mrs. Ellen Lovejoy, of Lansing; Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Cochran and four sons Ferris, Archie, Roy and Highland, Mrs. Eliza Derby and son William of Leslie; Mrs. Lovina Green, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Ramsdell and three daughters, Ruth, Hazel and Dora of Stockbridge; Mr. and Mrs. Guy Dakin, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Hobart, Miss Ruby Mitchell and Reno Mitchell of Danville; Miss Jessie Lambert of Williamston; Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Bygraves and daughters Gertrude and Elsie and Mrs. Samuel McManis of Vevay. The decorations were profuse with the National colors about the porches and trees upon the lawn.

A PLEASANT HOUSEWARMING.

Nearly seventy persons were present at the new home of Mr. and Mrs. George Shattuck, Vevay, Thursday afternoon, June 24, at a housewarming party which proved to be of a most heartwarming kind.

Under the leadership of Mrs. Ives, an impromptu program was given amid much laughter and applause.

Mrs. Alice Taylor and Mrs. Brown gave humorous selections which were exceedingly funny. Miss Stoddard recited, as did also little Miss Brown and little Miss Barr.

Mrs. Harry Scarlett gave two musical numbers, both very sweet songs. She also played for the singing in which all joined. Mrs. Ives made a few remarks about the significance of the gathering, each guest having rendered some slight service to the hostess after the old house had been burned.

Supplementing her short address, quotations on friendship were read by the Misses Bernice Allen, May Boyden, Eural Royston, and Stoddard, and Mesdames Hanna, William, Crandall and Brown.

A very dainty supper was served, the hostess being assisted by Mesdames Cotton and Orne. Mrs. Orne gave the closing words of the program, and all hearts responded to the sentiment of friendly service.

The new house is equipped with a fine water system, an up-to-date bathroom, motor washing apparatus, and is designed to furnish solid comfort to its hardworking owners in their later days.

PROBATE NEWS.

Hearings for July 9:

Estate Minerva Harris, hearing claims.

Estate David Cochran, determination heirs.

Estate Ebenezer S. Kimball, probate of will.

Estate Stephen Rock, et al., license to sell.

FOR SALE—Three Chester White sows and pigs. W. B. Teall. 21

THE FOURTH AT MASON

GREAT SUCCESS, BOTH IN ATTRACTIONS AND CROWD.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT MARS EVENING

Finest of Weather Prevailed. The Attendance Large.

The weather clerk certainly doped out a fine day for the celebration in Mason last Saturday.

The people began to arrive early, and they continued to come throughout the day. Young America was in his element with plenty of noise, but the glant firecracker was conspicuous by its absence.

The Mason City band was at its position on court house square early in the forenoon and furnished excellent music throughout the day and evening.

At 10:30 the automobile parade was brought on. There were 18 cars in line: No. 1, Iva Bond's car, carrying Booster committee and mayor; No. 2, W. G. Crow; No. 3, C. A. Parkhurst; No. 4, H. E. Neely; No. 5, H. B. Longyear; No. 6, Victor Sitts; No. 7, E. P. Rowe; No. 8, McKinney; No. 9, L. C. Webb; No. 10, A. McDonald; No. 11, Okemos Camp Fire Girls; No. 12, Poy Chase; No. 13, A. A. Howlett & Son; No. 14, A. M. Smith & Co.; No. 15, H. O. Halstead; No. 16, G. S. Thorburn; No. 17, Mrs. Frank Ward; No. 18, C. R. Beebe; number of automobiles not decorated. Business displays by Neely & Neely with decorated horses and riders; C. E. Hill, Shetland pony, Traver Rug Co.; E. A. Reedy, Boy Scouts mounted.

Prizes were awarded as follows: 1st, Victor Sitts, \$10; 2d, Iva Bond, \$8; 3d, Mrs. Frank Ward, \$5; 4th, H. B. Longyear, \$2.

Complimentary prizes for business displays: Camp Fire Girls \$5, Neely & Neely \$2.50, Bonnajeau Hill \$1.00.

At 1:30 the Baby Show was held in the court house, with 40 entries.

Prettiest baby under 9 months, 1st, Glenn Stoppel \$3; 2d, Norman Charles Dart \$2; 3d, Murrine Thurlby \$1.00; 4th, Barbara Robertson, 50c.

Over 3 months and under 15 months, 1st, Marion Louise Wheaton, \$3.00; 2d, Francis McCarrick, \$2; 3d, Wilde Drescha \$1.00; 4th, Howard Lee Huntley, 50c.

John Dickerson of White Oak received the \$1.00 prize to oldest person attending the baby show. Mr. Dickerson will be 94 years old August 19, 1915.

At 2 o'clock the “sports for all” were called on, under the direction of W. R. Carven.

Ladies' Nail Driving Contest: 1st, Mrs. L. Cladlin, \$3.00; 2d, Mrs. Floyd Otis, \$2.00; 3d, Mrs. M. J. Rotnour, \$1.00.

Ladies' Yelling Contest, “Hurrah for Mason Booster Club”: 1st, Florence Shafer, \$3.00; 2d, Mrs. Joe Linden, \$2.00; 3d, Bernice Dean, \$1.00.

Running race for girls under 12 years of age: 1st, Beulah Brown, \$2.00; 2d, Cleora Chase, \$1.00.

Running race for girls over 15 years of age: 1st, Sarah Cox, \$2.00; 2d, Margaret Behm, \$1.00.

Running race for boys under 12 years: 1st, James Bruce, \$2.00; 2d, Ferris Green, \$1.00.

Running race: 100 yd dash, open to all: 1st, Ralph Strope, \$3.00; 2d, Edmund Young, \$2.00; 3d, Artie Jewett, \$1.00.

The Pie Eating contest for boys brought out a large list of contestants and Perry Miller won the prize. All the contestants received 25c each.

Fat Man's Race, (200 lbs. or over) 1st, Vern Cleve, \$2.00; 2d, Jerome Waggoner, \$1.00.

Shoe Race: 1st, Sumner Fletcher, \$2.00; 2d, Artie Jewett, \$1.00.

Potato Race: 1st, Artie Jewett, 1:38, \$2.00; 2d, Ralph Strope, 1:42, \$1.00.

Tug of War by Townships. In this contest it was Alaledon vs. Wheatfield, Alaledon winner; Leslie vs. Vevay, Leslie winner. In the final: Leslie vs. Alaledon, Alaledon proved the winner and received the \$10 prize.

The Fantastic Hullahaloo parade at 5 o'clock was very good but very small. The prize of \$2.00 for best costume went to Mrs. Warkie, and \$1.00 to W. G. Grow for worst costume.

At 7:30 came the Pavement Dance. This proved a very attractive feature of the occasion, under the management of Dr. C. E. Henderson. The pavement had received a liberal coating of meal, and the band furnished suitable music. Hundreds enjoyed this stunt and were loath to give it up after a two hour session.

The display of fireworks was the finest ever seen in this city, and but for the distressing accident which occurred when about two-thirds of the display had been finished, the day would have been perfect.

One of the rockets which had been laid aside as falling to work, later ignited when a blaze of fire covered the operating stand, and shot into the crowd. A nine-year-old son of Fred DeCamp of Ingham was struck in the face. It was at first reported that one eye had been shot out. The lad was taken to the office of Dr. Ballard, where physicians worked over him for several hours, when he was taken to his home. Fortunately the accident was not nearly as bad as at first reported and it is now thought that the eyesight will not be impaired, but it was an angry wound.

At the time of this accident a fire

alarm was turned in and the crowds surged onto D street, east side of court house, where the residence of Gail Densmore had caught fire in the roof from a descending rocket. It proved to be but a small blaze and was quickly extinguished.

The matinee of the Mason driving club was held at Quickstep park. One of the largest crowds in its history was in attendance and the exhibition of racing was never better.

Barring the accident, the celebration was a complete success, and it is evidenced that Mason can draw the crowd.

CHURCH AND SOCIETY.

Rev. J. A. Kennedy formerly of the “So,” now a member of the State Industrial accident board, will preach in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning.

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Presbyterian church will hold its regular monthly meeting Friday, July 9, at the home of Mrs. Felix McDaniel, Paper, “Alaska,” Miss Bristol; music, Miss Kerns. All are invited.

Preaching service held at the Methodist church Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and at Memorial Hall in the afternoon, also a union service at 5 p. m. on the court house lawn. Rev. Hugh Graham of Jackson is expected to preach at all of these services. Come and hear him.

OBITUARY.

Chas. A. Hayner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Hayner, was one of five sons, all having preceded him but one brother.

Mr. Hayner was born April 5, 1853, in the township of White Oak, where his entire life has been spent with the exceptions of a few months in the West.

December 11, 1878, he was married to Clara Cady of Leroy, she having departed this life May 5, 1890.

September 6, 1892, he was again united in marriage to Grace L. Fernald of Lansing. To this union was born two children, Ralph and Metta, residing with their parents.

He acquired his education in the district schools, later teaching in the same.

He has been closely associated with the Farmers' Mutual Insurance company, acting as director for his township for a number of years, also being a member of the executive committee of the same company. He was a member of the Danville F. & A. M. lodge.

He was a very prosperous farmer, kind and loving husband and father and will be greatly missed in the home and neighborhood where his life has been spent. He was always ready to lend a hand in time of need.

He has been a patient sufferer since January, departing this life June 25, 1915. He leaves a wife, son and daughter, a brother, a number of nephews and nieces and a host of friends to mourn their loss.

Funeral services were held at the home June 29, at 10:30, conducted by Rev. Cheney of Millville, and the remains were laid to rest in Fairview cemetery at Danville.

Jesus, while our hearts are bleeding, O'er the spools that Death has won, We would at the solemn meeting, Calmly say “Thy will be done.”

Thou' cast down, we're not forsaken, Thou afflicted, not alone, Thou didn't give, and Thou hast taken.

Blessed Lord “Thy will be done.” Thou' today we're filled with mourning, Mercy still is on the Throne With Thy smile of love returning, We can say, “Thy will be done.”

By Thy hands the boon was given, Thou hast taken but Thine own, Lord of Earth and God of Heaven Evermore, Thy will be done.

OBITUARY.

Ada M. Kendrick was born at Scio, Washtenaw county, Michigan, December 19, 1867.

October 9, 1889, she was united in marriage to Charles J. Godley of White Oak, Michigan.

She became a Christian while young, uniting at that time with the Baptist church of Danville, of which she was a member at the time of her death.

She was a devoted and loving wife and daughter, a kind sister, a sincere friend, and helpful neighbor and endeared herself to all who knew her by gentle sympathy and loving ways.

She passed from this life July 1st, 1915, trusting in the Saviour and she could truly say with St. Paul “I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith.”

She leaves a husband, an aged father and mother, three brothers and a host of friends to mourn her early death.

“Our dear one has gone to glory, Her face no more we see, But we hope again to meet her In that long eternity.”

FATAL ACCIDENT AT WEBBERVILLE.

As Ralph Henry, of the Webberville garage was taking an automobile load of five to Danville Tuesday they were struck by a passenger train on the Pere Marquette at a crossing near Webberville. Jack DeField of Detroit was instantly killed and the driver, Mr. Henry had his foot badly crushed. The other occupants of the car escaped serious injury. It is stated that the approaching train was not noticed until too late, although the view of the track is very clear for a long distance at this crossing.

The POPULAR STORE

Moss Rose Flour, sack... 85c
White Poppy Flour, sack... 90c
French's White Lily Flour, sack... 90c
25 lb. Cane Granulated Sugar... \$1.75
Red Alaska Salmon, can... 18c
Alaska Pink Salmon, can... 10c
Tuna Fish, can... 15c
Sardines, in olive oil, can... 10c
Imported French Sardines, can... 15c
Dry or Wet Shrimp, large can... 20c
Star Lobsters, can... 25c
Perfection Oil, gal... 8c
Crown Gasoline, gal... 11c
New Potatoes, peck... 25c

G. S. Thorburn, Grocer
BOTH PHONES

A GOOD TIME TO BUY

Real Estate

Don't hunt around in the dark! Let me tell you about the big list I have at \$500 and up.

A Comfortable Home for \$500

One strictly modern and well located at \$3,000.

Real Bargains in Farms

D. P. WHITMORE,

Both Phones News Office, Mason

Better Be Safe Than Sorry

A policy in the Michigan Mutual Cyclone, Windstorm and Tornado Co. of Hastings, Mich., is good as a bond autographed by John Dea, Rockafeller. Call me by Citizens phone, L. H. Ives, Agent.

Ingham County News

Published at Mason every Thursday morning by ALBERT L. ROSE

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, June 30 (Special correspondence).—No other national legislation within the last quarter of a century, has done more to protect and promote the health of the American people and prevent financial loss through fraud and deception than has the national pure food law, which was enacted in 1906 by a Congress that was Republican in both branches, and signed by a Republican President.

This law was peculiarly a Republican idea for it asserted the power of the general government to enact legislation of this kind, a power which was denied by Democrats who were advocates of the doctrine of States rights. President Wilson apparently overlooked this law when he said recently that the Republican party had not had a new idea in thirty years. The only votes cast against the bill were by Democrats, and one of those was by Congressman A. S. Burleson, of Texas, now Postmaster General, the only member of that Congress specially honored by President Wilson.

While commonly referred to as a "pure food law" the act regulates the manufacture and sale of not only food but drugs, confectionery, medicines and liquors; insures purity, prevents misbranding, prohibits adulteration, requires full weight and measure, and forbids use of poisonous and deleterious substances.

The law requires that if certain habit forming drugs be contained in a medicinal preparation, that fact shall be plainly stated on the label and that the quantity of alcohol contained in medicine be specified. It prohibits removing part or all of the contents of a receptacle and substitution of another article different from that indicated on the package. In the case of foods put up in packages, it requires that the weight or measure be specified on the label. Sale or packing of partly decomposed meats is forbidden. All these provisions were necessary for the protection of public health and for the prevention of fraud in the manufacture and sale of food and drugs.

The enactment of the pure food law was largely due to the persistent recommendations of a Republican president. The bill which became a law was introduced in the Senate by a Republican Senator, Henry Burton of Idaho, and although it had only four negative votes in that branch of Congress, those four votes were recorded by Democrats.

The bill met more vigorous opposition in the House where a minority report was filed against it by Representatives Adamson, Bartlett and Russell, Democratic members of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, who asserted that pure food legislation is a matter within the jurisdiction of the several states, and not within the jurisdiction of the general government.

Only seventeen members of the House had the temerity to vote against the bill but every one of these was a Democrat. The Pure Food bill was one new Republican idea that they couldn't approve.

Though heavy receipts from stamp, corporation and income taxes have added to funds in the Federal Treasury, the balance on hand at the close of business Saturday, June 19, was only \$25,519,973.00 as compared with a balance of \$137,312,682.86 on the same date two years ago, when Republican laws were in control of revenues and expenditures. The deficit, as represented by the excess of all disbursements over all revenues for the fiscal year up to June 19 was \$120,671,159.81.

Even the most resourceful mathematician finds it extremely difficult, if not impossible, to use any comparative statistics in such a way as to bring credit to the present administration. Some, however, make desperate efforts to put the figures together in such a way as to relieve Democracy of its burden of discredit. In an attempt of this kind, one Democratic newspaper refers to the fact that railway earnings for April, 1915, were \$33,821,308 as compared with \$32,222,791 for the same month in 1914, an increase of a million and a half.

Even though that is comparing one Democratic month with another and, therefore, proves nothing, the apparent good showing is entirely reversed when the Democratic editor finds himself forced to admit that the gain in net earnings "is not due to an increase in gross but to a decrease in operating expenses." That decrease in operating expenses must mean either reduced wages, reduced purchases or reduced employment. In any event, it means less money for the workers on railroads or in railroad shops. Nor is that all, for the same editor goes on to admit that although gross earnings "were down only \$2,000,000 for the month (April) they were down \$79,000,000 during the preceding nine months, or an average of nearly \$9,000,000 a month.

While most people will be glad to know that the railroads, aided by increased rates and by renewed industrial activity due to the war, are not as badly off as they were, it is difficult to comprehend what satisfaction a Democrat can get out of presentation of statistics showing the depths to which railroad business had sunk within recent months.

American labor should be protected by tariff duties that at least equal the difference in cost of production

Yes—Many People have told us the same story—distress after eating, gases, heartburn. A Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet before and after each meal will relieve you. Sold only by us—25c. Longyear Bros.

at home and abroad. Temporary shortage of world supply may maintain prices for a time, as in the case of wool, but placing on the free list commodities produced in competition with cheap labor abroad must ultimately bring hardship to American industry. The American farmer should be aided in borrowing money at rates of interest as low as paid by others who give security equally sound, but it is more important that he be aided in securing such a price for his products as will relieve him of the need of borrowing except in case of emergency.

Among the many inconsistencies of the Underwood Tariff is the fact that there is a 10 per cent duty on cattle, while all the imports which constitute parts of the cattle are allowed into the country free. For example while the cow itself is subject to a 10 per cent duty yet the bones, hide, flesh, hoofs, blood, horns, milk and hair of the cow are free. We are forced to conclude with Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, that "the countryman is said to have accepted many a gold brick in his time, but nothing except his sense of humor will keep him from exploding when he hears of that 10 per cent duty on cattle."

The Constitutional Convention in New York has wisely voted down a proposition for a single-chambered legislature. Ours is a government of checks and balances and if one wishes to know what is possible in legislation under a single-chamber system when pressed by a dictatorial executive, one has only to consider the half-baked measure thrust through the last House in Congress by Wilson's mandate, only to be amended and put into shape in the Upper Branch.

The Democratic convention of 1916 will have to perform some remarkable rhetorical stunt if it works a "Made-in-America" policy into its free trade platform.

NAPOLEONIC MEMOIRS.

In the month that saw the hundredth anniversary of Waterloo the attention of the world was naturally and inevitably turned to the parallel between the situation in the Europe of 1915 and that of the first years of the preceding century.

The coming of Italy into the struggle in the last days of May contributed much to making this parallel. In sum Italy had enlisted because Austria had declined to cede to her the Italia Irredenta. Men now recall that in 1813, when Napoleon was fighting desperately but still successfully his war on the two fronts—in Spain and in Germany—when he had opened the 1813 campaign with victories at Lutzen and Bautzen, Austria, still neutral, had demanded the Illyrian provinces as the price of neutrality, and these Illyrian provinces included Trieste, Fiume, Dalmatia.

Like Francis Joseph, Napoleon had declined to make the sacrifice and in a few months Leipzig, the great "Battle of the Nations," where Prussians, Austrians, Swedes, Russians stood in line against the French Emperor, put an end to the Napoleonic dream of world empire—to "world power," as Bernhardi has put it—marked the beginning of that swift downfall that was in but a brief time to come at Fontenoy.

With the arrival of Italy on the battle-lines of what was now, at least, the Grand Alliance this situation of 1915 fairly reproduced that of 1813. Napoleon's victories in eastern Germany were but lesser profit compared with Mackensen's sweep through Galicia, his recapture of Przemysl as great a triumph as Napoleon's similar success at Dresden. But Napoleon defeated his foes only to face new armies—a continent in arms—and who could longer doubt that Germany, with her crippled Austrian ally, was to face similar odds?

Russia, Great Britain, France, Serbia, and now Italy were in the field in the Balkans the battle for neutrality, lost at Rome by Prince von Buelow, was now being waged at Bucharest, at Athens, at Sofia. But in the Rumanian and Greek capitals mobs are already demonstrating in favor of war. "The street" was shouting as it had spoken decisively in Rome and Milan. For the Rumanians the collapse of Austria promised territorial gains nowhere else obtainable, promised the liberation of millions of "Romans" in Transylvania, Bukovina and Banat. For Greece the ancient Greek colonies of Asia Minor, the Hellenic outposts which had provoked the Persian wars of antiquity, beckoned to a new Greece, and Smyrna had become the prize of Greek intervention.

Go back to 1813 in the hours before Austria entered and it is possible to see how Europe then felt. Napoleon was still the unconquerable captain. The Russian disaster had but incidentally shaken the legend of French invincibility which had filled the continent for twenty years. The subsequent victory of Dresden was one more in the sequence which began in far-off Valmy two decades before. From Moscow to Madrid, from Calais to the Holy Land, the soldier of the Revolution and the Empire had marched from victory to victory.

Yet great as was the tradition of victory, splendid as was Napoleon's genius—and his campaign of 1814 was perhaps his finest—the uprising of 1813, the coalition of Europe against France, had already doomed the Napoleonic regime. Today the coalition against Germany, Austria, and Turkey is far more colossal than that which overthrew Bonaparte. Sunpower, the ammunition factories, and the supplies of neutral nations, added to those of British and French colonies, the resources of Africa, Asia, Australia, and the Americas, the wealth in money and of men at the command of Paris, Petrograd, and London, give to the foes of the Teutonic Empire an advantage which Napoleon's conquerors lacked.

It would be idle to attempt to press the parallel home. German spirit is far more unletted, determined, confident in 1915 than French in 1813 or 1815. No one could believe that the arrival of an Allied army in a German city would have the conse-

quences that followed the coming of the British to Bordeaux in 1814. No internal revolution yet threatened in Germany and it was French weariness of war that finally doomed Napoleon. Yet, with the memories of Waterloo in all men's minds, neutral observers looked out upon a Europe again in battle array from the Urals to the Channel, from the Baltic to the Adriatic, and marvelled at the resemblances, perhaps drew hasty conclusions from the superficial likeness between the conditions in the two centuries.—From "Four War Fronts in June," by Frank H. Simonds, in the American Review of Reviews for July.

MEAT IN HOT WEATHER.

A Few Simple Precautions for the Housewife Who Does Not Want Her Supplies to Spoil—Condition of Refrigerator Important.

A few simple precautions will aid the housewife in keeping meat unspoiled in hot weather. It is, of course, common knowledge that the higher the temperature, the quicker meat will spoil, but the family's supplies are not absolutely at the mercy of the thermometer. Ice and cleanliness are two great weapons of defense.

For many families a refrigerator is obviously out of the question, but it is perhaps better to have no refrigerator at all than a neglected one. Merely to wash it out occasionally does little good; it should be thoroughly scalded at frequent intervals, in particular the drain. This, if overlooked, is apt to harbor fungus growths, which may spread to the food. On one occasion a man applied to the department because he had found that a joint of beef placed in his refrigerator had turned a peculiar bright red. Upon examination it was ascertained that the meat was covered with a peculiar fungus growth due entirely to the condition of the refrigerator. Growths of this kind do not always advertise themselves so prominently and there may be much left in an ice-box that the eye can not detect.

If the refrigerator drain is not thoroughly cleaned, moreover, it is likely to become choked, the water is not carried off quickly enough and little pools are left standing in the interior. Dampness is one of the conditions most favorable to bacterial growth. An ice box in this state will not protect food long. It is, in fact, a wise precaution to wipe the interior of a refrigerator every day with a dry cloth.

The temperature of the average refrigerator is higher than most persons suppose, and in those households where a regular supply of ice is not obtainable a cool cellar, a spring house, or the depths of a well may serve somewhat the same purpose. On farms where there is an ice house the meat may be placed in some form of closed retainer and buried in the ice. In any event, the meat must be carefully screened from flies. The danger from infection from these pests has been pointed out many times, but familiarity breeds contempt and they still persist. The fly not only does the meat itself no good, but it may readily deposit upon it some infection, which is carried in turn by the meat into the human system. Some flies will deposit their eggs on the meat and these in a short time will become maggots, and the meat is "flyblown."

Much sickness that is probably ascribed to ptomaine poisoning or to bad food in general is really caused in some such way as this, the food, in itself perfectly wholesome, acting merely as a mechanical carrier for the "germs" which cause the trouble. Some of these sorts come from the human intestine, and their presence is a sure indication that filth is present, even if the amount is too small to be seen. Filth of this kind may be carried by dust, but it more often comes from soiled hands. One might wish that every kitchen could have the sign found in some well-managed food factories: "When you leave a room for any purpose, wash your hands before you return to work."

"Germs" which grow in foods and cause illness grow very rapidly, particularly if the food is a little warm, and are not destroyed unless the food is well cooked before serving. Simply "warming up" is not enough, as was found in a case of illness recently reported after eating some warmed-up creamed vegetable. Certain kinds of food—creamed chicken, or custard, or warm vegetables, for example—are excellent culture mediums for bacteria which may have been introduced into them by accident. For this reason it is a safe rule to have as short a time as possible intervene between the preparation of food and its consumption. Broth is another excellent medium and in consequence should be drained off if it is intended to keep the meat for any length of time before serving. If the broth is used also it should be boiled thoroughly first. All food, cooked or uncooked, should be kept in a clean, cool place in order to reduce the danger of infection to a minimum.

When meat must for any reason be kept for unusually long periods of time or when the conditions are unusually unfavorable scalding may be resorted to advantageously. Dropping the meat into boiling water for a few minutes will not seriously affect its flavor when it ultimately appears upon the table, and it will put it in a much better condition for keeping. It is important, however, that it be dipped in a large body of boiling water. If only a small amount of water is used, the introduction of the meat will lower the temperature to such an extent that the whole process becomes worthless. With such meats as veal or pork, which are always or ought to be—thoroughly done, the precaution can be carried further and the joints partially cooked, before being stored away. Care should be taken, however, to see that the re-cooking is thoroughly done.

Hot weather also calls for additional precautions on the part of the housewife in regard to canned products. Once these have been opened and exposed to the air they spoil as

quickly, if not more quickly, than fresh food. The contents of a can should be disposed of without delay. In no event should they be left in the can after it has been opened, but should be used at once unless the housekeeper wishes to "air" the canned material, which some believe is desirable. If this is done, the can contents should be transferred to a clean earthen or glass dish and put away for an hour or two in a cool place where dust will not reach it.

NEBRASKA ONCE SEA FLOOR.

South of Platte River, opposite North Bend, Nebr., the bluffs are conspicuous and consist of loess and glacial drift, overlying the Benton shale. This shale was formed when Nebraska was at the bottom of the sea. Evidence of the former presence here of sea water is found in the fossil shells of oysters and other animals that live in salt water and the bones of such sea monsters as Mosasaurus.

A comparison of these ancient conditions with those of the present day indicates the slow, continuous change that is now and always has been in progress. Where the tourist now travels comfortably over a dry plain, these monsters sported in the water of the sea long ages ago. On the shores of this ancient sea lived equally strange beasts and birds of types that have long been extinct, and over its water sailed great flying dragons—the pterodactyls. The animals of that day were strikingly different from those of the present. The birds, unlike any now living, had jaws armed with teeth. The monarchs of the air then were not in fact birds but flying reptiles, whose fore limbs had been modified into wings by the enormous elongation of fingers between which stretched thin membranes like the wings of a bat. These flying dragons, some of which had a stretch of wing of 18 feet, were carnivorous; they were animated engines of destruction that somewhat forcibly suggest the modern war airplanes, of which they were in a sense the prototypes. (Overland Guidebook, Bulletin 612, U. S. Geological Survey).

JULY AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

The most striking and important article in the July American Magazine is an article entitled "Lord Kitchen's Great Bluff," in which is told for the first time the news that England has secretly raised an army four times as big as she has admitted—in other words, 4,000,000 instead of 1,000,000. The author of the article is J. Herbert Duckworth, an Englishman, who, for about ten years, has lived in New York City where he has been engaged in journalism. When the war broke out last summer he went to England, where he remained through the fall and winter. While there he came confidentially into possession of the facts which he now publishes. No English journal has published the truth in regard to the matter and few Englishmen have even known the facts. Mr. Duckworth has been unwilling, until now, to publish what he has known for several months.

Other interesting articles in the July American Magazine are: "The Secret of Steady Golf," by Jerome D. Travers, four times amateur golf champion of America; "Gott Strafe England," by Edward Lyell Fox, correspondent in Germany for The American Magazine; "The Golden Rule in Business," by Ida M. Tarbell; "Picking up Stage Wisdom," by Katharine Grey; "A Senator's Mail," by a United States Senator.

Pledion is contributed by Walter Prichard Eaton, David Grayson, John Taintor Foote, Frank Goewey Jones, Lucy Haffacker and Eva Chappel.

The "Interesting People" department contains five entertaining and surprising little articles, and an announcement is made of a new department called "Family Finances." In this department will appear facts, ideas and stories of personal experiences—all contributing to a fuller understanding of family budgets, allowances, investments, schemes for saving and thrift, and all matters pertaining to the money side of family life.

The prize-winning letters in the contest entitled "The Most Extraordinary Coincidence I Know Of" are published in this issue, and James Montgomery Flagg's amusing contribution in words and pictures under the title "I Should Say So" completes the number.

THE JUSTLY PRAISED "BRYAN TREATISE."

Since resigning, Mr. Bryan has been in his proper sphere, and everybody is the gainer. His talks about the war and about the making of peace and its future safeguards have been eminently wise and sensible. The newspaper assertions that he was going out to fight the President, split the Democratic party, and become a rival candidate for the nomination, have not been justified by any word or act of great campaigner. He has been proclaiming the value of those treaties of his which call for investigation and delay before the outbreak of war between nations. In the days to come, it will appear that Mr. Bryan had really done a great and splendid piece of work as Secretary of State, in that he had secured the signature of about fifty treaties between the United States and other countries, requiring that unsettled disputes should be submitted to impartial inquiry, and that in all cases there should be an interval of a full year for mediation or arbitration before resort to arms. He very justly says that if the issue between Austria and Serbia had thus been dealt with, the present war would have been avoided. We are certainly bound by our own treaties and proposals; and it is impossible to imagine that this country would go to war upon any defined issues without being willing to adopt the method of settlement which we have been urging upon the entire world for just such emergencies.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Review of Reviews for July.

PORFIRO DIAZ
Former Mexican President is Dead in Exile in Paris.



2 PONTIAC CHILDREN LOSE LIVES IN POND

One Youngster Saved by 15-Year-Old Companion.

PONTIAC, MICH.—While playing on a large raft in a pond in the Pearce gravel pit, Steven Borski, seven years old, and Tony Grumt, ten, slipped into water fifteen feet deep and were drowned.

Chris Borski, older brother of one of the victims, was saved by Rudolf Michelo, fifteen, who had been swimming in the pond and was dressing when he heard the cries of the three. He sprang in and dragged out one boy, but the other two had gone down, when he returned. Both bodies were recovered.

JITNEY MEN PROTEST LAW

Flint Bus Owners Say New Ordinance is Confiscatory. FLINT, MICH.—Charging that the new Flint jitney bus ordinance is confiscatory, the Flint Auto club, composed of jitney bus operators here, propose legal action against the common council if an attempt is made to enforce it July 15.

Objection is taken to a clause that requires bonds ranging from \$5,000 to \$20,000 for jitneys depending on the carrying capacity of the cars. Surety bonds would cost the jitney men from \$250 to \$1,000 and this, they say, will put 90 per cent of them out of business. There are about 150 jitneys in Flint.

C. E. JENNISON, 86, IS DEAD

Manufacturer Succumbs Few Hours After Charles Fitzhugh.

BAY CITY, MICH.—Charles E. Jennison, eighty-six years old, one of Bay City's best known citizens, died from ailments incident to age, a few hours after Charles Fitzhugh, another pioneer and distant relative, had dropped dead of heart failure.

Mr. Jennison was the founder of the Jennison Hardware company and an organizer of the Michigan Pipe company. He came here sixty-five years ago as one of the county's first settlers. He was a son-in-law of the late James G. Birney, twice a candidate for president.

HINTS AT SPECIAL SESSION

Governor Ferris Might Call One to Aid Michigan Illiterates.

MEMONINEE, MICH.—That he might call a special session of the legislature to consider legislation to aid the 80,000 illiterates in the state was the hint dropped by Governor Ferris in his remarks at the dedication of the \$15,000 high school at Stephenson, Menominee county. "All schools of the state should be kept open twelve months in the year and night classes should be started at once for parents and other adults," said the governor.

Michigan Women Prominent.

YPSILANTI, MICH.—Among the Michigan women, prominent in the management of the biennial convention of the National Federation of Musical clubs, at Los Angeles, are: Mrs. Frank Garrett of Ypsilanti; Mrs. W. H. Jamison, formerly of Grand Rapids; Miss Mary L. O'Donoghue, formerly of Flint, and a number of others.

Berrien Man Hange Himself. ST. JOSEPH, MICH.—Mentally depressed because of financial reverses during the last year Andrew Mead, sixty years old, committed suicide at his home south of this city by hanging himself to a shade tree on his farm.

J. C. FINGERLE Plumbers and Tanners Supply House

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Sinks (all kinds), Water Closets, Water Heaters, Ranges, Boilers, Bath Room Sundries, Wrought and Steel Water Pipe and Fittings (all sizes and kinds).

TINNERS SUPPLIES Roofing, Eave Troughing, Galvanized and Black Sheet Iron, Sheet Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Iron Stove and Furnace Pipe and Elbows (all sizes).

See My Display of Furnaces They are right. Let me figure with you on your wants.

West Ash Street J. C. FINGERLE

IF YOU ARE A COFFEE LOVER CHASE & SANBORN'S HIGH GRADE COFFEES AND TEAS Will Win Your Heart SOLD ONLY BY F. J. Greve Mason, Mich.

TRAVEL The Electric Way No Soot No Cinders Fast, Frequent Service BETWEEN Kalamazoo, Augusta, Battle Creek, Albion, Jackson, Leslie, LaSalle, St. Johns, Morris, Kalamazoo, Galesburg, Gull Lake, Marshall, Parma, Rivets Junction, Mason, Dewitt, Perry, Owosso. For Schedule and Rates of Fare, Call Ticket Office Michigan United Traction Co.

Be Sure You Get This Old Reliable Cough Medicine Imitations always follow the trail of success. Hundreds of imitations have come and gone since FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND began, 40 years ago, to loosen the grip of coughs and colds. Be sure you get the genuine FOLEY'S Honey and Tar Compound And avoid the names that sound like it. Here are three easy ways to tell the genuine, 1st—The name of "Foley's." 2nd—The yellow package. 3rd—The Beehive on the yellow package. You cannot get a substitute to do for you what FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND will do—for coughs, colds, croup, bronchial and laryngeal coughs, throat and lung trouble. Buy it of your druggist and be safe. ***EVERY USER IS A FRIEND. For sale by Longyear Bros. and L. H. Harrison.

FARMERS' BANK Oldest State Bank in Ingham County CAPITAL \$50,000.00 L. B. McARTHUR, President A. L. ROSE, Vice President A. J. HALL, Cashier L. R. WHITE, Assistant Cashier Three per cent interest paid on savings deposits. Money to loan. Call and see us. Directors—J. K. Elmer, A. J. Hall, Geo. M. Hoyt, A. L. Rose, L. B. McArthur, A. I. Barber, C. W. Clark and A. McDonald.

Tired! Are you tired? Run down? Nervous? Is everything you do an effort? No! It is not laziness. You are ill. Your system needs a tonic. Your Stomach, Kidneys and Liver need strengthening. Nothing will do this better than Electric Bitters 50c. and \$1.00 All Druggists.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL AND BLINDNESS

CORRESPONDENCE

Items Gathered by NEWS Staff about the County

ACROSS THE GARDEN.

Ben Nelson and wife visited in... Russell Bateman of Alaledon visited at J. E. Bateman's last week.

Grace of Brookfield, are spending the week with relatives. Rev. and Mrs. McTargart are entertaining his nephew and niece of London, Canada.

They Write Every Day

Every day Foley & Co. receive letters from grateful men and women, telling how Foley Kidney Pills cured them of backache, sore muscles, stiff joints and other kidney and bladder troubles.

NORTHEAST AURELIUS.

Romain Davis of Detroit spent the Fourth with his parents here. Alfred Scott and Carl Ellsworth visited Mrs. Amy Jordan Sunday.

HAWLEY.

Mrs. D. Aseltine and son of Dansville spent the week end with her daughter, Mrs. Iven Holmes. Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Royston spent Sunday with their brother, Erven Sanford and wife.

Tired, Aching Muscles Relieved

Hard work, over-exertion, mean stiff, sore muscles. Sloan's Liniment rightly applied, a little quiet, and your soreness disappears like magic.

SOUTHEAST ALAIEDON.

A large number from this vicinity spent the 3rd in Mason. All report a good time. "Hurrah for the Mason Booster Club." Mr. and Mrs. Roy Dresser spent Sunday at Floyd Otis'.

WEST MERIDIAN.

An uncommonly cold Fourth this year. A number from here attended the celebration both at Mason and Williamston.

NOT ENOUGH CHILDREN

ever receive the proper balance of food to sufficiently nourish both body and brain during the growing period when nature's demands are greater than in mature life.

WOMAN KILLS SELF TO AVOID LAWSUIT

Father Had Charged Mrs. Herman Neumann with Fraud.

ST. JOSEPH, MICH. — Mrs. Herman Neumann, wife of a well-to-do farmer living three miles south of this city, committed suicide by shooting herself through the head rather than take the witness stand in the circuit court as defendant in a suit brought against her by her father, George Schlenk, charging that he had been defrauded out of half interest in a \$6,000 farm.

TWO DROWNED AT LANSING

Accident Usual Result of People Changing Seats in Boat.

LANSING, MICH. — An attempt to change seats in a canoe caused two deaths here while two other occupants of the canoe were rescued. Jennie Sutton, aged eighteen, Margaret Sanborn, eighteen, Howard Koons, twenty-one, and a young man named Draham, about twenty, hired a canoe to go to Waverly park.

INSISTS ON HUSBAND'S GUILT

Mrs. Miller, Owosso, Weeps Telling of Alleged Plot.

OWOSSO, MICH. — Telling dramatically in her husband's examination of the result of the analysis of a physician who told her that tablets given her by Charles H. Miller was composed of bichloride of mercury. Mrs. Miller broke down and wept while her daughter also burst into tears.

AUTO KILLS DR. L. B. RHODES

Farmer, in Another Machine, Killed at Same Time in Same Way.

KALAMAZOO, MICH. — Dr. L. B. Rhodes of South Haven, former president of the Kalamazoo Academy of Medicine, was killed near South Haven when his automobile turned turtle, as he was hurrying to attend a patient.

AUTO ACCIDENT INJURES FIVE

Hillsdale Party All Hurt When Car Turns Over at Jonesville.

HILLSDALE, MICH. — An auto mobile driven by Earl Olney, chauffeur at the Parkhurst garage, and occupied by Fremont Donley, George Niccas, Ira Huffman and John A. Barnhart, turned turtle on the Jonesville turnpike four miles west of Jonesville.

HUSBAND'S PAY TOO SMALL

Woman Given Decree for Divorce Rejects Offer of Alimony.

KALAMAZOO, MICH. — Because her husband only secured small pay, Mrs. Charles Cartwright refused to accept alimony from him when she was given a divorce. Mrs. Cartwright declared her husband was cruel to her, but she did not want to take away any part of his income.

New Fire Responsibility.

LANSING, MICH. — In connection with the campaign to enforce personal responsibility for preventable fires, Attorney General Fellows has given State Fire Marshal Winship an opinion holding that under the common law a property owner on whose premises a fire starts because of negligence is liable for damages to his neighbor if the fire spreads to or damages his neighbor's person or property.

Will Extradite Minister.

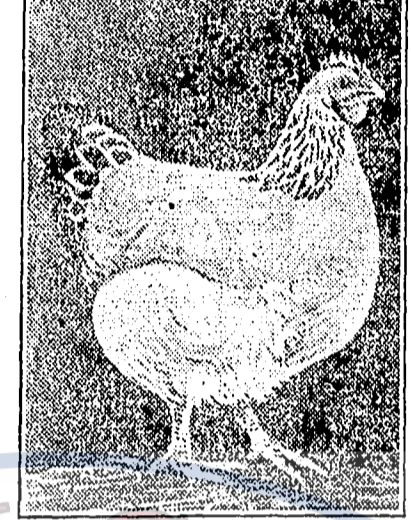
LANSING, MICH. — Governor W. N. Ferris has forwarded requisition papers to Governor Whitman of New York for the return of Rev. G. C. Harper Reade, who is wanted at Sault Ste. Marie on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

POULTRY and EGGS

CAPONIZE COCKERELS.

Fowls So Treated Give Better Returns Than as Spring Broilers.

Caponizing the cockerels is the efficient method of handling, writes H. M. Cumberley in the American Agriculturist. A capon is an unsexed cockerel. The advantages of caponizing are about the same as those gained by altering cattle or swine—that is, the fowls grow larger, the young males are fatter and more easily fattened, and the flesh is more tender and of better quality.



The Columbian Rock breed of hen appeared in 1907 and is a single comb sport from the Columbian Wyandotte, which originated in a cross of White Wyandotte male and a Light Brahma hen.

the first part of their growth, when put on the market they sell for a higher price to the pound. They will not get tough and starchy as cockerels will when mature, but stay tender and can be sold when the market is most advantageous.

The best fowls for caponizing are the large, rapid growing broods such as the Plymouth Rock, Rhode Island Red, Wyandotte, Orpington and Brahma. The latter breed is used by specialists in capon growing. It is sometimes crossed with the Plymouth Rock breed. Very often the cross makes a capon weighing from twelve to fifteen pounds. However, the smaller birds, such as Plymouth Rock, weighing from six to nine pounds when eight months old, are more in demand.

The caponizing operation is simple and can be done by the farmer with a little practice. A good set of instruments may be purchased directly from manufacturers of surgical instruments or through poultry supply dealers. Complete directions for caponizing are furnished with the instruments.

The average farmer raises about 200 chickens a year, about half of which will be cockerels. If they are sold as spring cockerels the farmer has about 500 pounds at 22 cents a pound, or \$110, but if they are caponized he has about 700 pounds at 25 cents, or \$175. That will be \$65 additional receipts for the two or three days' extra work in caponizing the fowls.

Animal Food For Poultry. Remember that until the bugs and insects come the laying hen must be fed something in the way of animal food. Fresh ground bones with some meat on them is the best food of this kind. Then come good beef scraps.

Millet For Poultry. Millet seed is an excellent poultry feed, especially when you want the hens to do some exercising. The seed is so small that it takes quite a time for them to pick up any great quantity of it.

Askes in the Hen Yard. Coal and wood ashes are good things to carry to the poultry houses these days. From the coal ashes and cinders the hens can pick many a piece that answers the purpose of grit, and if the coal ashes are sifted they make the best kind of a dust bath for the hens.

When Hot Weather Oppresses. When you feel oppressed, dull and stupid, are inert and languid—do not blame it all on the weather. Heat will not affect you so much if the bowels are regular. Foley Cathartic Tablets are ideal for indigestion and constipation. They relieve stout persons of that bloated, heavy feeling.

MICHIGAN TO WORK FOR WORLD'S PEACE. Among the important subjects in which Michigan fraternalists have interested themselves is the organization of a Michigan auxiliary of the World's Court Congress, recently formed at Cleveland, Ohio, with John Hays Hammond as president and Dr.

Goes on like a wooden shingle. Is spark-proof and weather-proof. Double width cuts cost of laying.

Advertisement for NEPONSET SHINGLES, featuring an illustration of a man holding a shingle and the text 'The Only Built-up Shingle' and 'C. P. MICKELSON We Carry the Best Building Products'.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

- Birth E. Mings, Lansing, 21; Helen J. Garver, Lansing, 16; John T. Symons, Mason, 25; Florence Freer, Dansville, 22; Cyrus D. Sherman, Lansing, 42; Jennie A. Wheaton, Lansing, 40; James H. Maxwell, Locke Twp., 22; Flossie A. Dunckel, Locke Twp., 18; William Taylor, Lansing, 26; Esther Williams, Lansing, 20; William Burley, Lansing, 22; Rosa Haines, Lansing, 21; E. Fred Wheaton, Lansing, 22; Vivian McCabe, Paw Paw, 21; Verner Doud, Leroy Twp., 19; Mildred Wemple, White Oak, 19; Elias H. Cole, Lansing, 25; Beatrice Caldwell, Lansing, 22; Earl W. Dakin, Lansing, 30; Lillie Gevertz, Lansing, 30; Frank L. Wenzlick, Lansing, 24; Ruth M. Fox, Lansing, 20; Clyde E. Galvin, Lansing, 31; Esther Q. Redfean, Battle Creek, 23; Floyd A. Beadle, Leslie, 25; Ethel Marie Kazior, Leslie, 20; Pearl W. Weldon, Lansing, 22; Mary Lennon, Lansing, 37; Edwin H. Hazelton, Mason, 71; Helen Lewis, Mason, 68; Godfrey Davis, Lansing, 34; Mary West, Lansing, 17; Fred Whan, Lansing, 25; Floyd Nickelsberry, Lansing, 25; Myrtle F. Buck, Lansing, 24; Charles F. St. John, Williamston, 26; Emeline Benjamin, Williamston, 19; Charles L. Carl, Lansing, 56; Corla M. Carl, Lansing, 51; William H. Hoezle, Lansing, 29; Ella Hacker, Lansing, 29; James C. Richie, Lansing, 25; Frieda A. Auger, Lansing, 21; Alfred Barrett, Lansing, 29; Eliza Wilfred, Lansing, 32.

Advertisement for O. S. BUSH, Optometrist, with text 'This is the Famous Apex Temple' and 'At Last HERE IS COMFORT FOR SPECTACLE WEARERS'.

John Wesley Hill, noted divine and orator, as secretary. The Michigan Fraternal Congress, which comprises practically all of the fraternal societies in Michigan, will undertake this organization. President William E. Brown, of Lapeer, and Secretary Mark T. McKee, of Detroit, are now engaged in the preliminary work. Every county in the state will be represented on the advisory committee of the Michigan auxiliary.

U. S. in Leading Role. The plan of the World's Court Congress is to have the United States lead in the establishment of an international court to which shall be referred all of the disputes and difficulties that may arise between nations.

One or two Dr. King's New Life Pills with a tumbler of water at night. No bad, nauseating taste; no belching gas. Go right to bed. Wake up in the morning, enjoy a free, easy bowel movement, and feel fine all day. Dr. King's New Life Pills are sold by all druggists, 36 in an original package, for 25c. Get a bottle today—enjoy this easy, pleasant laxative.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

- D. S. Pierson and wife to Charles Decker and wife, pt of lot 15, blk 203, Lansing; \$600. J. S. Coon and wife to B. M. Olds, pt ne 1/4 sec. 25, Leslie; \$1,600. R. N. Burlingame to L. F. Burgess, lot 28, Clear's add, Lansing; \$500. J. W. Potter and wife to A. M. Satter and wife, lot 14, blk 4, Manufacturer's add, Lansing; \$375. M. M. Miller and wife to J. L. Zuber and wife, pt of lot 13, Beal's add to Collegeville, East Lansing; \$800. Capital Realty Co. to J. P. Donovan and wife, lots 181 and 182, Excelsior Land Co. add, Lansing; \$400. W. V. Nelson and wife to A. H. Morton, pt of lot 12, blk 7, Bush, Butler & Sparrow's add, Lansing; \$2000. C. B. Collingwood and wife to Elizabeth S. McKeone, pt of lot 76, Oakwood, East Lansing; \$600.

HOW TO MAKE SUMMER FUDGE.

In the July Woman's Home Companion Cora Farmer Perkins, cookery editor of that publication, devotes a page to hot weather menus. She tells as follows how to make uncooked summer fudge: 'Cut one-half pound dipping chocolate in pieces, set saucepan in larger saucepan of boiling water, and let stand until melted. Beat two eggs until thick and add one cupful of powdered sugar gradually, while beating constantly. Add to melted chocolate, and when well blended add one teaspoonful vanilla, a few grains salt, two-thirds cupful of English walnut meats, broken in pieces, and one-third cupful glacé cherries, cut in pieces. Turn into a buttered pan, and let stand to set. Cut in cubes and pile on a dish.'

July Clearance Sale

None of Our Past Great Sales Have Begun to Rival This

Everything is up-to-date and highly desirable. The manufacturers have been exceedingly generous in helping us to make this the most phenomenal clearance sale Lansing has ever known. They have furnished us practically at our own prices, large quantities of beautiful merchandise from their surplus stocks of fine wares, which they also desire to close out with the season.

- Choice of Women's Tailored Suits, formerly sold up to \$18, at \$9.98.
- Women's \$1 and \$1.50 Pure Silk Hosiery, 70c a pair.
- 75c Silk Mixed Poplins, 24-inch, fully ten shades, 35c yard.
- \$14 Heavy Brussels Rugs, 9x12 feet, very special, at \$9.95.
- 35c Rice Cloths and Seed Voiles, per yard, 15c.
- \$3 Hygeno All Metal Carpet Sweepers, large size, \$1.00.
- Up to \$3.75 Women's and Misses' Summer Dresses, special, \$1.98.

Miss This Sale At Your Own Cost! Hundreds of Other Savings as Great!

J.W. KNAPP & CO.
LANSING MICH.

2% Green Stamps With Every Cash Purchase — Besides Best Values.

TOWN LINE.

July 4, 1915.
Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Wade and son Kenneth spent Saturday in Mason.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marzen and Mr. and Mrs. Otto Spross of this place are spending the Fourth at Tundy lake.
Bob Brown and family of Lansing are visiting his parents, Sam Brown and family.
George Vanoecker and children of Nebraska are visiting at Samuel Brown's.
Percy Toback and wife of this place are spending the Fourth at Pine lake.
Irene Barnes of Okemos visited in this vicinity Tuesday.

PINE LAKE PARK.

Clarence Moultheller and family spent the Fourth in Okosmo.
Mrs. Chas. Heller, who has been sick for the past three weeks, is a very little better.
A large crowd from this place went to Potter's park the Fifth.
Glen Culver, who broke his shoulder blade, is getting along nicely.
William Palmer is visiting his sister.
Geo. Wever has purchased a yearling colt of Lambert Johnson recently.
W. M. James and wife attended a family gathering at Potter park Monday.
Lavagne Fletcher and Neva Hunter are attending school at Ypsilanti.

HILLWOOD CORNERS.

Born, to Ira Zimmerman and wife, July 1, a 10 1/2 pound boy who will answer to the name of Max Jesse.
Burt Smith and family entertained his sister and family from Ney, Ohio, from Saturday until Monday.
Ben Fry and family entertained cousins from Alma over the Fourth.
Mrs. Jack Reasoner is entertaining friends from Fredericksburg, Virginia.
A. D. Felton of East Lansing will spend the summer with his son Floyd, while Mrs. A. D. Felton is in California.
Herbert Duthie and wife of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with the latter's brother, Floyd Felton, and family.

SOUTH AURELIUS AND NORTH ONONDAGA.

Mrs. C. W. Field and children visited at Williamston part of the week.
E. E. Shaver and family were in Jackson Saturday.
Jas. Field and family of Jackson visited relatives here part of the week.
Sunday, July 4, 1915, being the 50th anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Avert, about 20 of their relatives and friends partook of a sumptuous dinner at their home. As they have lived in this community nearly all of their lives their many friends congratulate them in this event and wish them many happy years to come.
On Sunday, July 4, birthdays of the Misses Myrtle Meachem of Petreville and Irene Field of Jackson were celebrated at the home of Mrs. Annis Field, their grandmother, at Aurelius. The guests to the number of 22 sat down to a bountiful dinner, with "an after" of ice cream and assorted cakes, including a birthday cake for each, decorated with flags and candles, the color scheme being red, white and blue. The home was also decorated with the National colors. All enjoyed the occasion in spite of the rainy day. Each received some pretty and useful presents besides a post card shower.

MUNITH.

Mrs. Celia Dean of Stockbridge is spending a few days with Mrs. F. Denmore.
A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Verne Weeks last week.
Miss Alta Moeckel has returned home from Jackson.
Mrs. Flora Reeves of Texas has been here visiting her mother and other relatives.
Miss Agnes Leece of Jackson visited her parents here before leaving.

for California, where she will spend several weeks.
Audrey McCann of Bunkerhill visited part of last week at the home of his aunt, Mrs. F. Denmore.
Bonnie Fosson has been home from Boyne City.
Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Moeckel were in Stockbridge Wednesday.
Mrs. Chas. Pixley spent Saturday and Sunday in Jackson.
Frank Gibbins and Mrs. Henry Gibbins spent last week in Toledo, making the trip by auto.
Linus Randolph has moved from Munith to Stockbridge, where he has opened a shoe repairing shop.
The fifth annual Lecke-Goodyear reunion was held at Portage lake Thursday, June 24. A number of Munith relatives attended.

LOCKE AND VICINITY.

Will Potter, wife and sons of White Oak were callers at H. M. Murphy's Sunday.
Austin Smith, wife and daughter Marjorie of Lansing spent Sunday with Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Barney Bonline.
Mrs. J. V. Murphy of Lansing is visiting at Bert Calder's this week.
Mrs. C. Senter and Miss Gertrude Smith, who have been visiting at Homer Murphy's the past two weeks, returned to their home in Woodland Tuesday.
Emory Maxwell has the foundation laid for a new house.
Willard Bowerman is making extensive repairs on his farm buildings in Locke.
Mrs. Calder and Mrs. Nery Murphy of Lansing called at Amos Turner's Sunday.

LANSING ROAD.

The N. L. club was entertained at the home of Mrs. Lottie Shirkey in Springport Thursday.
There was a miscellaneous shower for Miss Violet Terrill at the home of Mrs. Andrew Higienre Thursday afternoon.
Ben Keeler and family were visitors at Harmon Hall's Monday.
Ford Keeler and Mrs. Chas. Shaull were in Lansing last week Tuesday.
Bird Rogers and family were visitors at Frank Bates', near Diamond Lake Sunday.
Ruth and Doris Keeler are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Harmon Hall, on the Clinton road, this week.
Iiah Whipp visited her aunt, Mrs. Sheets, in Grand Ledge last week.

STOCKBRIDGE.

Mrs. Harriet Bancroft and two children of Detroit spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Haviland.
H. A. Thompson and daughter Florence of Williamston called at W. S. Thompson's Sunday. Mrs. Vesta Thompson went home with them for a week's visit.
Mr. and Mrs. Bement of Jackson spent Sunday with Ernest Dickson and family.
E. E. Phillips and wife of Iosco took dinner Monday with W. W. Haviland and family.
Miss Florence Brown spent the Fourth with Miss Florence Thompson of Williamston.
Mr. and Mrs. Friend Williams and son Carl spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. McKinder near Gregory.

IN AND AROUND PETREVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Arch Gale entertained company Saturday and Sunday.
The Fourth being the sixtieth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Laplin's marriage, the neighbors all turned in and helped them celebrate. They took Saturday instead of Sunday. They all had well filled baskets so you can imagine what kind of supper they had. After supper they presented Mrs. Laplin with a fine rug and Mr. Laplin a camp stool.
Clyde Pickworth entertained his parents Saturday and Sunday.
John Meachem and family visited his mother, Mrs. A. Fields, Sunday.
A good many from this place held a picnic in Arthur Hudson's woods Monday.
Harlon Curtice spent the Fourth with his parents, M. J. Curtice and wife.
Mr. and Mrs. Sam Struckman entertained several of their relatives Sunday and Monday.
Miss Neva Springer is home for the summer vacation.
Mr. Cook's daughter from Detroit is visiting him.
Mr. and Mrs. Ben Nelson visited her brother, M. J. Curtice, Sunday.

BUNKERHILL.

Mrs. Amy DeCamp is in Williamston caring for her brother, Dr. Bailey, who is suffering with a broken shoulder, caused by his auto turning turtle.
Cleo Bunker returned Monday from camp meeting and reports having a grand time.
Henry James and family spent Monday in Leslie as guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Williams.
The Misses Thelma Williams and Marion Davis are visiting at Henry James'.
Mr. Tuttle is quite sick.
Sunday Jay Dunham drove his new auto truck to Jackson, taking Mrs. Sweezy, Mr. and Mrs. Dunham and Mr. Roy Townsend and sister, to spend the day.
July Fourth occurred the annual reunion of the Pollard family, this year they met at Geo. Morehouse's, Jr.

Mr. Deeter and family spent the Fourth with Mr. and Mrs. Chester Chase.
Dan Neu and family spent the Fourth with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cady at Leon.
Preaching Friday evening as usual. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.—Adv.

WHIPPLE CORNERS.

Several from this vicinity attended the 4th at Mason and several at Williamston.
Little Irene Harkness has been sick the past week at her aunt's, Mrs. H. Mann's.
Frank Mann has a boy from Grand Haven working for him.
Chester Benjamin has been sick with a stomach trouble recently.
Mrs. Albert Aseltine's children of Flint spent the 4th with her. They made the trip with motorcycle.
L. Robinson is under the doctor's care again.
Hoyle Swan and family were Sunday visitors at his mother's, Mrs. Philo Swan.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mann visited Sunday at Lloyd Ferguson's in White Oak.
Pheris Reason was home from his carpenter work over the 4th.
Mr. and Mrs. A. Bravender and Mrs. Ada Rossetter and son Carl of Flint were Sunday callers at L. Hayhoe's.

WEST WHITE OAK.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Doud returned from their wedding journey Saturday. They will be at home to their many friends at the Doud farm in Leroy.
A goodly number celebrated at the nearby towns and report a good time.
Mrs. Homer Brown and two children from Detroit are visiting her sister, Mrs. H. Wemple, Jr.
Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Walker were in this vicinity visiting recently.
Mrs. Myra Herlick called on Mrs. H. Wemple, Sr., Thursday.

FRETTING.

Fretting never accomplished any good. Let us not live fretful lives. God will never stretch the line of our duty beyond the measure of our strength. We ought to live with the grace of the flowers, with the joy of the birds, with the freedom of wind and wave. Without question this is God's ideal of human life.—W. L. Watkins.

Good form

Regarding Week End Entertainments. Spring days suggest the country, and the country suggests week end guests. Week end parties, as everybody knows, are delightful, but week end guests and their entertainment require skill and tact.

The woman who intends to have week end visitors, then, or house visitors of any sort needs to consider one thing before inviting the outsider into her home—is the prospective guest worthy of the honor? Is she to be trusted with one's life, ergo one's reputation? If not madam must issue her invitations, and if she sees fit so to do once the stranger is within her gates all must be given her—full confidence in her integrity and entire liberty in every move that concerns her health and happiness.

As the hostess' captiousness sometimes comes from feeling that the visitor of a week or more is outstaying her welcome the English custom of arranging a visit within a prescribed period is an excellent one. If you ask Miss Guest to come on the 15th and stay until the 20th you have no reason to complain unless she prolongs her stay. This arrangement for the coming of the guest and her going puts the whole visit on a pleasant and easy basis, and the hostess and guest of good sense abide by all the requirements of politeness and kindly feeling as long as the visit lasts.

Some very definite obligations are involved when inviting a friend to partake of a home's hospitality for this stated period. The hostess must see to it that there are writing materials in the friend's room, stamps excepted. She must consult with her guest concerning the acceptance of any invitation to other homes. When callers come the guest must be asked to go down to the drawing room as a matter of course. The visiting friend must be included in every visit to other friends.

Things One Must Do.

A friend of Goethe's once remarked that if you wish to appear agreeable in society "you must consent to be taught many things which you know already." You have had to sit many hours with a smile upon your face while some dreadful bore expounded supposed theories of his own which had been axioms to you from youth up. You have had to listen to society traditions, in which you were not in the least interested, told by some sycophant, because you knew that what lay upon your thoughts light as a thistle-down encompassed her about like a royal robe. You may hate the molecular theory and despise the foolish vapors about "society," but you have no taste for the life of the hermit, and you have at least to pretend that you are interested in the ponderous and the frothy. The question is whether you are not a bore yourself, at least to the man with a theory about creation and the woman who adores by way of the social register.

Have you ever tried to air your theories about child welfare and the solution of the poverty problem in the presence of the women who were all the time unconsciously counting your frills and speculating as to what sort of "beading" would have improved your costume?
If you have you will no doubt have recognized the set smile with which she pretended an interest, because it is part of her religion to appear always to be agreeable.

Two Sorts of Manners.

"Society is more conventional than it is good mannered at times," remarked a man of manners, "and I know persons of both kinds. Particularly I know a lady who is conventional and bad mannered, and I know a business man who is unconventional and, if not exactly good mannered, better mannered than the lady.
"Not long ago he was at an evening affair—he went because his wife wanted him to go—and he wore a shop tied tie, a gauche man of conventional habits could not possibly be guilty of. The lady in question noticed it, and in her native way she asked him why he wore that kind of tie.
"Well, madam," he replied, "I do it for two reasons. One is to give stupid people a subject of conversation, and the other is to show that unconventional taste isn't much worse than conventional bad manners."
"Of course he had no right to say it, nor, on the other hand, did the lady have any right to comment on his dress, so it may be called a standoff, though the man still wears a tied tie, and the lady does not make any comments."

The Merest Trifles. It is always the merest trifles rather than the big things of life which indicate the manners and tastes of the average person. A glaring social error, a particularly rude action or tactless speech, are not made with too great frequency, but other less obtrusive faults are often committed, sometimes solely through ignorance or want of thought.

It is just as grave a mistake to be too polite, as to be abominably rude. The painstakingly polite person is very trying to encounter, for extremes often meet, and he generally succeeds in being actually ill bred.

OUR WEEKLY LIMERICK

There was a good farmer, by name Mr. York,
Who had hay to pitch, but had no Pitchfork,



So he came to
Our Store
Where we have
them galore

And now he pitches hay from sunrise until dark.

We Are Headquarters for Pitchforks

As well as all other Farm and Garden Tools. When it rains Pitchforks it is a poor time to use Hay Forks, but a good time to buy 'em.

MAKE THIS STORE YOUR HEADQUARTERS

And when it rains come in out of the wet
YOU'RE ALWAYS WELCOME

SALISBURY'S HARDWARE

OPEN EVEINGS

American Savings Bank of Lansing

Pays 4% Interest

ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Capital \$100,000.00 Surplus \$25,000.00

DIRECTORS

- J. W. Bailey, Pres. J. W. Bailey & Co.
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- W. K. Prudden, President
- Chas. E. Toms, Cashier

DON'TS FOR THE GIRL WHO SWIMS.

In the July Woman's Home Companion appears a page devoted to the outdoor girl. It includes five short articles—one about the girl who swims, another about the girl who goes camping, another about a down-east clam bake, another about a honeymoon tramp and another about the girl and the garden.
In the first article appears the following don't for the girl who swims:
"Don't use a bathing suit which is more stylish than comfortable. Bathing suits should be loose, especially about the waist and legs. Bathing corsets, if worn, should be supple and not tight. Tights or woolen knee trousers are better than baggy bloomers, because holding less water and leaving the legs freer. Don't wear a round garter. It may lead to cramp. If a shoe must be worn, let it be a simple loose canvas slipper.
"Don't enter the water an inch at a time, if it is cool. Run into surf and plunge under, quickly. If a pool or river, jump or dive in so as to get wet all over at once. But don't jump or dive into deep water unless you know its temperature. Unexpected cold sometimes paralyzes.
"Don't swim or bathe when tired or for a longer time than the body is comfortably warm. It lowers the vitality.
"Don't let anyone entice you to do what you are afraid to do, whether it be a dive, a long swim, or a contest with heavy surf. Fear of the water is natural; conquer it by degrees and quietly, never by the 'sink or swim' method."



I Tell you Wife that the
"Best"
FLOUR

makes the best bread you ever made. We will use no other, hereafter. Our grocer keeps it. If he does not telephone

Mason Milling Company

5% Net Income
Paid Semi-Annually
January 1 to July 1
Withdrawable on 30 Days' Notice
Our record, 25 years of continuous success, assets one and a third million dollars. Write for financial statement and book giving full particulars.
Capital Savings & Loan Ass'n, Lansing, Mich.
or call on Geo. W. Bristol, Mason

Subscribe for the News.

What is the Best Remedy For Constipation?
This is a question asked us many times each day. The answer is **Small Orderlies**. We guarantee them to be satisfactory to you. Sold only by us, 10 cents. Longyear Bros.

The News \$1.00 Per Year.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Stafford Armstrong was in Marshall Thursday. Miss Ethel Adams was in Lansing last Thursday. Miss Josie Babcock is visiting relatives at Brighton. Mrs. L. J. Strope of Lansing visited in Mason last Friday. Arthur Buchanan was home from Detroit over the Fourth. Col. Ives was in Saginaw on Friday and Saturday of last week. Mrs. H. P. Henderson is visiting relatives and friends in Mason. Ray Fowler of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents in this city. Robert Button of Lansing called on Mason friends one day last week. Miss Alice Green of Fenton is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. W. Tamlyn. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. R. Huntington were with Williamston relatives Monday. Arnold Zimmer of Sebawaing is visiting his brother, W. E. Zimmer, and family. Roy Chute of Grand Ledge was the guest of Roy Torrance over the Fourth. Lawrence Lyon and Paul Browne are working for a lighting company in Jackson. Mrs. J. A. Cortright and daughter, Inez, are visiting relatives in Charlotte this week. The Misses Irene Burgess and Besie Hayner were home from Ypsilanti over the Fourth. H. E. Winfield and Warren Driver are home from the U. of M. for the holiday vacation. Mr. and Mrs. Earl Wheeler of Jackson spent Tuesday at the Glosser home on east Ash street. Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Nichols of Eaton Rapids spent the Fourth with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Torrance. Albert Wilder of Ludington has been a guest of Len J. Robinson and family the past week. Mrs. Harry Douglass of South Bend, Ind., spent the week end with Mason relatives and friends. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Burridge of Pontiac visited their mother, Mrs. A. L. Chapman, over the Fourth. Mr. and Mrs. Wirt Cook and children of Milan, Mich., have been visiting at F. H. Field's this week. Mrs. Vera Dayton and daughter Arvilla of Prattville visited Mason relatives the first of the week. Mrs. Geo. Caswell of Linn, Mass., has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. B. Freshour, the past week. Miss Anna R. Buchanan of Jackson was a guest of Mrs. Harry Green from Friday until yesterday. Joe Milbeck of Kalamazoo has been visiting his uncle, J. F. Greve, and family a few days the past week. Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Root and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McCowan motored to Lansing Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Webb and two children of Detroit are spending the week at W. L. Cheney's in Vevey. R. E. Darling and family of Detroit were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Webb over the Fourth and Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Wood of Cambria have been visiting their daughter Mrs. Herbert Carn during the past week. Mr. and Mrs. David Colby of Fowlerville spent the week end with their daughter, Mrs. Cordie Bashford, and family. H. J. Bond arrived Friday from Bloix, Miss., to spend a few weeks with relatives and friends in Mason and vicinity. Miss Janneata Nelson of Lodi, Wis., a chum and classmate of Miss Lucy Hawley, is spending a couple of weeks at Sunnyside. Mr. and Mrs. John C. Squires, Jr. and three young daughters of Chicago are visiting at the parental home, east Ash street. Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Whitmore and son Max of Flint were guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Whitmore, over the Fourth. Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Field and Shirley E. Field attended the North reunion at Andrew Higlmire's in Eaton county last Monday. Robert Rands of Onaway, Presque Isle county, visited his old friends, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Maclean, east Ash street, the past week. Mr. and Mrs. Evert Clark and sons, L. Frank and Richard, of Pittsburg, have been visiting relatives and friends in Mason this week. Mrs. Franc L. Adams left Thursday for an extended visit to her old home in western New York. Henry Adams is handling the news in her absence. L. B. Freshour and wife and granddaughter Martha, and Mrs. Geo. Caswell left yesterday on an auto trip, to visit friends in Ypsilanti and vicinity. Mrs. George P. Griffin and children, of Mason, are spending the week with Mrs. George E. Dean and children at the Dean cottage, Duck lake.—Albion Leader. Geo. W. May and wife and M. W. May, wife and daughter Isabelle of Horton were guests at F. A. Lester's over the Fourth. Miss Isabelle remains for a visit. Harvey P. Sutton of McCook, Neb., was in Mason last Wednesday and Thursday. As a boy Mr. Sutton lived in Mason, and he was here looking after the burial place of his brothers, who were buried in the Reeves cemetery near Danville.

MATINEE RACES JULY 3.

The gathering at Quickstep park last Saturday was one of the largest, if not the largest, in the history of the Mason Driving club. The events were all hotly contested. L. C. Webb acted as starting judge, assisted by John Arnold of Lansing and W. E. Harkness. Timers, A. I. Barber of Mason and Mark Westfall of Stockbridge. Following is the summary: Free For All Pace. L. D. O., ch. m., by Dillard Online, (Doane) 1 1 1 Sugar Bowl, b. m. (Erwin) . . . 3 2 3 Fred C., b. g., (Bement) 4 3 2 Prince Wilkes, b. g., (May) 2 4 4 Buster Davis, ch. g., (Davis) . . . 5 5 5 Time—2:17 1/2; 2:18 3/4; 2:17 3/4. Race No. 2, Trot and Pace. Golden Manor, ch. h., by Pure Gold, (Green) 1 2 1 Capt. J., b. h. (Doane) 2 1 2 3 Diamond Simmons, b. g., (Spangler) 4 4 2 Lady Linton, ch. m. (Smith) . . . 6 6 3 4 June Direct, ch. m. (Cady) 5 5 6 dr The Earl, b. g. (Bement) 3 3 dr Time—2:19 1/2; 2:19 3/4; 2:19 3/4; 2:23. Race No. 3, Trot and Pace. Uhlman Simmons, b. g., by Simmons (Spangler) 1 1 1 King Jolly, bl. h. (Doane) 2 2 5 Mollie Devlin, b. M. (Lyon) 3 4 2 Oracle, b. m. (McKinnie) 4 3 4 Don, b. g. (Winfield) 5 6 3 Dr. D., b. g. (Plunkett) 6 5 6 Katie M., ch. m. (Minke) 7 7 7 Time—2:32; 2:32 1/2; 2:35.

Pimples, Skin Blemishes, Eczema Cured

No odds how serious, how long standing your case, there's help for you in every particle of Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. It wipes out all trace of your ailment, and leaves your skin clean and soft as a child's. Hundreds of users have sent voluntary letters of thanks. Just try one box. It will mean freedom from suffering and embarrassment.—Adv.

MRS. P. W. ROLFE.

June 30, the neighbors and friends were shocked to hear of the sudden death of Mrs. P. W. Rolfe of Jackson, Mich., who was spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Charlie Eckhart of Vevey. Alma Miller, daughter of Rufus and Betsy Miller, was born in Aurelius township, Nov. 30, 1876. She was married to P. W. Rolfe Nov. 24, 1892, and departed this life June 30, 1915, aged 38 years and 7 months. She leaves a husband, one daughter, Anna May, aged 14 years, her mother, Mrs. Charles Eckhart, one brother, Wm. Miller, and one sister, Mrs. D. L. Rolfe of Aurelius to mourn the loss of a kind and loving wife, mother, daughter and sister. The funeral was held at Chas. Eckhart's, conducted by the Rev. McTaggart of the Baptist church of Aurelius Burial in Aurelius cemetery. The friends from away were: Mrs. Glen Chapman and daughter Dortha, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Smith of Lansing, Mrs. C. Sheetz and Mrs. Gilbert Merrill of Jackson.

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

The North Aurelius Country Club on July nine, will promise you a right good time. If you will go to the home of Mac Webb, with ice cream and cake you will be fed. If a success you would help them make. All the ladies please bring cake. They need the money, you need the fun, So now remember! Come! Come! Come!

PRIMARY SCHOOL MONEY.

Fred L. Keeler, superintendent of public instruction and Auditor General Fuller announced Tuesday, that the apportionment of primary school money to be made the latter part of this month would be at the rate of \$7.85 per capita, and as there are 826,410 school children in the state eligible to participate in the apportionment, the total amount to be distributed will be \$6,477,318.50. This is the largest apportionment of primary school funds in several years. In 1914 the rate per capita was \$7.10, but some of the railroad companies that were delinquent in their taxes last year have remitted. Ingham county has 12,995 children of school age and will receive \$102,010.75; Kent county with 44,006 children will receive \$345,447.10; Bay county with 21,694 children will receive \$170,297.90; Genesee county with 15,229 children will receive \$119,547.65; Jackson with 13,873 children will receive \$108,903.05; Lenawee county with 11,832 children will receive \$92,881.20; Muskegon county with 12,576 children will get \$98,721.60; Saginaw county has 27,956 children and will receive \$217,454.60; St. Clair county with 15,943 children will receive \$125,152.55. As the Sign Directed. An elderly farmer drove into town one day and hitched his team to a telegraph post. "Here," exclaimed the burly policeman, "you can't hitch there!" "Can't, eh?" shouted the irate farmer. "Well, why have you got a sign up, 'Fine For Hitching?'"—Kansas City Star.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Beware of cheap imitations.
The Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Karo
(Crystal White)
Make your preserves with Karo. To retain the full flavor of the fresh fruits make your preserving syrup of one part Karo (Crystal White) and three parts sugar. Makes a rich, heavy syrup without the cloying sweetness of a heavy all-sugar syrup. Prevents jams and jellies from crystallizing. Full formula for all kinds of preserving gives in our Preserving Booklet. Free on request. CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO., P. O. Box 161, New York City, Dept. PX.

The KITCHEN GUPBOARD
CURRIED VEAL.
LUNCHEON MENU.
Lamb Broth.
Curried Veal Spring Salad.
Toasted Crackers Cheese.

CUT into small pieces a pound of cold veal that was served as a roast the day before. Put in a chafing dish or frying pan, which has been greased with two tablespoons of butter. Season with one onion, a tart apple, a glove of garlic, all minced fine. Stir in a tablespoonful of curry powder and half a tablespoonful of flour. Add the meat and pour in half a pint of stock. Add a little lemon juice and salt. Let it all simmer slowly for a few minutes and serve hot.

Other Recipes.
Lamb Broth.—Lamb broth can be taken by almost every one. Here is a good recipe for making it. Have a pound of the neck of lamb cut into small pieces and put it in a granite or aluminum saucepan with two cups of cold water for two hours. Then bring it to the boiling point and let it cook just below the boiling point, for three hours. Strain and season with salt. This could easily be made in a fireless cooker.
Chicken Broth.—This can be made in the same way as lamb broth. Use the neck, the wings and the back of chicken and reserve the other parts for other uses. If rice can be taken a little rice, well boiled, can be added to either chicken or lamb broth.
Cracker Gruel.—Break a soda cracker or two, buttered thin, into a cupful of boiling milk and cook, stirring constantly for three or four minutes. Season with salt.
Stewed Prunes and Figs.—Wash prunes or figs to be stewed and then soak in cold water for ten hours. Cook for half an hour in the same water. Sweeten slightly if necessary.
Spinach on Toast.—Cook some well washed spinach for twenty minutes in boiling, salted water, drain it and rub it through a sieve. Have ready a piece of buttered, thin toast, which has been quickly dipped in boiling water. Moisten the spinach with a little melted butter, season with salt and pepper and pile neatly on toast.
Apple Snow.—Bake an apple in an earthen dish, covered. Remove core and skin before baking. Then rub it through a sieve, add it to the well beaten white of an egg and beat for twenty minutes. Sweeten to taste and serve piled up in a glass cup.
Orange Whip.—Squeeze the juice from an orange. Beat the white of an egg and add a tablespoonful of sugar and a little of the orange juice, beating stiff again. Then pour the rest of the juice into a glass cup, pile on the white and serve.
Grapefruit and Orange.—Grapefruit pulp cut in dice and served in a glass with the juice of an orange and a very little sugar, with a tablespoonful of brandy or sherry, if that is allowed, makes a most refreshing dish for an invalid.

Anna Thompson.
A Tragic Wedding Ring.
A tragic story of a forgotten wedding ring is told in the "Lives of the Lindseys." He should have been at church, says Colla Lindsay, the young Earl of Balcarras, "was quietly eating his breakfast in nightgown and slippers. Reminded that Mauritia of Nassau was waiting for him at the altar, he hurried to church, but forgot the ring. A friend present gave him one, which he, without looking at, placed on the bride's finger. After the ceremony was over the countess gazing at her hand and beheld a grinning death's head on her ring. She fainted away, and the omen made such an impression on her that on recovering she declared she was destined to die within a year, a presentment that probably brought about its own fulfillment, for in a few months the careless Colla was a widower.

A cruel story runs on wheels, and every hand oils the wheels as they run.—Ouida.

COST OF THE GREAT WAR.

It May Exceed the Combined Cost of All Wars Since 1793.
What may be termed the operating cost of the most destructive war known to man has in eight months amounted to \$10,000,000,000. The indirect consequences, such as damage to property, loss to foreign and domestic trade, the vanished toll of the tourist, plus the loss from an actuarial standpoint in the economic value of the killed, maimed, permanently and diseased, produce a debit on the balance sheet of European nations of \$10,000,000,000 more. The figures are huge, beyond comprehension, and most impressive when set beside the estimated cost of all wars between the years 1793 and 1913. In that century and a quarter period beginning with Napoleon's career and ending with the second Balkan war the direct and indirect expenditures in conquest and repulse were \$25,000,000,000. At the present progressive rate of outlay the great war will only have to go four months longer to parallel the costs of all other struggles since man began to accredit himself as civilized. The wealth of the people engaged in war and those in Europe who are trying to keep out of it is about \$400,000,000,000. Considered from this angle, the cost or loss does not seem so large, for it is only about 5 per cent of the resources from which the nations concerned may draw.—Review of Reviews.

Smyrna.
Smyrna was one of the seven cities of Asia in the book of Revelation. It is the only one of the seven which flourishes still. Ephesus, Pergamum and the rest having none but historical memories today. The church in Smyrna had an honorable history. It was there that Polycarp exercised his ministry and there in 155 A. D. he died a martyr's death. Sir W. M. Ramsay, our leading authority upon the antiquities of Asia Minor, recalls the fact—significant and pathetic at the present time—that Smyrna was "the last stronghold of Christianity in Asia Minor and still 'tis more occidental in character and more solidly flourishing than any other city of Turkey." "The population numbers over a quarter of a million."—Westminster Gazette.

Enemies Quick to Resume Trade.
Will the hostile nations resume trade with one another the moment war is over? A London banker writes to the London Economist. "We have been informed by business men that French and German commercial travelers were waiting on the frontiers for the moment when peace was signed and that there was a great furish for orders into both Germany and France as soon as peace was declared in 1871."—New York Evening Post.

Kindergarten Children.
There are in the United States approximately 4,000,000 children between the ages of four and six, which is ordinarily considered the kindergarten age, says a report of the federal commissioner of education. Only about 300,000 of these children are enrolled in public and private kindergartens and probably not more than 3,000 in Montessori schools.

Blackmore's Case.
In the list of articles contributed to the London Red Cross sale at Christie's there figured a walking stick that had once been the property of the author of "Lorna Doone." It was offered by Eden Phillips, to whom it had been bequeathed by Blackmore. Messrs. Christie returned it as "of no commercial value."

The Next Nobel Prize Award.
The Nobel prizes for 1914 will be awarded in the autumn of 1915, and, beginning with 1916, July 1 will be the date for the annual awards.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Adenoids and a Husky Voice.
Persistent hoarseness or huskiness in very young children is a common symptom of adenoids, obstructing the entrance of air through the nose. If the husky voice exists with mouth breathing it is a positive sign of obstructions within the nose. The early removal of the adenoids is almost always advisable. Children who are habitual mouth breathers, both by day and night, never sleep well at night. Such children become languid, restless and prone oftentimes to melancholy. Mouth breathers soon acquire a dull expression—the face is stupid and often semidiotie in expression. In a large number of cases the hearing becomes impaired. Where the mouth breathing has existed since infancy there is in other children often a marked deformity of the chest. These growths often produce anemia and general malnutrition owing to the constant interference with sleep and obstruction to respiration. Operation is the best treatment for children suffering from adenoids. There is practically no danger. The improvement after the operation is in proportion to the severity of the previous symptoms. The respiration is freer, the sleep becomes quiet, the mouth is soon habitually closed, the voice improves, and the benefit to the general health is in a short time apparent. The whole appearance of the child is often transformed in a few months.

Summer Underwear
For Ladies, Children, Men
ALL STYLES ALL PRICES
Muslin Underwear
For Ladies and Children
Lace or Embroidery Trimmed, at the Lowest Prices
Auto Hoods, Auto Veils
All Colors, 50c Each
G. J. DUNN'S

Some prefer Mutton, some prefer Lamb, Some will prefer a nice Slice of Ham, Some Roasts, Steaks, Chops, some Fine Sausage Fried
But Whatever Your Choice, We're Satisfied, and We Know You'll Be Satisfied
If You Choose Our Choice Meats
H. S. RODMAN

Attention! AUTO OWNERS!
Having an Over Supply of Tires
I will sell at a Greatly Reduced Price
Firestone, Goodrich, United States, Republic and Invader Tires and Tubes
From JULY 9 to JULY 16
I am agent for the well-known FORD and REO Cars, carry a full line of Parts and Accessories, keep none but first-class, high-priced men, and can take care of your car right. My Garage is always open for you or your family to drive in free of charge.
If I have not got what you want will be pleased to get it for you.
D. G. BARR

AT THE PEEP O' DAY.
Robinson's Famous Shows Trains Will Arrive.
Older people are inclined to laugh at the small boy who arises at 4 a. m. on circus day and hies to the railroad yards to see the show unload. But if they only knew it, little Johnnie has the best of the game. He is able to see many things that the older ones miss, things that are really interesting, even thrilling. Few people realize the wonderful system that enables a big organization like Robinson's Famous Shows to be moved from one city to another, get ready and give two performances in one day, and get out of town without friction or accident, leaving not even a tent stake of the endless paraphernalia as a reminder of their visit. It is marvelous to watch the skillful unloading of the enormous wagons, dens and tableaux without a hitch or moment's delay, to see the big, handsome horses take their places like clockwork, to see the elephants push wagons in place, lift immense center poles and perform other duties where their measureless strength comes into play. Older people might follow Little Johnnie's example with profit. Just try it once, on the morning of July 21, when Robinson's Famous Shows will arrive by the Michigan Central railroad, and give two performances in this city, at 2:00 and 8:00 p. m.

You Can Enjoy Life
Eat what you want and not be troubled with indigestion if you will take a **Roxall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal. Sold only by us—25c a box.
Longyear Bros.

THE HOME OF Quality Groceries
Golden Rod Washing Powder, per package 20c
Sun Brite Cleanser, 5c per can, 6 for 25c
Swift's Pride Cleanser, pkg. 4c 7 for 25c
New Stille Acme Soap, 10 oz. bar, 6 for 25c
Tuna Fish, small cans 8c
Tuna Fish, large cans 12c
SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY.
Premier Grape Juice, bot. 15c, 25c
1 lb. Red Ribbon Coffee 32c
1 lb. Old Crop Santos Coffee . . . 27c
1 lb. Red Sun Japan Tea 45c
YOURS TO SERVE
C. A. RIES
Labor Day. Oregon was the first state to declare Labor day a legal holiday. The law was passed in 1887. Great Match Users. More matches are used in Great Britain than in any other country in the world.

SEVEN BARKS
A Sure and Safe Remedy for
DYSPEPSIA and all STOMACH TROUBLES.
Seven Barks, which is the extract of Roots and Herbs, will make your food digest, banish flatulencies, regulate your liver and kidneys, give you new life, and keep you well. Price 50 cts. a bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor,
Lyman Brown, 63 Murray St., New York City.

NEWS OF THE STATE

Extracts from files of the News 20 years ago this week:

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed Perrin July 12, 1895, a daughter of 7 1/2 pounds weight.

Postmaster Bement has been off duty several days of late with an attack of pleurisy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wyckoff of this city, July 13, 1895, a son, weight 8 1/2 pounds.

Married, July 13, by Justice Ferguson, Stephen Irish and Mason and Annie Smith of Lansing.

Married, by Justice Ferguson at the home of the bride, July 16th, Samuel Nelson and Mrs. Lucy Morrey, both of this city.

Next week A. I. Reamer will move his grocery stock to the Stroud building recently vacated by the Democrat printing office.

Gilford Baldwin brought the first new wheat to Mason this year. It was a fine quality of white wheat, weighing 59 pounds from machine measure, and brought 62 cents per bushel.

Mrs. Theron VanOstrand died at her home in this city, Monday, July 15, 1895, at 10:30 o'clock p. m., of heart disease. She had been about her usual duties until almost the day of her death. Funeral services will be held at two o'clock this afternoon at the residence on Columbia street, Rev. G. W. Barlow officiating in the absence of her pastor, Rev. Jay Clizbe.

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UNCLE SAM'S NAVY

The United States navy has been described by some critics as being inefficient and unready for real war, but undoubtedly the calamity howlers have not taken the trouble to ascertain the actual facts in regard to it. Uncle Sam's navy is both ready and efficient and is a fighting army of impressive proportions.

The navy has now in active service, in full commission, 225 vessels of all descriptions, from super-Dreadnoughts—ships of the first line—to fuel carriers and hospital and supply craft. The list of vessels in reserve, ready for war service after brief preparation, numbers 103. The United States navy ranks third among the navies of the world, with Great Britain first and Germany second.

LEADING NAVIES.

	No. of Officers	No. of Men
Great Britain	568	145,210
Germany	335	73,269
United States	261	63,857
France	398	61,243
Japan	174	47,289
Russia	259	52,463
Italy	185	36,095
Reserve of 26,000 men.		
Naval militia, 7,785 seamen and officers.		

Building Seventy-seven New Sea Fighters.

Under construction we have no less than seventy-seven fighting craft, classified as follows:

Nine Dreadnoughts, twenty-three destroyers, thirty-eight submarines and seven auxiliaries.

Surely this array of men-of-war in commission, in reserve and in construction is no uncertain indication that the United States will at all times be able to make her vast power strongly felt on the seas wherever the necessity may arise.

At present the personnel of the navy comprises 4,355 officers and about 60,000 enlisted men. And the number of officers and men is constantly on the increase.

The major part of the vessels in active service are divided into three general divisions—the Atlantic fleet, the Pacific fleet and the Asiatic fleet.

Admiral Frank B. Fletcher is commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet, and in the Pacific Admiral Thomas B. Howard is the chief commander. The chief of Admiral Fletcher's staff is Captain Harry McL. P. Huse, and Lieutenant Commander Frederick J. Oliver is first aid to Admiral Howard and is also the fleet engineer.

The Dreadnought Wyoming, 26,000 tons displacement and carrying thirty-three guns, is Admiral Fletcher's flagship. Admiral Howard's flagship is the armored cruiser Colorado, eighteen guns and 13,680 tons displacement.

Admiral Walter C. Cowles, commander in chief of the Asiatic fleet, uses the cruiser Saratoga as his flagship. She carries fourteen guns and displaces 8,115 tons.

Destroyers and Submarines.

Each fleet has a strong complement of torpedo destroyers and submarines.

The Atlantic fleet, much the strongest of the trio of divisions, is, of course, the most important, as it ranges in scope from Panama and Cuba to the northern boundary of Maine and protects the entire eastern seaboard of the country.

In the combined fleets are eight battleships of the first line, as follows: Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, New York, North Dakota, Texas, Utah and Wyoming.

Their list of second line battleships numbers seventeen, their armored cruisers six. They have torpedo destroyers to the number of thirty-three and thirty-eight submarines. In addition the fleets are supplied with gunboats, transports, converted yachts, tugs and vessels of special type, such as mine carriers and ammunition ships. In commission in reserve are the battleships Alabama and the Maine; the armored cruisers San Diego, West Virginia and South Dakota; the cruisers Brooklyn, Charleston, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Chicago, Albany, Marblehead, Montgomery and Salem. Destroyers, monitors and gunboats are also in this class.

Out of commission temporarily are the battleships Indiana, Iowa and Massachusetts and several cruisers, destroyers and gunboats.

In a recent letter from Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy, to President Garfield of Williams' college, in regard to the progress of the navy in recent years, Mr. Daniels stated the following in part:

"Under the direction of Admiral Fletcher, upon plans evolved at the Naval War college and approved by the department, the fleet has been busied in tactics to try out its efficiency and readiness. All reports tell of the enthusiasm of officers and men in this practice and the splendid record made by the ships.

"Strenuous Practice."

"The spring practice followed close upon the heels of valuable maneuvers and tactics in October, November and December last. This was indeed strenuous practice, but it is the way the navy is kept fit and ready, and the new admiral in command of the fleet and the department planned such extensive evolutions because the only way that the navy can be always prepared is by practice, and practice, and then more practice.

"This simple statement of the operations of the fleet since October is one of the best answers I can give to your question as to the navy's preparedness. The necessity of keeping ships in Mexico last year denied Admiral Badger the opportunity for as long practice as he had wisely planned, but the sudden call for the expedition to Vera Cruz demanded and exacted unusual service, to which the fleet responded with an alacrity and readiness which amply justify the faith of the country that there exists today no more efficient institution than the United States navy.

"Some critics have said the efficiency of the fleet was reduced by reason of going to Vera Cruz. To our regret, certain maneuvers and target

practice of value were necessarily omitted. The emergency experience, however, of a year of stress and strain was of far greater value in one important respect than the well planned routine, because it gave a demonstration of the readiness of the navy in every department, afloat and ashore, to meet an urgent call.

Its Flexibility.

"Its flexibility was shown in adjusting itself to entirely new and unexpected situations, as well as its remarkable adaptability in handling every problem presented to it.

"It must be conceded by all that the best school and preparation for war is war itself, and it was almost under this condition that our fleet acted in proceeding almost in a day to Mexican waters. The stay at Vera Cruz, however, did not prevent practice, for the ships, individually or in divisions, during a great part of the time held tactical maneuvers, torpedo proving practice and submergence drills in preparation for the target practice.

"For many years officers have written and talked about the formation of advance base material and the practice of exercising landing parties of seamen and marines in the use of this important adjunct to naval warfare. Congress appropriated money for this important plan of campaign, but never until January of last year was the navy thus exercised.

"There has been plenty of talk, but not until January of last year was it undertaken. Then, under instructions from the department Admiral Badger carried out a comprehensive exercise in which the professional advantages gained by officers and men were inestimable.

"Three months after this extensive practice had been given for the first time in our navy the same fleet and the same men were called upon to land at Vera Cruz, and in the taking of that city the navy carried out under fire what had been learned at Culebra.

"\$70,000,000 For the Navy.

"During the first two years of the Wilson administration upon my recommendation congress authorized the construction of five Dreadnoughts, to cost about \$14,000,000 each. Stated in dollars, the Wilson administration in its first two years authorized \$70,000,000 to be spent on the chief fighting force of the navy.

"As to the submarines, these wonderful agencies of war have astonished the world in the present European conflict. The Sixty-third congress ordered the construction of three sea-going submarines, the largest ever authorized by any country, and twenty-three submarines of the same size and type which have done such fearful execution in the present war. These submarines will cost \$16,260,000.

"Some of our submarines are not as perfect as they should be, nor are the submarines of any other nation. Under this administration, however, the board of inspectors has adopted stricter tests before accepting submarines from contractors. Nobody has as yet perfected a satisfactory engine or satisfactory battery for submarines.

"Upon my invitation Mr. Edison last year at the New York yard went down into a submarine and closely studied its every feature. He thinks he has a battery that will meet the need. Our tests at the Brooklyn yard cause us to believe Mr. Edison has the right principle. Without waiting for the completion of his battery he has been given an order for two—one to be put into an old submarine, accepted before March 4, 1912, whose battery does not give satisfaction, and one for a new submarine which I have ordered built in the Portsmouth (N. H.) navy yard.

Government to Build Submarines.

"Private firms building submarines have not given entire satisfaction. We have equipped the Portsmouth navy yard to build submarines, and in competition between private and government construction it is hoped that every obstacle may be overcome.

"As to torpedoes, a statement has been put in circulation that the navy is not making adequate provision to supply itself with torpedoes. The only answer I can make is to state the fact that we either have on hand or have placed orders for all the torpedoes the general board prescribes.

"As to mines and mining, during the last two years unprecedented progress has been made in the expansion of our mining equipment. This was begun and was well under way before the last congress met. The navy is not, as many suppose, charged with the mining of our harbors. That is a function of the army. The extent of the mining operations of the navy is confined to the immediate vicinity of the fleets and such mining as may be necessary on the high seas. The department has begun the manufacture of mines and in a short time will have thirty-one mines for every mine it had two years ago.

The New Fourteen Inch Gun.

"As to guns, the bureau of ordnance has developed a fourteen inch gun that will shoot farther, shoot straighter and hit harder than any gun now in use or known to be designed by a foreign country.

"As to powder, congress increased the capacity of the navy powder factory at Indian Head. When the extension now under way is completed the capacity will be nearly doubled.

"As to radio, radio has at last been successfully installed on submarines, and more than seventy-five other ships which either had no radio or whose equipment was obsolete have been supplied with modern equipment.

"Three entirely new shore stations have been added to the chain—Baiba, canal zone; Great Lakes, Illinois; and Tutulla, Samoa.

"As to air craft, the European war has emphasized the value of air craft. The navy has lagged behind in this instrument of war. Last year I appointed a board of aviation. It recommended the utilization of the abandoned navy yard at Pensacola as a training and repair station for avi-

ation and an aviation bureau in the department. This has been done. Upon my earnest recommendation congress appropriated a million dollars to begin, upon an elaborate plan, the real development of aviation in the navy.

Capable Aviators.

"It also approved my request to pay aviators an increase of 50 per cent, and we are organizing a class of capable aviators. To make immediately effective this feature three new hydroaeroplanes have just been purchased, which is but the beginning of the work of aviation, now well advanced along the lines of a well considered plan.

"As to savings effected, all this unprecedented increase in the navy has been secured, too, without large increase in appropriations. How? By avoiding unnecessary expenditure ashore, by reducing the cost of work ashore, while maintaining its quality and reducing appropriations for enlargement of shore stations, by securing real competition and by economy.

"But of what worth is a ship without well trained men? It is a pleasure to tell you that for the first time in years the enlistment is up to the limit prescribed by law, and part of the year we have had a waiting list."

A VERY VICIOUS DELUSION.

(Dr. W. O. Stillman in National Humane Review.)

Ninety-nine persons out of a hundred, when they have been bitten by a dog, entertain the liveliest anticipation that they are bound to die from hydrophobia. Probably not one dog bite in twenty thousand is liable to cause hydrophobia. Only three or four deaths in a million, in the human race, are credited to this dread disease, and probably three out of the four are due to fright rather than to genuine hydrophobia. We are moved to this reflection by a newspaper clipping describing the death of a man in Syracuse. He did not have hydrophobia. The dog which bit him was shown not to have rabies, but practical jokes played upon him caused a condition of autohypnosis which resulted in his death.

The editor of this magazine has been actively practicing medicine for nearly forty years. For nearly twenty years, as president of a large local humane society, he has had charge of public dog kennels which have received many thousands of dogs. In spite of a constant lookout for hydrophobia and rabies, he has never seen a case. Dr. Charles W. Dulles, formerly lecturer on the History of Medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, about a year ago delivered an interesting lecture on hydrophobia, in which he calls attention to the extreme rarity of this disease and the many abuses which have grown out of unnecessary alarms over its possible existence.

The point of this discussion lies in the fact that the public has been systematically terrorized by rabies literature let loose by departments of agriculture, and by sensational newspaper alarms. These have resulted in many imaginary cases of hydrophobia and an immense amount of wholly unnecessary suffering. Why not try to exercise a little common sense in regard to this enormously exaggerated danger?

Her Age.

Howard—How old can Miss Jones be? Victor—Old enough to call college men "college boys."—Judge.

THE COAST LINE TO MACKINAC
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A LAKE TRIP FOR REST AND RECREATION.
Have a real vacation on the Great Lakes, the most enjoyable and economical outing in America. The cool lake breezes, the ever-changing scenes along the shore and the luxurious steamers operated by this Company are positive guarantees that you will enjoy every minute of the trip, and return home refreshed and glad you went.

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Daily service between Detroit and Cleveland and Detroit and Buffalo. From June 10th to September 10th Steamers City of Detroit and City of Cleveland III, the "Two Cities" of the Great Lakes, operate daily service on the Buffalo Division; you can't afford to miss the pleasure of a ride on these floating palaces. **FOUR TRIPS WEEKLY** from Toledo and Detroit to Mackinac Island and by Port Huron, Mackinac Island, the historic Summer Resort of the North Country, is becoming more popular every season with the Tourists seeking quietness and repose. Excellent Hotel and Boarding House accommodations at reasonable rates. **TWO TRIPS WEEKLY** by SPECIAL STEAMERS Cleveland and Mackinac, also no stops enroute except at Detroit and Alpena. **DELIGHTFUL DAY TRIPS** between Detroit and Cleveland, during July and August four trips weekly. **DAILY SERVICE** June 14th to September 10th between Toledo and Put-in-Bay. **ROAD TICKETS AVAILABLE FOR TRANSPORTATION** on D. & C. Line Steamers between Detroit and Buffalo or Detroit and Cleveland either direction. Send two-cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet and Great Lakes Map. Address L. G. Lewis, City of Detroit, Mich. Set of poster stamps mailed for five cents. G. Philip H. McMillin, Pres. A. A. Schantz, Vice Pres. & Genl. Mgr. **DETROIT & CLEVELAND NAVIGATION COMPANY** All steamers arrive and depart, Third Avenue Wharf, Detroit.

SUCCESSFUL NEGRO FARMERS

It may not be very widely known that in Calvin township, Cass county, in southern Michigan, is a colony of very successful Negro farmers, the first settlers having located there long before the Civil war abolished Negro slavery in this country. Michigan was at that time still for the most part a vast forest. The colored people were fortunate in getting possession of thousands of acres of the hardwood timber land which abounded in the locality. For years they had some thing like a monopoly of the hard fire wood markets in the cities surrounding the colony, farming the cleared-up land during the summer, and hauling wood and sawlogs to market during the winter.

The timber has now about all disappeared, however, and one sees everywhere fine, up-to-date dwellings—either brick or frame—while no better barns can be found anywhere, being in most cases large and commodious enough to house all the grain and hay grown, besides all the stock. A thrifty appearance is evident on all sides and to one not acquainted with the facts it is hard to believe the inhabitants originated beneath African skies.

The writer recently made several trips through this Negro section and has learned that any white man who comes into contact with the colored people there, is always treated with marked hospitality and respect. They are not adverse to discuss the latest and best methods of farm practice, being readers of the farm journals, even outshining many of their white neighbors in skill as farmers. Formerly general farming was the rule, but of late years this has given way largely to dairying. It is a common sight to see numbers of milk wagons, many in charge of the wife or oldest daughter, going to the creamery loaded with milk or cream. Silos are numerous, and in the pasture fields may be seen fine herds of cattle. The automobile is also greatly in evidence in the colony, and we have repeatedly met entire families on their way to Edwardsburg or Cassopolis to do their trading.

Aside from an agricultural point of view, this settlement is also interesting from a historical standpoint. The first settlers were slaves on the plantation of Henry Clay, the renowned Kentucky statesman. Clay, believing that the Negro, if thrown on his own resources, could be made to take care of himself, liberated his slaves, and bought lands in Ohio where he took them and set them up in farming. But homesickness for their old master caused them to sell their stock and other property, and walk back to Kentucky. Clay then sold the Ohio lands and purchased a tract in Calvin township, Cass county, Michigan, where he took them, and where they and their children have since remained.—Daniel Leatherman in Michigan Farmer.

PAST SORROWS.

Feeble natures live in their sorrows instead of converting those sorrows into apotheosis of experience. They are saturated with them, and they consume themselves by singing back each day into the misfortunes of the past. To forget is the great secret of strong and creative existence—to forget after the manner of nature, which knows no past and begins again every hour the mysteries of her indefatigable productiveness.—Balzac.

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PEG O' MY HEART

By J. Hartley Manners

A Comedy of Youth Founded by Mr. Manners on His Great Play of the Same Title—Illustrations From Photographs of the Play

Copyright, 1913, by Dodd, Mead & Company

The morning after the incident following Peg's disobedience in going to the dance and her subsequent rebellion and declaration of independence found all the inmates of Regal Villa in a most unsettled condition.

Mrs. Chichester and Alaric opened a discussion as to the latter's business career.

"Oh, Alaric! There is a way—one way that would save us," said the mother after Alaric suggested going to Canada.

"Is there, mother? What is it?" "It rests with you, dear."

"Does it? Very good. I'll do it to save you and Ethel and the roof; course I will. Let me hear it."

"Alaric?" she asked in a tone that suggested their fate hung on his answer.

"Like whom?" "Margaret. Do you?"

"Here and there. She amuses me like anything at times. She drew a map of Europe once that I think was the most fearful and wonderful thing I have ever seen."

"Oh, if you only could!" she sobbed. "Could? What?"

"Take that little wayward child into your life and mold her."

"Here, one moment, mother; let me get the full force of your idea. You want me to mold Margaret?"

"Yes, dear."

"That!" he laughed uneasily, then said decidedly: "No, mother, no. I can do most things, but as a mother—oh, no! Let Ethel do it—if she'll stay, that is."

"Alaric, my dear, I mean to take her really into your life—to have and to hold."

"But I don't want to hold her, mother!" reasoned her son.

"It would be the saving of us all!" she insisted significantly.

"But Alaric was still obtuse. 'Now, how would my holding and molding Margaret save us?'"

"The old lady placed her cards deliberately on the table as she said sententially:

"She would stay with us here—if you were engaged to her."

"The shock had come. His mother's terrible alternative was now before him in all its naked horror.

"Alaric suddenly grew depressed. 'Shocking temper, mother!' and he shook his head despondently.

"The woman who loves always obeys!" cried his mother.

"Ah, there we have it!" And Alaric sprang up and faced the old lady.

"There we have it! Does she love me?" Mrs. Chichester looked fondly at her only son and answered:

"How could she be near you for the inst. month and not love you?"

Alaric nodded.

"Of course there is that. Now, let me see—just get a solid grip on the whole thing. If she loves me and taking all things into consideration—for your sake and darling Ethel's—and for my—that is—"

As mother and son walked slowly toward the house, they looked up, and gazing through a tiny casement of the little mauve room was Peg, her face white and drawn.

Peg decided to take a walk in the garden. As she reached the foot of the stairs Alaric came in quickly through the windows.

"Hello, Margaret!" he cried cheerfully, though his heart was beating nervously at the thought of what he was about to do, and across his features there was a sickly pallor.

"Peg held up a book for him to see. 'The only thing I'm takin' away that I didn't bring with me.'"

"A book, eh?" "That's what it is—a book," and she began to go upstairs.

"Taking it away?" he called up to her.

"That's what I'm doin'," and she still went on up two more steps.

"You're not really going away—course!" he gasped.

"I am," replied Peg.

"Just a moment," he cried, stopping her just by an oriel window. She paused in the center of the glow that radiated from his panes.

"What is it?" she asked impatiently. She wanted to go back to her room and make her final preparations.

Alaric looked at her with what he meant to be adoration in his eyes.

"Do you know I've grown really awfully fond of you?" His voice quivered and broke. He had reached one of the crises of his life.

"No, I didn't know it. When did ye find it out?"

"Just now—down in that room—when the thought flashed through me that perhaps you really meant to leave us. It went all through me. 'You honor it did. The idea positively hurt me—really hurt me.'"

"Did it, now?" laughed Peg. "Sure am I'm glad of it."

"Glad? Glad?" he asked in astonishment.

"I am. I didn't think anything could hurt ye unless it disturbed yer comfort. An' I don't see how my goin' will do that."

"Oh, but it will," persisted Alaric. "Really it will."

"Sure now?" Peg was growing really curious. What was this odd little fellow trying to tell her?

Alaric felt that the moment had now really come.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Alaric, Peg and Mr. Hawkes. "COUSIN," said Alaric to Peg, and his voice dropped to the ear-ringing note of a wooer.

"Cousin, do you know, I am going to do something now I've never done before?"

He paused to let the full force of what was to come have its real value.

"What is it, Alaric?" Peg asked, all unconscious of the drama that was taking place in her cousin's heart.

"Sure, what is it? Ye're not goin' to do something' useful, are ye?"

He braced himself and went on: "I am going to marry a very charming young lady to assist me. Eh?"

"Are ye?" "I am."

"What do ye think o' that, now?" "And—who-do-you-think-it-is?"

He waited, wondering if she would guess correctly. It would be so helpful if only she could.

But she was so unexpected. "I couldn't guess it in a hundred years, Alaric—nearly I couldn't."

"Oh, try! Do try!" he urged.

"I couldn't think who'd marry you—indeed I couldn't. Maybe the poor girl's blind. Is that it?"

"Can't you guess? No? Really?" "No, I'm tellin' ye. Who is it?"

"You!"

Then she leaned back against the banister and laughed loud and unrestrainedly. She laughed until the tears came coursing down her cheeks.

Alaric was at first nonplussed. He gazed at the situation in its full significance. It was just a touch of hysteria. He joined her and laughed hysterically as well.

"Ah!" he cried between laughs. "That's a splendid sign. Splendid! I've always been told that girls cry when they're proposed to."

"Sure, that's what I'm doin'," gasped Peg. "I'm cryin'—laughin'. Sure, I think I'd rather have Michael, my terrier—if you don't mind."

He started forward. "Oh, come, I say! You don't mean that. Think—just for one moment—of the advantages!"

"If ye don't mind," replied Peg meekly, "I'd rather have Michael, my terrier."

"To her minament—the gloom lifted from her cousin's countenance. 'He took a deep breath, looked at her in genuine relief and cried out heartily: 'I say! You're a beauty! It's really awfully good of you. Some girls in your position would have jumped at me

—positively jumped! But you—why, you're a genuine little ball marked A1 brick! I'm extremely obliged to you."

He took her little hand and shook it warmly.

"You're a plucky little girl, that's what you are—a plucky—little—girl. I'll never forget it—never. If there is anything I can do—at any time—anywhere—call on me. I'll be there—right on the spot."

"Bless you, cousin. You've taken an awful load off my mind. I was really worried. I had to ask you. Promised to. See you before you go!"

On the 30th day of June Mr. Montgomery Hawkes glanced at his appointments for the following day and found the entry: "Mrs. Chichester, Scarborough—in re Margaret O'Connell."

He accordingly sent a telegram to Mrs. Chichester, acquainting her with the pleasant news that she might expect that distinguished lawyer on July 1 to render an account of her stewardship of the Irish agitator's child.

He was shown into the music room and was admiring a genuine Greuze when Mrs. Chichester came in.

She greeted him tranquilly and motioned him to a seat beside her.

"Well?" she smiled cheerfully. "And how is our little protegee?"

"Sit down," replied Mrs. Chichester soberly.

"Thank you."

He sat beside her, waited a moment, then, with some sense of misgiving, asked, "Everything going well, I hope?"

"Far from it," And Mrs. Chichester shook her head sadly. "She wants to leave us today. She has ordered a cab. She is packing now."

"Dear, dear!" ejaculated the bewildered solicitor. "Where is she going?"

"Back to her father."

"To a perfectly ridiculous?"

"But don't be uneasy," he replied easily; "she will stay. May I see her?"

Mrs. Chichester rose, crossed over to the bell and rang it.

"There is one thing you must know, Mr. Hawkes. My son is in love with her," she said, as though in a burst of confidence.

"What? Your son?"

"Yes," she sighed. "Of course she is hardly a suitable match for Alaric—as yet. But by the time she is of age—"

Hawkes was moving restlessly about the room. He stopped in front of Mrs. Chichester as Jarvis disappeared to notify Peg.

"I am afraid, madam, that such a marriage would be out of the question. As one of the executors of the late Mr. Kingsnorth's will, in my opinion, it would be defeating the object of the dead man's legacy."

Mrs. Chichester retorted heatedly: "He deserves her to be trained. What training is better than marriage?"

"Almost any," replied Mr. Hawkes.

"Marriage should be the union of two formed characters. Marriage between the young is one of my pet objections. It is a condition of life essentially for those who have reached maturity in nature and in character. I am preparing a paper on it for the Croydon Ethical society and"—

Whatever else Mr. Hawkes might have said in continuation of another of his pet subjects was cut abruptly short by the appearance of Peg. She was still dressed in one of Mrs. Chichester's gowns. She had not had an opportunity to change into her little traveling suit.

"Well, well! What an improvement!" he said.

"I'm glad you've come, Mr. Hawkes."

"Why, you're a young lady!" cried the astonished solicitor.

"Am I? Ask me what about that!" replied Peg somewhat bitterly.

"Now, my dear Miss Margaret O'Connell," began the lawyer.

"Will ye let me have £20?" suddenly asked Peg.

"Certainly. Now?" and he took out his pocketbook.

"This munit," replied Peg positively.

"With pleasure," said Mr. Hawkes as he began to count the banknotes.

"And I want ye to get a passage on (the first ship to America, this afternoon if there's one!" cried Peg earnestly.

"Oh, come, come," remonstrated the lawyer.

"The £20 I want to buy something for me father—I just to remember England by. If ye think me uncle wouldn't like me to have it because I'm leavin', why, then me father'll pay ye back. It may take him a long time, but he'll pay it."

"Now, listen!" interrupted Mr. Hawkes.

"Maybe it'll only be a few dollars a week, but father always pays his debts—in time. That's all he ever needs—time."

"What's all this nonsense about going away?"

"It isn't nonsense. I'm goin' to me father," answered Peg resolutely.

Hawkes hunted through his mind for the cause of this upheaval in the Chichester home. He remembered Mrs. Chichester's statement about Alaric's affection for his young cousin. Could the trouble have arisen from that? It gave him a clew to work on. He grasped it.

"Answer me one question truthfully, Miss O'Connell. Is there an affair of the heart?"

Peg looked down on the ground mournfully and replied:

"Me heart is in New York—with me father."

"Has any one made love to you since you have been here?"

Peg looked up at him sadly and shook her head. A moment later a mischievous look came into her eyes, and she said, with a regular laugh:

"Sure one man wanted to kiss me, an' I boxed his ears, an' another—almost man—asked me to marry him."

"Oh!" ejaculated the lawyer.

"Me Cousin Alaric."

"And what did you say?" questioned Hawkes.

"I told him I'd rather have Michael."

He looked at her in open bewilderment and repeated:

"Michael?"

"Me dog," explained Peg, and her eyes danced with merriment.

Hawkes laughed heartily and relievedly.

As Hawkes looked at her, radiant in her springlike beauty, her clear, healthy complexion, her dazzling teeth, her red-gold hair, he felt a sudden thrill go through him. His life had been so full, so concentrated on the development of his career, that he had never permitted the feminine note to obtrude itself on his life. His effort had been rewarded by an unusually large circle of influential clients who



"Will ye let me have £20?" she inquired.

yielded him an exceedingly handsome mortgage. He had heard whispers of a real-estate. His public future was assured.

But his private life was arid. The handsome villa in Pelham crescent had to one to grace the head of the table, save on the occasional visits of his aged mother or the still rarer ones of a married sister.

And here was he in the full prime of life.

Yielding to some uncontrollable impulse, he took her little hand in both of his own.

Hawkes was not to be denied now. He went on in his softest and most persuasive accents:

"I know one who would give you all these—a man who has reached the years of discretion, one in whom the follies of youth have merged into the knowledge and reserve of early middle age; a man of position and of means; a man who can protect you, care for you, admire you—and be proud to marry you."

"Miss O'Connell—may I say Margaret?—I was your uncle's adviser, his warm personal friend. We spoke freely of you for many weeks before he died. It was his desire to do something for you that would change your whole life and make it full and happy and contented. Were your uncle alive, I know of nothing that would give you greater pleasure than for his old friend to take you, your young life, into his care. Miss O'Connell, I am the man!"

"Stop it!" she cried. "What's the matter with you men this mornin'! Ye'd think I was some great lady the way ye're all offerin' me yer hands an' yer names an' yer influences an' yer dignities. Stop it! Give me that money an' let me go."

Hawkes paused.

"Don't give your answer too hastily. I know it must seem abrupt—one might almost say brutal. But I am alone in the world; you are alone. Neither of us has contracted a regard for any one else. And, in addition to that, there would be no occasion to marry until you are twenty-one. There!"

Peg suddenly burst into a paroxysm of laughter.

"Am I to consider that a refusal?"

"Ye may. What would I be doin' marryin' the likes of you? Answer me that?"

"That is final?" he queried.

"Absolutely, completely an' entirely final. Thank ye very much, sir," she added. "An' may I have the £20."

"Certainly. Here it is." And he handed her the money.

(Continued next week.)

The News \$1.00 Per Year.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE. RICHARDS State of Michigan. The Probate Court for the County of Ingham.

In the Matter of the Estate of MARTHA W. RICHARDS, Deceased.

Having been appointed commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, we do hereby give notice that four months from the 30th day of June, A. D. 1915, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment, and that we will meet at the residence of W. C. Keene in the Village of Danville in said county, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1915, and on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days for the purpose of examining and adjusting said claims.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1915.

L. W. MOE, W. C. KEENE, Commissioners.

Report of the condition of the First State & Savings Bank

At Mason, Michigan, at the close of business June 30, 1915, called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

Table with columns for RESOURCES, LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Commercial Department, Savings Department, and Surplus fund.

Report of the condition of FARMERS' BANK

at Mason, Michigan, at the close of business June 30, 1915, called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

Table with columns for RESOURCES, LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Commercial Department, Savings Department, and Surplus fund.

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ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Ingham, in Chancery.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ingham, in Chancery, at the court room in this City of Lansing on the 11th day of June, 1915.

Hubert A. Faulkner, Complainant.

Flora J. Faulkner, Defendant.

In this cause it appearing by affidavit on file, that defendant, Flora J. Faulkner, has left her last known place of residence, Piper City, Illinois, and cannot be ascertained in what state or country she resides. On motion of George R. Heck, Solicitor for Complainant, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendant, Flora J. Faulkner, be entered in this cause within five (5) months of the date of this order; and that in case of her appearance she shall answer to the bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof served upon the solicitor for the complainant within fifteen days after service on her. Her solicitor of a copy of the said bill, and in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendant, Flora J. Faulkner. And it is further ordered, that said complainant cause this order to be published in the Ingham County News, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county within twenty days from the date of this order and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession; or that the said complainant cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said defendant, Hubert A. Faulkner, at least twenty days before the time prescribed for her appearance.

HOWARD WIESE, Circuit Judge.

Examined, countersigned and entered by me: GEORGE R. HECK, Clerk, Register.

Solicitor for Complainant, 210 S. Washington Ave., Lansing, Michigan. 21w7

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Ingham, in Chancery.

Mattie A. Kinne, Complainant.

Warren A. Kinne, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ingham, State of Michigan, in Chancery, at Lansing, Michigan, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1915.

It satisfactorily appearing to the Court from affidavit on file in this cause, that Warren A. Kinne, the above named defendant, is not a resident of this state, but residing in the County of Virginia, on motion of W. F. Cairns, Solicitor for Complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant enter his appearance in this cause within four months from the date of this order, and that a copy of this order be published in the Ingham County News, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in the County of Ingham, State of Michigan, as required by statute.

CHARLES B. COLLINGSWOOD, Clerk, Register.

W. F. CAIRNS, Solicitor for Complainant, Business Address, Lansing, Michigan. 23w7

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated April 19, A. D. 1910, made and executed by Ord Anlyny and Nora M. Anlyny, husband and wife, of said township, county of Ingham, state of Michigan, parties of the first part, to Robert H. Wilson and Emeline D. Wilson, husband and wife, of the same place, parties of the second part; and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ingham county, Michigan, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1910, in Liber 118 of mortgages, on page 66, on which mortgage, there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred and fifty-eight (\$458.00) dollars, and an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, stipulated for in said mortgage; and no proceedings at law or in chancery having been instituted to recover said amount or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute of the state of Michigan, in such case made and provided:

Notice is hereby given that the second day of September, A. D. 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house in the City of Mason, in the county of Ingham, Michigan, at the county of the places where the circuit court for said county is held, I shall foreclose said mortgage, by a sale of the premises described therein, at public auction to the highest bidder, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, together with all legal costs, and the attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, stipulated for in said mortgage, which said premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as: all that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the township of Delhi, in the county of Ingham and State of Michigan, and described as follows: to wit: Commencing at the quarter post on the north side of section thirty (30), thence west forty-eight and one-half (48 1/2) rods, thence north nineteen and one-half (19 1/2) rods, thence east forty

DANSVILLE NEWS.

Mrs. M. Farnham returned Saturday from a 10 days' visit at Leslie.

Lewis Wolverson is visiting relatives at Williamston.

A. C. Clark and Ed Petty and wives of Lansing spent Sunday at W. W. Raymond's.

Lesel Ingells of Stockbridge spent Sunday with his parents in this village.

Fourth of July, that is the third and fifth, the days celebrated by neighboring villages and cities, was a quiet affair here. A large number were in Mason Saturday and quite a few were in Williamston and Webberville Monday and some went to Pleasant lake.

Geo. Mitchell and family have gone to Gregory, where they will remain until the last of August. Mrs. Mitchell will look after the household of Arthur Mitchell, who recently lost his wife.

The mail being carried by automobile between here and Mason, and rates reasonable, makes it very convenient for the traveling public.

Luke Aseltine of Froy visited at M. J. Corwin's last Saturday.

The annual school meeting will be held at the school house next Monday evening, July 12, at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is desired and requested.

J. C. Marshall's horse that was hitched in front of the hardware, became frightened, broke loose and ran away last Friday afternoon. The animal ran around one square and was stopped near the residence of W. C. Sly by Mr. Sly. The damage was slight.

Mrs. C. L. Miller has returned from the hospital at Mason and is much better.

Mrs. Willis Dwight went to Jackson the latter part of last week with the expectations of remaining a few days, but was called back Saturday as her services were wanted to nurse in the family of Edgar Mead.

Pritchard's company of select players commenced a three nights engagement Tuesday evening, July 6, and closing Thursday evening, July 8, at this place.

Mrs. Charles Godley of White Oak passed away Thursday, July 1, after a brief illness. Funeral services were held Sunday at the home and the remains laid at rest in the cemetery in this village.

Miss Nellie Bush has returned from White Oak, where she has been nursing for some time.

Arthur Curtis is building a new house. F. D. VanVorse is doing the work.

W. C. Sly has purchased a Shetland pony and a buggy suitable for his little son.

"Dutch" Henning left bag and baggage for Mason last week.

The office here bought and presented to Geo. Turnbull a box of choice cigars as a farewell token of their regard for him.

Mrs. C. R. Simons is visiting her daughter, Mrs. B. C. Raymond, at St. Johns.

John Eaton of Mecosta county visited at Mrs. George Jessop's the most of last week.

One of C. W. Spangler's horses took first and the other one third in the races at Mason last Saturday.

Mrs. C. H. Head is spending a couple of weeks at Pleasant lake.

Harvey Sutton, now of Nebraska, the last of the Sutton family that were residents here years ago, was in town last week reviewing old acquaintances, and also looking up the burial places of his three brothers, who were located at the Reeves cemetery.

D. C. Avery and wife of Detroit have been spending a few days in town.

Miss Anna Fox returned here the later part of last week for a few days before returning to her home at Shelby. She will teach next year at Toledo, Ohio.

Frank Everett and wife of Lansing, A. W. Ellsworth and wife and Mrs. Estelle Gilbert of Battle Creek spent Monday at C. B. Gilbert's.

Our ball team got defeated at Webberville Monday 9 to 3.

Mrs. F. B. Griggs is spending a few days at Haslett.

W. C. Keene is superintending the work on Geo. White's house.

Geo. Ford, wife and daughter of Grand Rapids spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday at Jas. Hayhoe's.

C. A. Wemple and wife were in Howell last Saturday to celebrate.

Mrs. Ada Hunt has been spending a few days at D. D. Briggs'.

Stanley Baker, Clarence Hewes, Chas. Hanna, Misses Bernice, Flor-

ence and Zella Whipple motored over to Flint Saturday, returning Sunday night, to celebrate.

Miss Olive Cook has been a guest at Dr. Lemon's the past few days. Mrs. Gilbert Rossetter and son of Flint are visiting at this place and vicinity. Mr. Rossetter comes later.

The L. A. S. of the Baptist church met with Lena Strong Monday afternoon.

Dr. and Mrs. C. L. Randall entertained Mr. and Mrs. Levi Parks last week Wednesday.

The Misses Gladys and Ione Milner are visiting friends near Stockbridge.

R. P. Ferguson and wife of Detroit visited at P. Ferguson's the first of the week.

C. W. Browne and son Paul of Mason were in town Tuesday.

Frank Osborne and family, Arthur Hodgell and family and Mrs. Wirt Milner and daughters spent the Fourth at J. H. Bashford's at Mason.

W. W. Almond and wife motored to Alba, Antrim county, to visit the family of Frank Collard the first of the week.

Mrs. Henry Walker and children visited her daughter Mrs. Carl Perkins at Williamston last Friday.

The piano player for the Pritchard show that is filling an engagement at this place for three nights, and perhaps the balance of the week, was instantly killed at Webberville Tuesday morning. The auto in which he was riding was struck by the fast train. The driver of the auto was also badly hurt but the rest of the occupants of the auto escaped. They were on their way to this place.

Elmer Thompson of California arrived Tuesday evening for a visit with his mother and brother and other relatives.

Miss Ruth Avery of Ann Arbor is visiting relatives at this place and vicinity.

Mrs. C. B. Gilbert returned with her daughters to Battle Creek for a few days visit.

Miss Mattie Spangler is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Green, at Stockbridge.

O. P. Brotherton returned Tuesday from his visit in different parts of the state.

Wanted Now.

Right now, when hay fever is attacking its victims and when asthma is causing so much distress, there is a demand for Foley's Honey and Tar Compound—the remedy that brought relief to thousands in previous years. Don't continue to suffer. It will help you. Contains no opiates. For sale by L. H. Harrison and Longyear Bros.—Adv.

GROVENBURG.

Cortez Swift has had the Bell telephone installed.

Howard, Guy and Henry North and families attended the North reunion at H. Higgin's, Monday, July 5.

A. Tooker, O. Thompson, R. H. Wilson and their respective families motored to Grand Ledge, Sunday.

Arthur Buck from near Lansing visited his parents over the 4th.

Louise Millerille has been spending a few days with Mrs. Martha Sitts of Mason.

There is going to be an ice cream social at the church basement Friday evening.

There was a bee at the cemetery Wednesday afternoon to clean up the weeds.

The majority of people around here celebrated the Fourth at Mason.

WILLING TO WORK CHEAP!

James Ward, farmer, who lives near Warden, O., was presented the other day by a farm hand, who had worked for him a year, with a list of things the farm hand thought the boss should put up for him to retain his services for another year. Here they are: House, rent free; garden for truck; eight loads of manure; six hundred eggs to set; half of young chickens raised; half of eggs produced; half of milk from eight good cows; half of butter from eight good cows; 100 pounds of flour per month; twenty bushels of apples; forty-eight gallons of cider; apples for apple-butter; seven tons of coal, three of this fall's pigs or four spring pigs to be fed and fattened free; one-third of the calves when old enough to veal and twenty dollars a month salary. That's all!

The reindeer industry began in Alaska in 1892, when the Bureau of Education imported from Siberia 171 reindeer. The object of the importation, according to the bulletin, was to furnish a source of supply for food and clothing for the Eskimos in the vicinity of Bering Strait.

WAR IS DEPLETING OUR STOCK OF FINE HORSES.

Just what the United States Government and the horse-breeding interests of this country are going to do to prevent a probable serious shortage in horses is a problem which is receiving no little attention among horsemen at this time. The question of the government, as well as that of the individual breeder, because the horse is an important factor in war and in those preparations which are viewed by many as the surest preventive of war, writes Alfred Stoddart in the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

It is estimated that horses now are being purchased in America and shipped abroad by the several warring European governments to the number of 35,000 a month, and while the supply does not seem to be nearing exhaustion as yet, it is certain that horses of certain types are becoming scarce. These are, of course, the most desirable types for cavalry and artillery purposes.

The serious phase of the situation is, that should this government be plunged into sudden hostilities with any foreign power, it would have great difficulty at this time in procuring horses for military purposes, and those which it would be able to command would be of rather poor caliber.

In times of peace every government is more or less particular in regard to the type of horses which it employs for military purposes. When war first breaks out, in the case of a prolonged struggle, like the present European war, it departs somewhat from its high ideals, but still adheres to certain types. Modern warfare, however, is hard upon horseless. It is said that the average life of a cavalry horse after he reaches the field is not more than ten days. Is it any wonder, therefore, that the buyers of horses for the several European governments should lower their standards considerably?

Horses which in the earlier stages of the conflict would have been and probably were passed by without a moment's hesitation are now as promptly purchased for shipment abroad. The centers of our horse supply have been covered thoroughly by agents of the European governments or by subcontractors or dealers, who are purchasing with a view of selling to the European buyers.

United States Awakened.

The United States Government has, only within the last few years, awakened to the importance of establishing an adequate supply of horses for military purposes. As yet the plans which have been advanced by the War Department, cooperating with the Department of Agriculture, are only partly developed. At best such plans are scarcely calculated to maintain a supply equal to the needs of the government in time of peace, and the United States system is still in the experimental stage.

There are not lacking those who do not believe the government system to be a practical one. It consists of maintaining in different sections of the country stallions of several types for the use of breeders under certain conditions, chief of which is that the government shall have the privilege of buying the colts at certain fixed prices. Under this plan several thoroughbred stallions, a number of trotting stallions, as well as stallions for Morgan and saddle breeds, have been established at different points.

The chief difficulty with this plan would seem to lie in the uncertainty of getting the right kind of colts from thoroughbred stallions, which might or might not produce successful race horses. Then, too, the use of Morgan and saddle-bred horses, while a wise measure in so far as it appeals to the local preference and prejudices of breeders, does not tend to produce horses of anything like a uniform type. Indeed, it would be hard to say just what is the type which this government considers the most desirable for military purposes, although foreign governments almost invariably favor a large infusion of thoroughbred blood, or what we would term in sporting parlance, a halfbreed.

The present thriving trade in horses for war purposes is undoubtedly a profitable one for the dealers concerned, and possibly for the breeders as well, but it is necessary to consider the position of this country should we, by any chance, be drawn into any conflict which would necessitate the mobilizing of troops. This would mean the mounting of thousands of men, to say nothing of the inevitable demand for remounts.

Furthermore, to take a more hope-

"For Galls, We Want No Other"

"For sore breast and galls this does the business," wrote L. House, of Syracuse, N. Y. "In fact, we want nothing better than Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh." Mr. House is one of several thousands who have found out for themselves that this liniment is best of all for external ills of man or beast. When applied by a man to domestic animals, it works wonders. When applied to humans by the mother of the household, it heals like magic, whether the ailment be one of the everyday little cuts or bruises, or whether it be a "hard case."

"Always Keeps a Bottle Handy"



For Galls, Wire Cuts, Lameness, Strains, Bunches, Thrush, Old Sores, Nail Wounds, Foot Rot, Fistula, Bleeding, Pipe Sores, Etc.

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Conservatory Players, Opening Day

ful view of the situation, we must consider the certain demand of Europe for horses after the war is ended. Most of the staples of commerce, such as cotton, corn, wheat, etc., can be increased by one season's planting for the next. But it takes at least five years to produce a salable horse, and it takes many more years to establish the necessary breeding stock for the production of such horses. We must look far into the future if we are to maintain the horse industry upon an intelligent and profitable basis.

In the first place, it does not appear as yet that there will be any abatement in the demand for horses adapted for cavalry purposes. England in the first rush for suitable cavalry mounts found that the hunter was the ideal horse. Fox hunting in this country is an exotic as compared with England, but breeders of horses have found that the production of horses suitable for this sport is highly profitable.

There are several reasons for this. A first-class hunter will fetch a long price, and a moderate one is worth good money. But a horse of the hunter type possesses a certain value, even if he does not grow into a hunter at all. The modern hunter has plenty of bone and muscle, and this, together with the breeding which is so necessary to the hunter, is bound to make the animal valuable for some purpose. This is the type of animal which Uncle Sam would do well to adopt for cavalry purposes—the one to which he would undoubtedly turn should he be compelled to mount suddenly large bodies of cavalry.

It is the type which will be in demand for the European market for years to come should peace be restored. Ireland and other horse-breeding countries have been stripped of animals of the hunter stamp, and although they still retain a nucleus of breeding stock, it will not have been increased by the usual annual accession of mares and younger stallions, so that for some years it will be below the normal, while the demand will be far above that of former times.

In order to breed horses of the hunter type it is not sufficient to rely upon any thoroughbred stallion which has, perhaps, been a winner on the race track in his turf career. In those sections of the country in which hunters are successfully bred it will be found that little confidence is reposed in racing thoroughbreds for such purposes.

The sire of hunters must produce other qualities than speed alone. Bone and muscle, combined with courage, are essential, while extreme speed has no special value. Of late years it has been the fashion to produce hunters of abnormal size, and this makes the problem of breeding

even more difficult. It would not be hard, providing an abundance of forage is fed to them, to breed big chunks of colts from cold-blooded or draft stock. But it is hard to get 16 and 17 hand hunters with the conformation and courage which only the thoroughbred can impart to his offspring, because such proportions are abnormal in the thoroughbred.

It would be interesting, if it were possible, for us to learn at this time just how much the European governments' various elaborate plans for the remounting of their cavalry availed them in the present emergency. We know that they are all purchasing horses in great numbers in this country now. It is said that even Germany has its agents here buying horses, although no one is able to hazard a guess as to how she is able to transport them.

Germany, for instance, has expended enormous sums of money in her efforts to provide suitable mounts for her cavalry. In this respect, as in every other one which tended toward efficiency of her troops, she spared no effort or expense. It was in order to raise the standard of her horseflesh that the Prussian Government purchased from her present enemies Galtee More, winner of the Derby of 1897, paying \$66,640 for him, and Ard Patrick, the Derby winner of 1902, for \$100,000.

A Waiter in Parliament.

The old fashioned English waiter, particularly the club waiter, was often held in high esteem and admitted to terms of intimacy by those to whom he ministered. Often he was a sportsman, as in the case of the head waiter at Long's in the old days, to whom frequenters were accustomed to look for a sure tip. Of an earlier generation was Macreath, a waiter at White's, who used to act as banker to the young bloods who came there to gamble away their patrimony. On one occasion Macreath lent Lord Orford £4,000, and his lordship, not finding it convenient to make repayment in coin, got him elected a member of parliament instead.—London Graphic.

Accommodating.

Ho—if I was certain no one was looking I'd kiss you. She—I'll close my eyes.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Do Not Grip
We have a pleasant laxative that will do just what you want it to do.
Jexall's Orderlies
We sell thousands of them and we have never seen a better remedy for the bowels. Sold only by us, 10 cents.
Longyear Bros.

CONSIDER THE POWDER PUFF.

Verly the days of our most sacred institutions are numbered. All flesh is as grass, with the lawn mower coming over the hill. The latest cry is "Down with the powder puff!" Think of it, girls! You whose shing noses, under the protection of the powder puff, have been turned up in derision at wind and sun. You who have made surreptitious journeys under the automobile lap-robe or the overhanging table-cloth to the place of mystery where reposed the little first-aid to beauty. You who cling with a drowning grip to the little wad of down and powder with which you daintily cover your freckles and deny Time's determined efforts. What will you do when the dread law-maker takes away your powder puff, and forces you to appear unpowdered and unprotected before a gasping and unfeeling public? But, perhaps, it won't go that far! Braver men than mere law-makers have quailed before your powder and puff ball. The health commissioners, so far, are but demanding that you stick to your own puff, on the ground that "Neither borrower nor lender be, for loan oft loses both powder puff and your good complexion." But beware! The reformer is abroad and nothing is sacred under his devastating hand.

ENCOURAGE YOUR BOY.

In the current issue of Farm and Fireside a contributor advises parents in part as follows:

"Does the boy want to leave the farm? Well, whose fault is that?"

"Has he been useful? Has he ever been told that he is useful?"

"Has he an interest in the farming? Does he own any live stock? Does his father help the boy as cheerfully as he expects the boy to help him?"

"To be sure, when I was a boy I had to work hard and didn't expect any pay for it. I was expected to obey my parents. I was up in the morning to build the fires, and it was my frostbitten fingers that unlocked the barn door at daybreak."

"But that was a long time ago. In those days there wasn't a town every few miles with moving-pictures shows, street cars, and tempting jobs which pay real money. Things have changed."

KNOWLEDGE.

"Skill to do comes of doing; knowledge comes by eyes always open and working hands, and there is no knowledge that is not power.—Emerson."

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