GREAT

NEW

Arriving Daily

SLAYTON'S.

Two Doors South of Postoffice.

Ingham County Damocrat.

D. P. WHITMORE, MASON, MICHIGAN.

PRICES: One Year, \$1.50; Six months, 75 cents; Three months, 40 cents.

Business Directory.

ATTORNEYS. GEO, M. HUNTINGTON. H UNTINGTON & HENDERSON, Attortings and Counselors at Law. Office over First National Bank, Mason, Mich. 291

PHYSICIANS. S. H. CULVER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. DOCTOR A. B. CAMPBELL, Physician, Surgeon Office over H. M. William's drugstore, Mason. J. B. DODGE, M. D., Homepathist. Office in Dar row block. Residence corner A and Oak Sts.

A. LOCKE, M. D., Homeopathist. Office over Farmers' Bank. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.

UNDERTAKING. P. STROUD, Undertaker, first door west of the DEMOCRAT office, Mason, Mich.

DENTISTS. PR. MOFFETT, DENTIST. Office over Holmes & Co.'s store, Mason, Mich. Teeth extracted teeth without pain by the use of Vitalized Air. Artificial teeth without plates. All work warranted.

A P. VANDUSEN, DENTIST. Office in Darrow block, Mason, Mich. SURVEYING

A . P. DRAKE, Deputy County Surveyor, Mason, Mich. Drain work a specialty.

FINANCIAL.

M. DRESSER, Insurance, Loan and Collection Agont. All business promptly attended to. Of-fice in Farmers' Bank, Mason.

INSURANCE.

MARMERS MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMpany of Ingham county. Safest, cheapest, bost. For information write to O. F. Miller, secretary, Mason. Geo. W. Phelos, president, Okemos.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. A. BARNES, Justice of the Peace, Insurance and Collection Agent. Office up stairs, over Farmers'

REAL ESTATE AGENT TOHN DUNSBACK, Real Estate and Loan Agent Main street, south of postoffice, Mason.





•	T he Niagara Falls Route.
	SOUTHWARD.
	Leave Mason
	Arrive Kalamazoo
	Arrive Grand Rapids 3:00 p. m. 5:00 a. m
	Arrive Ann Arbor
	Leave Jackson
	Arrive Lansing
	Bay City
	M. J. MURRAY, Ticket Agent, Mason. O. W. Ruccles, Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agt, Chicago.

PATENTS

Obtained, and all other business in the U.S. Patent Office attended to for MODERATE FEES.
Our office is opposite the U.S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON.
Send MODRL or DRAWING. We advise as to patentability free of charge; and we make NO CHARGE UNLESS WE OBTAIN PATENT.
We refer here, to the Postmuster, the Supt. of Monoy Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own state or county, write to C. A. SNOW & CO., Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Read notice of E. S. Clark's auction.

Loren Sweet of Vevay, is shearing sheep

New spring goods are beginning to arrive Marcus Gregor's.

A son of G. W. Judson of Stockbridge, vas buried vesterday.

South Main street was a veritable trotting course yesterday afternoon.

It is a good time to talk up candidates for township and city officers.

If you want to raise black leghorns, see ocal notice in another column.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. A H. Osgood of the first ward, March 5.

An endless variety of whips, at remark ably low prices, at DuBois & Earle's. * Remember the M. E. donation to morrow

evening, for the benefit of Rev. DeLamarter. Brown Brothers have something to say to purchasers of shoes, in another column.

You are missing a good thing if you are not reading the Democrat's continued

E. Culver is erecting a tasty little house which he proposes to stock with high bred

Rev. L. Delamarter will discuss "The Liquor Trafic as an Enterprise," next Sunday evening.

"Is Prohibition Scriptural?" will be the subject of discussion at the Presbyterian

church next Sunday evening. If you want to buy or exchange a farm in this vicinity for a house and lot in Mason,

see notice in another column. For pumps-both wooden and iron-of every description, call on DuBois & Earle,

Maple street hardware dealers. Hon. M. V. Montgomery, who has resigned his position as commissioner of patents,

will return to Lansing about May 1. The Star drug store has put in a stock of Dennison's French tissue papers for flow-

ers, as will be seen by advertisement. Mrs. Levi Swan of Ingham, fell, on Satarday, breaking both bones of her right ore-nrm. Dr. Root reduced the fracture,

oridge Union Agricultural Society will be in three or four years. held at Stockbridge Oct. 4th, 5th. 6th, and 7th, 1887.

Rev. G. W. Tuthill of Leslie, will address a meeting at the court house in this city, on prohibitory amendment.

We receive subscriptions at this office for officiate as auctioneer. any newspaper or magazine published. Leave your subscription with us and avoid all trouble and annoyance.

he next circuit judge of this judicial disleast we hope he may be the next judge.

Take your paper rags and old metals to street. They want all they can get at fair

The G. A. R. boys will entertain the served. Full particulars are promised next Alice J. De Witt, at Cohoes, Albany county,

A vote was taken in the Knight of Labor ssembly in this city, Tuesday evening, on the prohibitory amendment. The vote stood 26 for and 6 against; several not

C. G. Parkhurst, the Ash street hardware dealer, has a change of advertisement this week. He has an elegant new stock tastily arranged, and invites the public to call and

The Lansing Sentinel is a greenback paper no more. It now claims to be the official organ of the union labor party of Michigan, the new party recently born at

The statement in the DEMOCRAT last week to the effect that H. P. Norris had rented his farm was a little premature. Mr. Norris informs us he is still desirous of renting t to the right man.

fastening machine, which is highly appre. and patronage. ciated by the many patrons at their boot and shoe establishment.

J. A. Underhill of this city, who carries residence on what has been known as the one of the most complete stocks of furni- P. R. Peck property, corner C and Oak ture, wall paper, etc., has placed his order streets, onto the north end of the lot. He for an elegant \$1,200 hearse, which will be will remodle and enlarge the same, making completed about the first of May, when he a good comfortable house of it. He will will also have in stock a complete line of some day erect a much better residence on burial caskets and everything pertaining to the south end of the lot. S. A. Paddock is well carned reward. the undertaking business.

The greenbackers will hold their judicial morrow. It is quite probable the green-

lidate and thus elect him. Beecher Brothers, having sold their building, are surely going out of the groery business, and as a result are making

extremely low prices to close out. See price list in another column. Mrs. G. M. Wood, a former resident of this city, died at her home in Toledo, on the 4th inst. Her funeral occurred at Northville, the home of her family prior to

moving to Mason, on Monday last.

The opposition to any changes in the listrict boundaries of this, the fourth judicial circuit, seems to be general. So far, we have not talked with a man in this vicinity who favors the scheme. It is entitled sell lead and oil and prepared paints. to no support whatever.

Joseph Henson, a practical carriage and house painter, kalsominer, paper hanger decorator, etc., has rented L. F. Clark's shop, corner of A and Maple streets, and requests a share of the public patronage. See advertisement in another column.

linens at Marcus Gregor's.

The Buffalo Daily Price Current of the 24 inst. says; "Mr. C. B. Andrews of Dansville, Mich., was on the market Monday with a choice load of lambs which struck a poor market. The lot was sold for the top of the market to that time, and brought \$6.20."

Chas. Owen is not only making the American Hotel a popular stopping place for the traveling public and the farmers, but is also making the interior pleasant and attractive. He is now doing some papering and decorating, which adds much to its appearance.

The Eaton Rapids Journal tells of a fisherman recently taking from Huron river a brook trout weighing one pound and measuring 12 inches in length. The trout were celebration, should send his address at planted only three years ago, so this is a once to J. H. Wade, Ann Arbor, Mich. The eleventh unnual fair of the Stock- specimen of the sport we may expect here

Wednesday evening next, in favor of the Thursday next, March 17, sale commencing of the Democrat. Sometimes they are approved notes. at 10 o'clock. a. m. Perry Henderson will

Smith & McLeod, our popular merchant tailors, announce in their new advertisement The convention for placing in nomination summer suitings, funishings, etc.. These gentlemen are doing an immense business appreciate their efforts in our behalf, and trict, will be held at Jackson to morrow, At here and their work proves them worthy of the liberal natronage they are receiving.

Our Eden correspondent don't propose to Any person who desires to purchase some get left, and he too gives us his items in of the finest farming lands in this section, rhyme this week. He is not only a great or who desires to make a profitable investnews gatherer, but quite a rhymest as well. ment should not fail to attend the executor's sale of the "Darrow farm," which DuBois & Earle's hardware store on Maple takes place on the 19th inst. Remember this land will be offered to the highest bid-

> J. E. Wadsworth, as genial, fun-loving a and best wishes.

> S. H. Beecher informs us that he expects now to establish a knitting factory in this city, at an early date, associating with him a gentleman who has had years of experience in the business. While they intend to start in a comparatively small way, the business is sure to grow and will eventually be one of the leading industries of our city. It is the intention to start with about 25

One object of the Longfellow memorial entertainment, to be held at the Rayner opera house Thursday evening, March 24, is for the purpose of raising funds with which to purchase an organ for use in the high school room. This being a commendable purpose and as the entertainment will Brown Bros.' increasing business has surely prove an interesting one, we trust shall constitute a quorum." induced them to put in a novel button our people will give it their encouragement

> F. W. Webb has commenced the foundation preparatory to removing the present superintending the present improvements.

Several former prominent greenbackers convention for this district, in this city, to- of Vevay, called at our office this week and left a call for a united labor party caucus, backers and democrats will unite on a can- which appears in another column. Our pleasant relation with the greenback party during several political campaigns causes us to regret to see the party go to pieces, as it evidently is doing, yet we firmly believe a large portion will associate themselves with the democrats, where in reality

It is not often that a pleasanter social event occurs than that which took place last evening, at the residence of the bride's mother in Aurelius, in the marriage of Wm. H. Haskill and Miss Eva A. Jewett, Prof. T. H. Sedina will close his dancing both of said township. Quite a large comclass in this city with a grand ball on the pany of friends witnessed the ceremony evening of Friday, March 18. The invital and bestowed upon the happy and eminently tions inform us music will be furnished by worthy couple their congratulations and Richmond's opera house orchestra of Lan best wishes. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Barnes of this city.

> If you want to paint your house, barnes, fences, wagons, carriages, farming implements, or anything else, you can save money by calling on DuBois & Earle. They

We have recently received from O. H. Nichols, the agent, a copy of "Marvelous Wonders of the Whole World," by the wellknown author, Henry Davenport Northrup, D. D., and with the slight examination we have been able to give it, we believe it is fully up to all the prospectus claims for it. It abounds in thrilling adventures, famous sights, celebrated voyages, and renowned explorations and discoveries in all parts of the world. Indeed, it is truly a vast mu-Special bargains in napkins and table It abounds in thrilling adventures, famous the world. Indeed, it is truly a vast museum of all that is marvelous and wonderful in the earth, sea, air and skies.

In connection with the exercises of commencement week, June 25-30, 1887, the University of Michigan will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of its organization and desires to welcome back upon that occasion as many as possible of its former students who are scattered over the country to the number of ten or eleven thousand. The programme of the proposed festival will surely be worthy of the occasion and will be participated in by the ablest men in the state. Any former student of the Univer- per setting of 13. sity who desires to receive circulars of information relative to the semi-centennial

We occasionally cut out items sent us by James S. Thorburn, who resides two sider them of no interest or because they miles north-east of Holt, in the township were in any way objectionable-but generrejected because instead of being items of news they are purely advertising, and occasionally obituary poetry, which we always class as advertising and publish it only at any part of the city. the arrival of an elegant line of spring and local advertising rates. We take great pride in our corps of correspondents and we write this in no fault-finding spirit but as an excuse for an occasional item that does not appear.

As R. B. Patterson of this city, was driving west on Ash street, Tuesday morning, and when near the M. E. church, one of his horses playfully kicked over the ongue, the buggy lurched to one side and Mr. Patterson fell over the dash to the ground., becoming entangled in some manner, so that as the horses ran Mr. P. was dragged. Fortunately they collided with a people at armory hall on Friday evening, soul as ever resided in this city, now of shade tree just west of Dr. Root's, where March 18th. Hard tack and bacon will be Englewood, Illinois, was married to Miss they were captured and Mr. Patterson released from his perilous position, bruised, N. Y., on the 2d inst. John is worthy of bleeding and besmeared with mud. Strange one of the best of wives and we trust he to say, he was not seriously injured and the has such, and we join his myriad of friends other damages were slight. The team being here in extending hearty congratulations stopped as it was evidently sayed Mr. Patterson's life.

The following new rule, adopted for the government of the state troops, will be of interest to the members of Co. F. First Regiment, of this city: "The commissioned officers of each regiment and battalion not already provided therewith shall adopt a code of by laws for the management of the Wanted, in exchange for Horse Blankets civil affairs of such organization, and shall provide therein for the time and manner of holding its elections of field officers, and prescribe the term for which they shall be elected, which shall not be less than one or more than three years. A first election articles as are usually kept in a first-class shall be held under said by laws at the drug store. The business will be repre time of their adoption or within 30 days thereafter, and a copy of said by laws shall be filed with the adjutant general. A majority of such commissioned officers

School Report.

The following is a correct report of the winter term in district No. 3, Alaiedon, beginning Nov. 15, 1886, and ending March Whole number days taught ...

years of age, came every day of the term, without being once tardy, and received a

CHARLES FERRIS, Teacher. At cost at

Amendment Meeting.

The meeting held in the court house on Sunday afternoon last was largely attended The exercises were well appreciated, but owing to a misunderstanding in regard to an organ the committee on music was unable to render some selections which had been prepared.

The exercises consisted of singing, tollowed by prayer by Rev. W. C. Phillips, after which some very able speeches were made by Rev. Frank Hoyt, Hon. Lucien Reed, Dr. Root, Mayor Perry Henderson and Rev. Phillips, touching on the good that will be the outcome of a prohibitory F. M. WITBECK, Sec'y.

Advertised Letter List.

Mason, March 7, 1887. List of letters remaining uncalled for a Beckler, J. P Madison, Brad

Persons calling for any of the above say R. G. C. KNIGHT, P. M. ad vertised.

Real Estate Sales.

Following is a list of real estate transactions recorded in register's office of Ingham county, for two weeks ending Mar. 5, 1887. where the consideration was \$500 or more: Geo. M. Dayton to Mary A. Brown, lot 4, blk C. C. Firon, Register.

United Labor Party Caucus.

All voters in sympathy with the organization are invited to meet in caucus at the Cheese Factory, in the township of Vevay, on Saturday, March 19, at 2 | Nice Pickles. o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for township officers, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting. By ORDER OF COMMITTEE

Business Locals.

Black Lecherss. I have a very carefully selected flock of these birds, and now offer their eggs at \$2

I hereby warn all persons not to buy a

note given by me to a man named. Wilson,

Work Horse for Sale. S. P. STROUD. Notice.

MRS. MARY IRISH. of Delhi, having rented his farm, advertises ally because the substance at least of the Two miles north of Dansville. Horses, his personal property for sale at auction on item has already appeared in the columns March 24th. Terms: One year's time on Cows, Yearlings, Farm Implements, etc. Coal. Coal.

Our price for Scranton or Lacawanna coal is still six dollars per ton, delivered to For Sale or Exchange.

I will sell my residence property on Oak street dirt cheap, if disposed of at once, or will exchange same for farming lands near Mason. My lot is 4x10 rods instead of 4x8 rods, as most of the city lots; is high and dry, covered by choice fruit trees, evergreens, grape vines, etc., and located in pleasantest part of city. The house is in excellent repairs from top to bottom and contains parlor, sitting room, dining room, three bed rooms, kitchen and wood-shedall pleasantly and conventiently arranged! A bargain for some one. Terms easy.

Respectfully, D. P. WHITMORE. House and Lot for Sale.

The property formerly known as the J C. Squiers place, on Ash street, will be sold at a bargain. MRS. FRANK HOYT. For Sale.

Having rented the farm, I have for sale hree colts, one 3 year-old, one 2 year-old and one yearling. They are of the Chan-MRS. J. S. HUSTON. Leroy, Feb. 14, 1887.

House to Rent, with Good Barn.

Enquire of L. C. WEBB. 350 Lace Tidies, Pillow Shams, &c., on Saturday at one half the usual price at Holmes & Co.'s.

500 Cords of Green Wood C. F. Brown. Change of Firm.

E. Woodworth having purchased the Drug Store of A. J. Edwards & Co., expects to carry a full line of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Drug Sundries and such sented by M. C. MERRILL, Druggist.

\$1,200 Will Buy a Fine Residence On south-west corner of Cherry and D streets. Enquire of T. R. Mosner. For Sale.

Two mares with foal. Inquire of A. L. VANDERCOOK. Foather Bone Whips C. F. Brown's. Special Sale

Of Laces this week at Holmes & Co.'s.

New Goods At Holmes & Co.'s, including Ginghams, Cora Parker, a little girl less than six of the best unbleached cottons made at 6c per yard, a yard wide and extra heavy.

C. F. BROWN's.

Look Out for the FINEST LINE WALL PAPER

Grand Opening Next Week!

Our 29c Tea and 20c onepound Can Baking Powder beats anything you ever saw. Try them. If they don't suit, return them and get your money.

We are selling Sugars, Coffees and all Groceries, Tin, Glass, Crockery, Notions, etc. Call and see.

We want your Butter and

R. E. SCOTT,

At Ford's Bazaar.

Bee Hive



Mustard by the Quart, Oranges, Lemons and

Fresh Roasted Coffee. We want 10,000 pounds

of Butter, for which we will pay cash.

Respectfully,

A. L. VANDERCOOK

STATE OF MICHIGAN, | 88.

County of Ingham. \ 88. \ Wm. W. Harper, being duly sworn, deposes and says: "Any and all statements made by me, under oath, or to persons privately, imputing to Mrs. Martha J. Ellsworth a crime under the law, or a want of chastity, is untrue, and if said by me was said when I was excited and I am very sorry for any and all statements made by me effecting in any manner the character of Mrs. Martha J. Ellsworth.

WM. W. HARPER. Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 5th day of March, A. D. 1886. LUCIEN REED. Notary Public.

Wanted-1,000 Mon To know that I have the largest exclusive retail stock of Harness Goods in Ingham

Settle Up. Having sold an interest in my business. secessitating the opening of a new set of books, I am very anxious that every account on my books up to Jan. 1, 1887, be settled at once, either by cash or note. Come in and look over your account, whether you can pay at present or not. Respectfully, A. O. DuBois.

On real estate, at the Farmer's Bank, Ma-Must Settle Up. All accounts due me must be settled

before Feb. 1, 1887.

Money to Loan

All persons indebted to me are requested to call and pay up. I must have the money C. F. BROWN. The Largest and Best

Money, Money.

Stock of Harness ever shown in the city at Dontistry. Best Teeth, \$7.56; Filling, 50 cents up; Extracting, 25 cents. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas.

A. P. VANDEUSEN, Mason, Mich. Darrow block. My books will be found at Brown Bros'. boot and shoe store. Please call and settle

and oblige. ·For Trunks and Traveling Bags C. F. Brown's.

INSURANCE.

The German Insurance Co. Of Freeport, Illinois, has now commenced doing business in this state. Its cash capital is \$200,000. Total assets \$1,843,498,. 08. The rate of insurance is low because this company is not in the ring. The payment of losses will be made promptly. It

employs agents of long experience. I. H. VANDERCOOK, Ag't, Mason, Mich.

THE biggest fool in the world, according to Sam Jones, is the female who whisky. The revivalist won much apof his talks to a Boston audience.

THE reports of the Senate and House proceedings during the first session of the Forty-ninth Congress occupied 17,009 columns in The Congressional Record. The House was in session 1,649 hours and 10 minutes, the Senate, 917 hours and 4 minutes.

In Florida houses are very different affairs from those in the North. Laths and plaster are not essential to comfort, and few houses have them. For the most part the new houses in Florida are very small boxes, containing only two or three rooms.

JAMES MADISON VANDEGRIFF, who died recently in New Orleans, was, in 1833, the founder of an association of imprisoned for only two years and six gentlemen in that city pledged to the mutual assistance of its members in the event of an epidemic. Out parties should be considered to have of this beginning grew the now world- provoked the duel; and as it was evenfamed Howard Association.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND says that Gen. Grant could stand very little liquor. If he took a single glass of wine it became a cloud upon his otherwas one of the few men in whom nature had worked so healthfully that his out mutiny."

It is predicted that the "Star of Bothlehom" will appear this year for the sixth time since the birth of Christ. This star is said to appear directly north of the North star, and to be visible, in its dazzling light, at noonday. It is a solar orb, many times the magnitude of our sun, whose orbit is yet uncalculated by any astronomer.

ROBERT REAM, brother to Vinnic Ream Hoxie, the sculptress, recently died at Fort Worth, Tex. He was a noted character in the Indian Territory for more than twenty years, being an adopted citizen of the Choctaw tribe. He was a man of nerve and was particularly noted for killing Ben Jones, the worst desperado the Indian Territory ever produced, at McAllistew. He was never punished for it, the general verdict being that he had performed a righteous act.

from 70 to 80 years, 74; from 80 to 90 The low infantile mortality and the large remarkable, even for the Society of Friends.

"Why did you leave Poughkeepsie?" rasked Artemus Ward, in a tone of mild reproach, when a tramp struck him for be dime on Broadway. The tramp said the never heard of the place before. But there will soon be no excuse for any person being ignorant about Poughkeepsie, for there is to be a bridge seross the Hudson at that point that will be nearly as immense an affair as the New York and Brooklyn bridge. Railroad trains will cross at an elevasion of 212 feet above the water, and the entire length of the structure with its approaches will be about two miles. Work is advancing rapidly now.

James Nicholson, the last survivor of completely excavated. It is threethe storm-beaten passengers of the Forfarshire, who were rescued by Grace Darling. He never forgot that awful night when he and all in the rigging thought an angel, with long, yellow hair floating in the wind, appeared, pulling vigorously to their ship's side through the storm and drift; but he very rarely spoke of it. He, however, had enough of the sea, and for twentysix years afterward he drove a locomotive on the Edinburgh and Glasgow Railroad. He was 71 years old and in the employment of an oil company when he died.

An attempt has been made in the Maternity Hospital, Glasgow, to raise babies in a queer way. Triplets were born there prematurely six and a half months old. They were put naked into a wooden box, divided into two compartments, upper and lower. They crawled around, or, rather, lay helpless, in the upper compartment, while hotwater bottles in the lower compartment kept the air as hot as any triplet could wish. A moist sponge prevented too great dryness and a thermometer regu-Inted the supply of hot bottles. Two triplets have died so far. The other, it is thought, will live, which the doctors say he could not possibly have done if he had not been brought up by ma-

SAYS the Syracuse (N. Y.) Standard: One day some five years ago John ----, rofane carpenter who oscillates be- don Times.

tween Waterville and Sherburne villages, in the Chenago Valley, in the prosecution of his trade, while very angry with one of his men for spoiling some work, started to utter an oath, but instantly became speechless. Less swearing was done in the valley on this account for a long while, and the story ran far and wide. John shortly joined marries a man whose breath smells of the church, but his voice did not come back until a year ago, when, becoming plause by making that assertion in one very angry again and forgetting that he was speechless, he started to swear -and did, to his own utter amazement and that of all in hearing. He has since used his voice without difficulty.

CAPTAIN PANINTINE, of the Russian army, jilted a daughter of General the Lazares family that one of the young lady's brothers challenged Captain Panintine and killed him. The matter being referred to the Czar he ordered it to be tried in accordance with the Russian law, which provides that if the person who has provoked his adversary to confide kills, the latter her than the sent to the Senate, and one public bill for the erection of a Government building at Dayton, Ohlo, succeeded in passing both houses over the President's vote, although several others obtained the requisite two-thirds vote in the Senate, only to fail in the House.

Of the 1,053 House bills which became laws, adversary to confide kills, the latter her the Lazareff family that one of the villages and in the newly-cleared lands that if the person who has provoked his adversary to conflict kills the latter he shall be imprisoned for six years and eight months; but that if the challenger is killed by the challenged he shall be imprisoned for only two years and six months. The interesting part in this months. The interesting part in this case was to know which of the two tually decided in M. Lazaroff's favor he escaped with the lesser penalty.

WHEN the King of Servia was on his recent railroad journey from Nisch to wise clear and devoted faculties. "Grant | ongine driver, Enrich | Mishkolzi, was overcome by the fumes of gas escaping from the engine furnace, and would system could never contain liquor with- probably have succumbed had not the King noticed his condition and promptly carried him with the help of one of his chasseurs, into his private saloon carriage, where restoratives could be applied. The King himself administered cognac to the man, and also rubbed his forehead and temples with vinegar, with the result of restoring animation. At the result of restoring animation. At the next station the King called for a doctor, who stated hat the danger was over. On the arrival of the train at Belgrade the man was found to be still too weak to resume work. King Milan accordingly requested leave of absence for him until his health should be restored, and made him a present of 10 stored, and made him a present of 10 ducats to help him to tide over his ill-

THE expedition which Mr. Stanley is about to lead into Africa, says the New York Sun, is by far the largest and most expensive that ever set out on a peaceful mission in the dark continent. Traveling in savage countries is always very costly. It has been estimated Or the 229 "Friends" who died last that the average expense incurred by year in Great Britain and Ireland only exploring parties in Africa is over \$15 22 were under 5 years of age; between a mile. It cost the English and Alge-5 and 10 years there were 5 deaths; be- rian societies over \$5,000 apiece for sween 10 and 20 years, 9; from 20 to 30 every missionary they landed on the years the deaths numbered 18; from 30 shores of Victoria Nyanza. Stanley's to 40, 16; 40 to 50 years, 22; 50 to 60 trip across the continent is said to have years, 23; from 60 to 70 years, 51; cost about \$60,000. Dr. Holub, who is now working his way from South Africa years, 69, and from 90 to 100 years, 10. to the great lakes, took with him an outfit that cost \$25,000. The money expercentage of deaths at great ages are pended by most important expeditions has varied from \$10,000 to \$10,000. An explorer's force of porters and other native assistants varies from about 250 souls. Mr. Stanley's present expedition will include about 1,000 persons, and his traveling outfit and trade goods have cost something over \$100,000. It must be remembered that he is not only trying to adequately supply the needs of his large party, but that he is also carrying much clothing, ammunition, and other supplies to several hundred persons who are numbered in the little retinue of Emin Pasha.

The Interior of a Pompelian House. A well-known house in Pompeii (No. 39, in the second insula of the eighth region), named after the Emperor Joseph II., who visited it when THE death has recently occurred of laid bare, a century ago, has lately been storied and of terrace construction, having been built against the steep side of the mountain. The upper story presents the usual plan of a Roman house. A staircase of twentyeight very well preserved steps of Vesuvian lava, divided into three flights or landings, leads to the lower floor. The topmost landing and the two upper portions of the staircase have wooden balusters; the lower portion, which is also the largest, is vaulted over. Two very plain rooms, with rough walls, one of them having a hearth, open on to this staircase. At its foot there is a long passage leading to a back staircase, which again led to the upper story. Proceeding, however, straight on, the visitor will find himself in a court or kind of peristyle, on each of two sides of which there are two chambers, the third side being occupied by a large room, most probably the triclinium or dinning-room. The fourth side, opens on to a great terrace, from which the courtyard and the rooms are lighted. Beneath this terrace is the lowest story, comprising the various offices, kitchen, bakery, mill bath, etc. The bath consists of a tepidarium, a vaulted room. with a white mosaic floor, the walls painted yellow; a calidarium. also vaulted, the walls adorned with pictures on a red ground, the floor mosaic; the frigidarium, circular, as usual, having a cupola formed vaulted room, with an air opening in the middle, furnished with a wide ventilating shaft of terra cotta, which leads upward through the floor of the superimposed There are terrace into the open air. four niches in the wall of the frigidarium

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Summary of Measures that Have . Become Laws or Been Defeated.

The Number of Bills, Resolutions. Etc., Introduced in Both Houses.

['Nashington special.]

The total number of laws enacted by the Forty-ninth Congress was, approximately, 1,431 of which 1,093 originated in the House and 338 in the Senate. Two hundred and sixty-four of these became laws by the expiration of the con stitutional ten days limitation. Fifty bills failed to become laws, owing to the adjournment of Congress, nine of them at the close of Lazarest and married some one else. the first session. There were 132 bills veteed by This was regarded as such an insult by the President, or twenty-one more than had

he Dingley shipping bill: to require the Pacific roads to pay the cost of surveying and conveying their hand grants and subject the land to tax-ation so soon as the companies are cutiful to them; to increase the naval establishment; to them; to increase the naval establishment; to pension the Mexican war voterans; the elemangarine act; to authorize the transfer of High-wood tract, near Chicago, to the United States for military purposes; to protect homestead sottlors within railrand limits; to enable national banking associations to herease their capital stock and change their name and location; to wrate a light second to the control of the second transfer in the grant a license to towing vessels to carry a lim-Belgrade, at one of the stoppages the crows; to forfeit the "Back-Bone" land grant; to reduce the fees on doinestic money orders for sums less than \$5; to extend the immediate-desums less than \$5; to extend the immediate-de-livery system; to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the Torntories; to provide for closing up the business of the Court of Alabama Chains; to establish additional life-saving sta-cions; for the construction of a deitional light-course; extending the free-delivery system to couns of 10,000 inhabitants; for the sale of the Charakea passevation in Akamana; to amend the Cherokee reservation in Arkansas; to amend the Cherokee reservation in Arkanaus; to amend the statutes so as to require browers to give bonds for three times their estimated mouthly tax; for the issue of pessal notes in sums less than \$\frac{1}{2}\$; to validate the general laws of Dakota regarding the incorporation of insurance communics; to provide for the inspection of tobacco, eigars, and sauff, and to repeal section 3151 of the Kevised Statutes; to make St. Charles, Mo., a port of entry; to allow underwriters to be recognized as consignoes of merchandise on abandoned vessels; to restrict ownership of portation and immigration of foreigners under inter contracts; for an additional associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Wyoming; providing for the location of a branch soldiers' home wost of the Rocky Mountains; for the relief of the Joannette sufferers; amendatory of the act dividing Illinois into judicial districts, and providing for the holding of terms of court at Peoria; relative to contested elections; to lean articles in the Government departments to home income in the Government departments to the first of the latest industrial Exposition; to regulate the jurisdiction of United States Circuit Courts; for the adjustment of land grants and the forfeiture of uncarned lands; to add a number of eities to the list of mational bank reserve cities, and to allow a part of the reserve cities, and to allow a part of the reserve cities, and to relief of setters on the public lands in Kausus and Nebruska; to provide for bringing suits against the Government; for the crection of public buildings at Los Angeles, Cal., Springfield, Mo., El Paso, Tox., Santa Fe, N. M., and Jofferson. Tox.; to increase the limit of cost of public buildings at Peoria, Ill., Galvestong, Tex., Clarksburg, W. Va., Keekak, Jowa, Chattanooga, Tenn., Detroit, Mich.; for the contested of the convention of the contested of the convention of the convention

or cost of public buildings at Feoria, In., Galvestong, W. Va., Keckuk, fowa, Chattanooga, Tenn., Detroit, Mich.; for the completion or improvement of public buildings at Dallas, Tex., Des Moines, Iowa, Jackson, Tenn., and Hannibal, Mo., for the purchase of additional ground for the building at Fort Wayne, Ind.; for the purchase of a site for Effectal building at San Francisco, Cal.
Forty House joint resolutions became laws, the principal ones being as follows:
Directing the Commissioner of Labor to make an investigation as to convict labor; authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to use certain unexpended balances for the relief of the Northern Cheyennes of Wyoming; to authorize the President to protect Anorican fishing and trading vessels and American fishermon in Canadian waters; authorizing an investigation of the books, methods, and accounts of the Pacific ratiroads.

of the total number of bills which passed the

Senato 820 became laws, including 115 of a public and 205 of a strictly private nature. The

public and 205 of a strictly private nature. The following is a list of the more important:

The Presidential succession bill; the interstate commerce bill; for the retirement and recoluage of the trade deltar; the electral count bill; for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians; to repeal the tenure of elice act; to increase the annual appropriation for the militia; to establish agricultural experiment stations; to legalize the incorporation of trades unions; authorizing the transmission of weather reports through the units free of postweather reports through the mails free of postago; to increase the pension arm or leg; to indemnify the Chinese for lesses sustained by the Rock Springs (Wy. T.) riot; for the relief of Texas, Colorado, Oregon, Nobraska, California, Kansas, Nevada, Washington Territory, and Idulo; authorizing the sale of certain Government property in Chicago; for the holding armment property in ago; to increase the pension for loss of an arm or leg: to indemnify the Chinese for ernment property in Chicago; for the holding of terms of the United States Courts at Bay City, Mich.; to remove the charge of descrion from the records of soldiers who re-emisted without having received discharges on account without hiving received discharges on account of first enlistment; to establish two additional land districts in Nebraska; to amond the laws relating to putents, trade-marks, and copyrights; to extend the time for the completion of the records of the Court of Alabama Claims; to credit Kansas with certain money on ordnance account; to bridge the Mississippi River at St. Lonis: to allow receivers of national banks to account; to bridge the Mississippi River at St. Louis; to allow receivers of national banks to buy in trust property on the approval of the Comptroller of the Currency; to prohibit the importation of opium; for the erection of public buildings at Ean Antonio, Texas, Houston, Texas, Oshkosh, Wis., Fort Smith, Ark., Owonsborough, Ky., and Milwaukee, Wis.; to increase the limit of cost for public buildings at Oxford, Miss., and Denver, Col.; for the completion of public buildings at Fort Scott and Wichita, Kansas,

The Senate bills vetoed were thirty-nine in number, cleven being of a public and twenty-eight of a private character. The public bills

eight of a private character. The public bills vetoed were as follows:

To quiet the titles of sottlers on the Des Moines River lands (passed over the vete in the Senate, but failed of the necessary two-thirds in the House); for the orection of public buildings at Zanesville, Ohio, Lafayette, Ind., Sioux City, Iowa, Dayton, Ohio (passed over the vete in both houses, and Lynn, Mass.; to extend the provisions of the immediate transportation act to Omaha, Nob.; to grant railroads right of way through the Indian reservations in Northern Montaina.

The ninety-three House bills veteed included eighty-seven private bills and six bills of a public nature. The public bills veteed were:

For the erection of Federal buildings at For the orection of Federal buildings at Springfield, Mo., Duluth, Minn., Ashorllo, N. C., and Portsmouth, Ohio; to distribute \$10,000 worth of seeds among the drought-stricken poo-ple of Texas; to grant ponsions to dependent soldiers and dependent relatives of deceased

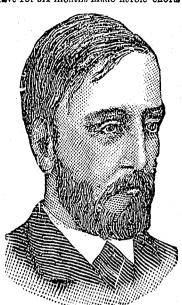
THE inhabitants of cities suppose that the country landscape is pleasant only half the year, I please myself with the graces of the winter scenery, and believe that we are as much touched as by the genial influences of summer.—Emerson.

Ir is the glorious prerogative of the empire of knowledge that what it gains it never loses. On the contrary, it increases by the multiple of its own power; all its ends become means; all furnished with slabs for sitting: The its attainments help to new conquests. floor is ornamented with mosaic -Lone | -Drastel Webster.

THE IRISH TRIALS.

Result of the Traversers' Trial in Dublin---Disagreement of the Jury.

Notwithstanding the desperate efforts of Failure of the Efforts at Fusionthe British Tories to obtain the conviction O'Brien and the other Irish gentlemen who have for six months made heroic efforts to



JOHN DILLON.

tenants from the exactions of heartless landlords, they have failed. The jury at Dublin refused to agree and were lischarged. The disagreement is equivalent to a verdict of acquittal. The ernment will hardly undertake to put the accused gentlemen in the dock again. At the trial just closed the chances were entirely in favor of the Crown. The venue was changed to Dublin County from Dublin City that a jury of landlords might be obtained. All the leading members of the Irish bar were employed by the Crown to prosecute. The presiding Judge, a son-in-law of the infamous Judge Keogh, and a bitter partisan landlord, presided, and in effect ordered the jury to convict. All this did not avail,



and the Irish "campaigners" stand virtually acquitted and the so-called plan of campaign has received a quasi-legal indorse-ment. The result is a staggering blow to the Tory Government and policy, and will be disastrous to the Irish landlords. Tonants who have hitherto held back from adopting the plan of campaign, which is no more than a strike against unjust rents and pooling of issues by tenants, so to be emboldened to adopt it now, and the landlords will have to meekly surrender or go without any rents whatever.

Irish Agitations. During the past few months a new form of agitation has arisen in Ireland. The antumn and winter have been a season of distress to the Irish tenants of land, who have found it hard to pay the rent due by them to their landlords. The chief cause of this is the fact that the prices of the products raised on Irish soil have fallen during the past year, while the amount of rent, on many of the estates, has remained at the same figure. While, then, the ten-ants have received less for their labor, they have been expected to pay the same as be fore for their land. Rents on very many Irish estates have been lowered during the past five or six years by the land courts, appointed under the land act of 1881. But these lowered rents were fixed at a time when products brought higher prices than

they do now. The difficulty which the tenants have had in paying their rents suggested a new plan to some of the Irish Nationalists, especially to two members of Parliament, Mr. John Dillon and Mr. William O'Brien, and they organized what is now notorious as "the plan of campaign." It was the purpose of this plan to protect the tenants from paying to the landlords a rent which the organizers of the movement regarded as too high. In brief, it was proposed that the tenants should pay into the hands of certain designated members of the National League—among others Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien-what was considered a fair rent for the lands they tilled. Money thus re-ceived was to be held as a trust. The trustees were to proffer to the landlords what they regarded in each case as fair rent; and if the landlords refused to accept it, the trustees were to hold the money for the benefit and support of the tenants who had

The "plan of campaign" was carried on successfully in many cases. Mr. Dillon and others went from place to place and called meetings of the tenants, who flocked in and paid into their hands the sums agreed upon as fair rents. At the same time inflammatory speeches were made, and the agitation became an excited and serious one. But the Government would not allow it to go on. Mr. Dillon was arrested and arraigned, and one of the Irish Judges declared the plan of campaign to be a conspiracy against the law, and therefore a crime. But Mr. Dillon, when set free on his own recognizances, continued his speeches and efforts, until he was again arrested. Several other prominent movers in the plan were also arrested at the same

THE noblest part of a friend is an honest boldness in the notifying of errors. He that tells me of fault aiming at my good. I must think him wise and faithful-wise in saving that which I see not; faithful in plain admonishment not tainted with flattery.

IRRESOLUTION is a fatal habit; it is not vicious in itself, but it leads to vice, creeping upon its victims with a fatality the penalty of which many a fine heart has paid at the scaffold. The idler, the spendthrift, the epicurean and the drunkard are among its victims,

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS.

A Resume of the Work of the State Convention at Detroit.

The Resolutions and the Candidates.

The convention was called to order by J. Lo-gan Chipman, who named Col. Midhaol Shoo-nakor, of Jackson, for tomporary Chafrman, James H. Conklin, of East Saginaw, was made tomporary Secretary. Committees on Creden-tials, Resolutions, and Permanet Organization were appointed. James H. Pond, of Wayne, wore appointed. James H. Pond, of Wayne, moved that a committe of one from each Congressional district be chosen as a Conference Committee to confor with a similar Committee to confor with a similar Committee be appointed by the Greenback Convention in session in Lansing. After considerable discussion the matter provatiod, and, the following were expedited; J. D. Conely, Charles R. Whitman, J. G. Parkhurst, O. P. Coffinborry, Thos. F. McGarry, Arthur J. Eddy, Elliott G. Stevenson, Honry Graves, Henry F. Rutch, A. McDomell
After a brief recess Frank L. Dodge, of Lazsing, read the report of the Committee on Persing, read the report of the Committee on Per sing, read the report of the Committee on Per-manent Organization, which was accepted and adopted. The report provided that the tempo-rary officers should be made permanent and that Fred N. Pock, of Kalamazoo, should be added as Assistant Socretary, J. Logan Chipman, Chairman of the Commit-tee on Resolutions, submitted the following: The Democracy of Michigan in convention as-sembled reaffirms the sound Democratic prin-ciples of the mational platform of 1894, and of the State elatform agented at Grand Lands in

die State platform adopted at Grand Lapids in

1886.

1. We renow the pledges of those platforms of the determination of the Democratic party to reform the methods and reduce the amount of taxation—pledges which the Democratic administration of President Cleveland has nobly struggled to fulfill against the partisan opposition of a Republican Senate.

2. We denounce the moreonary purposes and the centralizing tendencies of the legislative policies of the Republican party, which attack the rights of States, localities, and citizens, and we demand a return to a strict interpretation of

the rights of States, localities, and citizens, and we demand a return to a strict interpretation of fundamental law which shall restore and secure local self-government and leave all men equal in the competition of business.

3. We charge that the Republican party in the nation and State has become subservient to monopolies and corporations, and that its degeneracy is shown by the corporation laws and the corporation decisions which have emanated from the Legislature and courts under its amptices in this State, and by the action of the Republican Senate at Washington in defeating all efforts to relieve the pressure of business in Republican Somete at Washington in defeating all efforts to relieve the pressure of business in the Pederal Supreme Court, which now makes the pursuit of justice in that tribunal a hopeless task to all except the very wealthy, who can carry the burden of prolonged Hilgation.

4. We congratulate the Democracy of Medigan upon the beneficent reform they have effected in our Supreme Court and invite the octed in our Supreme Court, and invite the electors of all parties to unite with us for the continuance of that reform until the last vestige of monopolistic and corporation tendency is

continuance of that reform until the last vestige of monopolistic and corporation tendency is purged from the court,

5. We recognize the demands of labor for more careful consideration, and believe that the present restless condition of the wage workers is largely due to the vicious tendencies of Republican courts and Legislatures in this State and antion during the past twenty-seven years of Republican rule. We, therefore, demand of the Legislature the immediate emechant of the Legislature the immediate emechant of laws by which just claims for wages may be promptly and cheaply enforced in the courts, and that the Legislature should emat laws for the protection of life and limb of employes engaged in dangerous pursuits, and that the rule of law which compols one employe to take the risk of the negligence or incompetence of his co-employes shall be abolished.

6. The Democratic party of Michigan, which first recognized the claims of our soldiers to a place on the Supreme bench, renews its pledge of gratitude and indobtedness to those who so nobly risked their lives for the preservation of the Union.

7. Our State University, founded by the Dame.

nobly risked their lives for the preservation of the Union.

7. Our State University, founded by the Democratic party, is the pride of our State and the crown of the best educational system in the world. That the Democratic party, by seventy years of effort, is committed to its growth and prosperity. We therefore args our Logislature to foster it with liberality, and we pledge the Democratic party of Michigan to increase its usefulness and render it more accessible to all etizons.

iltizons.

The resolutions, as each was read, were re-solved with applicated, and the first, in which President Cleveland is indersed, elicited hearty hoers. Sountor Wisner asked what had been said bout prohibition, and was told that the committee had deemed it advisable to ignore the subject.

Judge Chipman, in defense of the committee. Judgo Chipman, in defense of the committee, said that they had looked upon the prohibitory amendment as coming under the kend of partisan politics, but as an individual one for each man to decide for himself. He was personally opposed to prohibition, but he had agreed with the members of the committee from the interior of the State, that as long as the Republican convention had taken no stand either for or against prohibition, but had merely called themselves good boys for letting the people vote upon it, there was not the lonst necessity for the Democrats to make it a party issue.

The resolutions were adopted as reported without a dissenting vote.

without a dissenting vote,
On motion all the motions before the house On motion all the motions before the house were laid on the table, and the convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court for the short term.

William P. Wells manded Levi T. Griffin, of Dotroit, and Judge Chipman seconded the nomination. Mr. Doran moved to suspend the rolls and populate Major Griffin he can have rules and nominate Major Griffin by acclains It was unanimously carried and ratifled with three cheers.

O. W. Powers, in a short speech nominated Josiah L. Hawes, of Kalamazoo, for term,
William A. Luby, of Kalamazco, secondod the nomination.

Mr. Little nominated Charles H. Camp, of

East Saginaw, After half a dozon motions and counter motions looking to a delay, in the hope of the Con-ference Committee accomplishing something the convention adjourned until 7 p. m. the convention adjourned until 7 p. m.
Upon the reassembling of the convention Mr.
Hoke, of Washtenaw, said that we should treat
the Greenback party furly, as they were destined to become a part of the Dersseratic party.
One Regent should be named and Mr. Atkinson
nominated for the long term Justiceship.
Otherwise it would be impossible to elect Mr.
Griffla, and all Democrats wished to see him
elected. The Greenbackers would concede that
the nomination of the eightwoor term was the nomination of the eight-year term fair and would work for him under that fai

arrangement.

After a good deal of wrangling Mr. Whitman, of Wushtonaw, got the floor and moved that the order of business be suspended while the vote was taken by countles on the proposition to divide the ticket with the Greenbuckers, giving them the Justice for the long term and one Regent. The vote by counties was called by the Secretary and resulted: Yous, 510; mays, 93.

A motion was then made and carried that the convention proceed with the population of one convention proceed with the nomination of on Regent. Bartley Breen was selected by accla mation as the candidate.

Mr. Color Justice for the short term and Mr. Miller of Organical Committee and had learned that the Committee had been in communication with the Greenback Conference Committee and had learned that the Lausling convention had nominated O'Brien J. Akkinson for Justice for the short term and Mr. Miller of Organical Country for Lausling conventions. Mr. Millar, of Otsego County, for Regent, and had then adjourned having first instructed the Greenback State Central Committee, if the De

Greenback State Central Committee, if the Detroit convention did not nominate a candidate for Justice for the long torm, to fill that place on the Greenback ticket and nominate another Regent; in other words, the proposition of the Democrats had been rejected.

The announcement of this result was received with a sigh of relief on the part of many and a great shout of joy by still more.

John J. Enright jumped to his foot and moved, now that the course was clear, that the convention proceed to nominate a candidate for Justice for the long term, and his motion was carried with a great manifestation of enthusiasm, Channeoy Wisner, of East Saginaw, obtained the recognition of the Chair, and placed in nomination Charles H. Camp, of East Saginaw.

O. W. Powers mominated Josiat Saginaw, of Kalamazoo. alamazoo. Peter Deran announced that Kent County and

the Fifth Congressional District would give its solid vote for O'Brien J. Atkinson, and support him at the polls.

The vote on the nominations was taken by

him at the polls,
The vote on the nominations was taken by
counties and Mr. Camp declared the choice of
the convention, he receiving 483 votes to 72 for
Hawes and 39 for Atkinson.
No names were presented for the second nomination for Regent, and a call of the counties
for nominations was ordered by the chair.
Douglas Joy of Marshall, Edwin F. Uhl of
Grand Rapids, W. H. Simpson of Au Sable,
Byron G. Stout of Pontine, Christian Vanderveen of Grand Haven, and Rufus F. Sprague of
Greenville were all placed in nomination, but
soveral were withdrawn.
The result of the vote was announced as follows: Sprague, 225; Stout, 199; Vanderveen,
15. The nomination of Rufus Sprague was made
unanibous, the State Central Committee was
instructed to fill any vacancies arising from
doath or refusal to run, and the convention adjourned.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

-Lansing will shortly have a railroad

-Florida strawberries are in the market

at Detroit. Twenty cents each. -A Maine man is about to open up :

boot and shoe factory in Bay City. -The oar factory at Maple Rapids is turning out from 800 to 1,000 oars daily. -Saginaw City has raised \$10,000 of the

-The railroad company is not able to supply cars enough to freight cedar railway ties from Alpena.

required \$30,000 to build a woolen mill.

-The insurance agencies at Lansing have abandoned the extra charges made on premises containing gasoline stoves.

-John Goheen, of Monroe, is serving a year's sentence at Jackson for forging his mother-in-law's name as surety to a note. -The Reed Harrow Company, of Kala-

mazoo, is shipping about 2,000 harrows per

week, which shows that their business is not

-There are 324 postoffices in this State in the fourth class whose salary allowed is less than \$10 a quarter, and 304 where it is

between \$16 and \$20 per quarter. -A stick of timber was fished out of the bottom of the Saginaw River last week worth \$75. It had been sunk nearly twenty

years at Stone Island, near Bay City. -The St. Louis Republican claims that during the past four months merchants at that place have paid out to farmers in that vicinity the sum of \$500,000 for various

kinds of products. -The seloon-keepers in every city and village of the Upper Peninsula have organized and subscribed funds against the. prohibitory amendments. The other side is also organizing, and the campaign will

be lively. -J. H. Parker, a pioneer of Lenawee County from 1833, died lately at his home, just north of Adrian, at the age of 83 years. He was, until within a short time. a resident of Rome. His wife survives him, and they have lived together 63 years, an instance of continued married life that

is rarely equaled. -Mayor Milnes, of Coldwater, discovcred a thief in the act of stealing a pound of tobacco in his store the other day, and instead of having him jailed Mr. Milnes gave him a chance to escape prosecution by confessing the deed to the Salvation Army and paying the Captain \$3 for the privilege. The offer was gladly embraced.

-The will of Dr. Edmund Rogers. brother of Randolph Rogers, the sculptor, who died at Quincy a few days ago, was probated at Detroit. After bequeathing about \$20,000 to relatives, he leaves the residue of his fortune to any six women whose husbands are drunkards. Rogers was a bachelor, and his will is unique.

-The Kalamazoo Serew Button Comnany is the name of a new concern just organized in Kalamazoo. The company consists of Gen. Wm. Shakespeare and Mr. H. S. Wilson, and has been formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling a new style of button, invented by Mr. Wilson. The button, as all bachelors will be interested to learn, is fastened to the cloth-

ing without sewing. -Much excitement has been caused at Marquette by the find of a rich body of hard hematite ore at Mt. Mesnard, the southern limit of the city, eleven feet below the surface. The vein is six feet wide, of clean ore, with well-defined walls, and many indications of a bonanza for the discoverers. It is within three-quarters of a mile of the lake, and the mine could ship directly by an incline railway. Attempts are being made to secure option on adjoining forties.

-A sensation was caused at Jackson by the discovery that a butcher, who is quite extensively engaged in the pork trade of that city, fattened his hogs on dead horses. The facts were brought to light during an examination of Loyal Fessenden for violating the health ordinance. He testified that the dead horses that were drawn from the city were hauled to the butcher to feed pigs. The Board of Health have not yet determined what they will do, but it is stated that some action will be taken in

-The Methodist resort at Bay View. near Petoskey, is being extensively improved and will be nearly doubled in size by the erection of a large addition for the coming season. The hotel accommodations will also be materially increased. Iron water mains are being laid in the grounds to the extent of 20,000 feet, and nearly every lot will be amply provided with the pure unadulterated article from the springs on the neighboring hills. It is expected the coming season will be more of a success than anything yet experienced.

-Wilkins Scott was married in Adrian a year ago to Miss Carrie Howard. Both are colored. Thursday a woman arrived in town who proved to be a first wife who lives, with two children aged 7 and 11 years, at Dayton, Ohio. The result of a prolonged and stormy interview was that Scott paid wife No. 1 \$400 to go home and procure a divorce, which she at once set out to do. Scott deserted his wife a year and a half ago, and has contributed nothing since to the support of his family in Ohio, although he received \$6,800 back pension from the Government soon after he left her, and now draws \$50 per month. He is blind.

-The Hagarty Hoop Factory, at Kawkawlin, commenced running about two weeks ago for the season. The firm expect to manufacture about 6,000,000 hoons this season, one-half of which have been sold to Eastern parties, to be shipped as fast as manufactured.

-An express train on the Michigan Cenral at Ann Arbor ran over Christina Frey, aged about 30, and a child aged 3, while crossing a bridge. Both were instantly Homesick Horses.

Not long since a large and noble-looking horse, without halter or bridle, was seen trotting rapidly through the business part of Wilton, New Hampshire, finally turning down Maple street, and going directly to the stable in the rear of Mr. D---'s residence.

"Isane" trotted through the carriage house into his old stall, apparently delighted to see the members of the family, who soon visited him. Nearly three years previous the gentleman had sold him to parties who soon disposed of him, and after exchanging owners several times, he had for a few days found a home in the fown of Greenfield. The day he returned he was taken from a carriago in the dooryard, and after eating a monthful of "feed" designed for the chickens, tossed his head high in the air, and at a lively gait wont the entire fourteen miles. followed by his new owner, who soon obtained a fleet team at his own village, but was one hour behind the

A little later the same family were still more surprised. A man who was engaged in work about the premises saw a horse come into the yard, walk up to a building that was formerly the stable, but now used for another purpose. After gazing through a window. he looked about outside, and discovering a handsome new stable, with doors wide open, only a few rods away, he trotted gracefully up the drive and took posession.

The man did not recognize him, and tried to drive him away, but he wouldn't go. Finally, with a halter about his neck, he succeeded in leading him, but as he persisted in returning, he asked Mrs. D ---, in the absence of her husband, to look at him, remarking that it must be a horse they had owned

before he worked there. Quite a delegation of village people had already visited the stable, but all the information gained was simply that he had been seen to pass through the town; so there was nothing to do but await further developments.

The moment Mr. D-, who soon returned from a drive, saw the horse, he exclaimed to his wife: "Don't you know him? Why, this is a colt I sold between ten and eleven years ago, and have regretted it ever since. Only the other day I was wo lering what became of him." (It was one of a pair he drove the year before his marriage, and he thought his wife ought to recognize him.)

When his old mate was brought out, the horses showed so much pleasure it was as affecting as witnessing his joy when his former owner entered the stable. He had journeyed from Fitchburg, Mass., more than twenty miles away, and so far as can be ascertained it was the first time he had been "loose and free" since he left Wilton so long

ago.
The present owner had "turned him out to feed," to find an hour later that bars and fences were not an opposing force to a home-sick horse, though hitherto well-behaved and apparently contented,-Harper's Magazine.

Essentials of a Good Fighter.

In answer to the question, "What are the essentials of a thoroughly good fighter?" Sullivan said:

Pluck, skill, endurance, and a good head on his shoulders. I tell you, sir, a man fights with his head almost as much as he does with his fists. He must know where to send his blows so they may do the most good. He must economize his strength and not score a hit just for the sake of scoring it."

"What portion of your antagonist's body do you aim at when you are in

the ring?" "I endeavor," said Sullivan, "to hit my man above the heart, or under the chin, or behind the ear. A man wears out protty soon if one can keep hammering away in the region of the heart: a blow under the chin or behind the ear will knock out a man quicker than a hundred blows on the cheek or any other portion of the face. Now, the Marine has a scar on his left cheek which he re-cived in his fight with Dempsey, and which he will carry to his grave. He told me that Dempsey kept hammering away at that spot. If Dempsey were a long-headed fighter he would not have wasted his time and strength in gotting in there. That fact alone proves to me that he is deficient in generalship.

"You can tell pretty well when your

man is giving in?" "Certainly I can," said the pugilist. "I watch his eyes, and I know at once when the punishment is beginning to tell on him. And, when I talk to a man before I stand up before him at all, I can make up my mind whether he is a fighter or not. There is more intelligence required in this business than outs ders give us credit for."-Sacramento (Cal.) Bee.

Persian Musical Criticism.

In Persia, story telling or poetical recitations take the place of our spelling bees and acting charades, says a writer in London Society, and often as soon as the repast is finished music commences, or, perhaps, a vocalist will vary the programme by favoring the company with a song. His repertory may consist of one song only; but no matter, he will sing it over and over again, with as much pride as though he could boast of an unbroken descent from Orpheus himself; over and over again, without any apparent sign of weariness, and, what seems more strange, to the unflagging interest of the listeners, although it sounds weird and uncanny to the unaccustomed European ear.

"Bah, bah, bah, good in the extreme," is echoed from one to another, while the singer pipes from the very top of his high voice, and shakes his head to bring out the quavering sounds to their fullest extent.

"Exactly like the bulbul" (nightin-

galo), says the host. When it sings to the roses in the spring," puts in a third.

Yes, Allah's works are wonderful," exclaims the first, sententiously, as he pull's away at the kaiian, his turn hav-

ing by this time come around. In Persia, a loud, high voice being equivalent to a good voice, the singer who can sustain a note the longest is pronounced the best, for the skill of the vocalist depends upon the length

THE WATCH'S FATE.

A Cruol Prejudice of Old Times More

Than Equalled Now. Not many decades ago in this country the people were coited over witcheraft. Persons suspected were thrown into the water; if not witches, they would drown; if they were witches, they would swim ashoro and would be put to death! In any event they were doomed. Not many years ago if a person were taken sick with advanced disorder of the kidneys the physician would pronounce the disease Bright's disease, and when so declared he re-garded his responsibility at an end, for medical authority admitted that the disease was

incurable.
When the physician found a patient thus when the physician found a patient whis afflicted he would say, "Oh, a slight attack of the kidneys; will be all right in a little while."

He knew to the contrary. But if he could keep his patient on his hands for a few months he knew he would derive a great revenue from his case, and then, when the disease had progressed to a certain stage, he would state the

facts and retire, exonerated from all blame.
But the error of supposing the disease incurable has swayed the public mind long after the fact has ceased to be. But public opinion has been educated to the true status or the ease by the ease by the ease has the enterties. of the case by those who have discounted the incurability theory, and the public recognizes and testifies to the fact that Warner's safe cure is a specific for this disease. This has been shown with thousands of testimonnals. Upon referring to them in our files we find that \$5,000 reward will be given to any one who can prove that so far as the manufacturers know they are not genuine, and that hundreds of thousands similar in character could

be published if it were necessary.

This condition of things is very amusing to The condition of things is vary annusing to the journalist, who looks upon all sides of every question. Proof should be accepted by all, but projudice fights proof for many years. It seems strange that whon a proprietary medicino is doing the good that Warner's safe cure is that the physicians do not publicly indersa it. Manyof them, we are told privately dorse it. Many of them, we are told, privately

prescribe it.

A few years ago, as stated, when a man had Bright's disease, the doctor boldly amounced it, because he thought it relieved him of responsibility.

To-day when prominent people are dying (and hundreds of thousands of common peo-

and hundreds of thousands of common peo-ple die of the same disease), we are told that dectors disguise the fact that it is Bright's dis-case of the kidneys, and say that they die of paralysis, of apoplexy, of pneumonia, of con-sumption, of general debility, of rheumatism, of heart disease, of blood poisoning, or some other of the names of the direct effects of kidney disease. They are not the real disease

We sometimes wonder if they avoid stating the real cause of disease for fear they will drive the public into patronage of the only scientific propriotary specific for kidney dis-cases and the thousand and one diseases that

originate in inactive kidneys.
We do not believe every advertisement we read. Some people perhaps may regard this article as an advertisement and will not believe it, but we are caudid enough to say that we believe the parties above mentioned have stated their case and proved it, and under such circumstances the public is unwise if it is longer influenced by adverse prejudice.

Income of the Czar. The annual income of the Czar of all the Russias probably averages a great deal more than \$25,000 a day. The crown domains comprise more than a million square miles, covering an prictors, New York.

area exceeding that of all our New England, Middle and Southern States. These include cultivated lands, pastures and forests in different parts of this vast empire, which embraces in its despotic arms more than one-sixth the entire land surface of our globe. Beside the revenue from the above estates, the Czar derives a large income from gold, silver, copper and other mines in Siberia. The actual total of his immense revenue from all these sources is not stated in the Government budgets or finance accounts, the crown domains being considered the private property of the imperial family. In a British Consular report of 1867 the total income of the imperial family is estimated at £2,450,000 sterling, which is an average of about \$33,500 a day. The imperial contributions to charities, theaters, etc., are estimated by the same authority at about £450,000, leaving a net sum of £2,000,000 a year to "keep the family." - Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Ox in the Beer Saloon.

An Ox who had read about the Dog in the Manger and formed the Idea of Turning the Fables upon All Creation, proceeded to a Beer Saloon and ensconsed himself behind the Counter. Presently the Proprietor entered the Saloon, and, thinking that he had 'em again, prepared to take something to steady his Nerves, when the Ox refused to allow him to imbibe. "Selfish Creatsteady his Nerves, when the Ox refused to allow him to imbibe. "Selfish Creature!" said the Proprietor, bitterly, "you will neither drink yourself nor allow any one else to take a Drink!" and seizing a Bungstarter he was about to wreak his Vengeance upon the Intruder, when the Ox, bellowing, "Nay, then, or, when the Ox, bellowing, "Nay, then, I will give you a Horn!" employed him as the instrument to excavate a Trapdoor through the Ceiling.

MORAL. Thus we See, among other Things, the Innate Absurdity of endeavoring to Tackle a Strong Bull Movement Single-handed .- New York Horld.

Important. When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, expressage, and \$3 carriage hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite

Grand Central Depot 613 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages, and elevated rail-road to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

What Caught Him.

"Hold on a minute!" called a man at postoffice to another who was hurrying "Can't do it—great hurry—see you

later," was the reply. "I say, hold on!" "Can't possibly do it—got to be at the bank in three minutes."

"Say!" "Can't do it—so long!" "See here," persisted the man, "I

want you to step into the alley here and see a horse I'm going to buy. I want your opinion of him. "Oh, that's it! Well, I don't mind if I do," and he cheerfully wasted threequarters of an hour in sizing up a \$30 horse. It is the only thing which

never fails to hit .- Detroit Free Press. Every-day Dangers.

Mrs Minks-Mercy me! Did you ever? A young girl got delirium tromens from chewing ten leaves.

Mr. Minks-Well, I hope that will be a warning to you; you drink entirely

too much tea. "Yes, I know I do, but you don't drink any tea, and I really feared you were getting that way the other night.' "Well, I'll have to stop chewing so

much coffee."-Omaha World. of time upon which he can trill a note. The wine cup is the father of sin; and the whisky jug is the step farther.

The Western Settler's Chosen Specific. With every advance of emigration into the far West, a new demand is created for Hestetter's Stomach Bitters, Newly peopled regions are frequently loss solubrious than older settled localities, on account of the miasma which rises from recently cleared land, particularly

along the banks of rivers that are subject to freshets. The agricultural or mining emigrant oon learns, when he does not alroady know, that the Bitters afford the only sure protection against malaria, and those disorders of the stomach, liver, and bowols, to which climate changes, exposure, and unaccustomed or unhealthy water or diet subject him. Consequently, he places an estimate upon this great household specific and preventive commensurate with its intrinsic merits, and is careful to keep on hand a restorative and promotor of health so implicitly to be relied upon in time of need,

A Brazilian Milk Cart.

The way of supplying Para, Brazil, with milk is novel and primitive, though it has, indeed, some advantages that would commend it to those who appreciate the privilege of diluting the lacteal fluid according to their own taste. Adulteration by the dealer there is well-nigh out of the question, for the milkman comes to your door bringing his tin can and several measures in one hand, while with the other he leads the cow herself through the city to the various dwellings to be supplied. Should there happen to be a calf belonging to this particular cow, it is muzzled and is then either allowed to follow its own sweet will or it is tied to its mother's tail! The approach of this triple milk cart is announced by the musical chimes of three open sleighbells, which are fastened to the leather strap worn on the cow's neck.--Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

NERO, Pompey, and Caesar are common names for dogs, but wouldn't Agrippa be more appropriate?

"SAY, why is everything
Either at sixes or at sevens?"
Probably, my dear nervous sister, because
you are suffering from some of the diseases peculiar to your sex. You have a "dragging-town" feeling, the back-ache, you are debil-lated, you have pains of various kinds. Take V. Pierco's "Payorite Prescription" and cured. Price reduced to one dollar.

THE bootblack and the college professor vork for the same object—that of polishing the understanding.

druggists.

INDIGESTION, dyspepsia, nervous prostra-tion, and all forms of general debility relieved by taking Mensman's l'eptonized Beef Tonic, the only proparation of beef containing its en-tire nutritious properties. It contains bloodmaking, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; is invaluable in all enfeebled con-ditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or acute di-disease, particularly if resulting from pulmon-ary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., pro-

RICHELIEU was a smart man, but A. Lincoln was martyr. - Williamsport Breakfast

Eveny person is interested in their own affairs, and if this meets the eye of any one who is suffering from the effects of a torpid liver, we will admit that he is interested in getting well. Get a bottle of Prickly Ash Bitters, uso I as directed, and you will always be glad you read this item.

THE hen finds out the man who robs her lest. She is always laying for him.

Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs and Colds: "There is nothing to be compared with them."-Rev. O. D. Watkins,

A MEDICAL writer says that children need more wraps than adults. They generally get more.

To Southern Home-Seekers. The advance in price of Western lands, the

increased severity of Northern winters, and the consequent high price of fuel, has turned the attention of farmers, home-seekers, and others of delicate constitution to the mild climate, cheap-fuel, and low-priced lands of the South. Northern farmers, unacquainted with succession and cotton growing has a whom the South. Northern farmors, unacquainted with sugar-cane and cotten growing, have asked the question, Why cannot fruit-growing and stock-raising be made to pay in the South? To discuss these questions, so important to those seeking homes in the South, agricultural conventions have been held of late in Tonnessee, Mississippl, and Louisiana, and it has been proven beyond a doubt that diversified farming can be carried on in the South even more profitably than in the North. Lands are being seeded down, creameries built, and Northern methods of farming quite generally introduced. The result of all this has runned the tide of emigration Southward, and the

These points have been selected as a convenience to connecting lines in the sale of round-trip tickets. Stop-over privileges will be granted at all other points south of Martin, Tenn., and we are free to state that just a good and just as cheap lands can be bought at other than the points above mentioned. other than the points above mentioned.

For circulars concerning points South on the line of the Illinois Contral Railroad, where so many Northern people are now settling, apply to J. F. MEREY, General Western Pass. Agent I. C. R. R., Manchester, Iowa.

IF YOU ARE LOSING YOUR GRIP On life try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots. For weak men, delicate women

"BUCHU-PAIBA." Quick. complete cure, all annoying Kidney diseases, Catarrh of Bladder, &c. \$1.

If muslins, calloos, etc., appear to not wear or wash as well as formerly the reason is in the use of inferior alkaline—scap washing compounds that destroy the texture and neutralize the colors. Shun them! Use "Rough on Dirt."

One Cent Invested

In a postal card on which to send your address to Hallet & Co., Portland, Maine, will, by return mail, bring you, free, particulars about work that both sexes, of all ages, can do, and live at home wheever their card, and live at home, wherever they are located, earn-ing thereby from \$5 to \$25 per day and up-wards. Some have earned over \$50 in a single wards. Some have earned over \$50 in a single day. Capital not required; you are started free.

A City of Beautiful Women. Detroit, Mich., is noted for its healthy, handsome ladies, which the leading physicans and denorists there attribute to the general and druggists there attribute to the general use and popularity of Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM. If gray, restores to original color. An elegant dressing, softens and beautifies. No oil nor grease. A Tonic Restorative. Stops hair coming out; strongthens, cleanses, heals scalp. 50c. The best thing on earth to add to starch to give a good body and beautiful gloss, is "Rough on Dirt," only washing compound that can be so used. Makes ironing easy and saves the starch. The distriction Has dirt removing power double that of

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS for all the States, Mr. G. E. Reardon, Baltimore, Md., writes that he suffered for a long time with rheumatism which yielded to no treatment until he applied St. Jacobs Oil.

Ir may seem strange at the first thought, but the wave of a handkerchief has wrecked many a man of war,

EX-CONGRESSMAN WEAVER, Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C., considers Red Star Cough Cure a remarkable remedial agent. It cantains no dangerous narcotics and costs but 25 cents.

Or 704 gunshot wounds of the head 505 died and 199 recovered in the American army from the commencement of the war to October 1st, 1661. Of 32 cases of liver wounds, in the same army, 28 died. The Medical Times and Gazette, London, July 28, 1886, pp. 99-100.—Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.

GENT to waiter-"Bring me some grammatical and typographical errors.? Waiter (looking puzzled at first, but recovering in a moment his usual serenity): "We are just out of them, sir." "Then what do you mean by keeping them on your bill of fare?"

It Astonished the Public

To hear of the resignation of Dr. Pierce as a Congressman to devote himself solely to his labors as a physician. It was because his true labors as a physician. It was because his true constituents were the sick and afflicted everywhere. They will find Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" a beneficent use of his scientific knowledge in their behalf. Consumption, branchitis, cough, heart disease, fover and agne, intermittent fever, dropsy, particles gottes, or thick peek and all discovered. neuralgia, goitre, or thick neck, and all dis-cases of the blood, are cared by this world-re-nowned modicine. Its proporties are wonderful, its action magical. By druggists.

A HAIR-BREADTH escape does not seem narrow to a bald-headed man.

Is a cough disturbs your sleep, take Piso' Cure for Consumption, and rest well.

Spring Medicine. Everybody needs and should take a good sprin

medicine, for two reasons: rom medicine than at any other season. 2d. The impurities which have accumulated in the blood should be expelled, and the system given tone and strength, before the prostrating effects of warm weather are felt.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the best spring medicine for everybody. It purifies the blood. It sharpens the appetite. It tones the digestion. It overcomes debility. It builds up the whole system. Try it this spring, whole system. Try It this spring.
"When I bought Hood's Sarsaparilla I made a good
investment of one dollar in medicino for the first

time. It has driven off rheumatism and improved my appetite so much that my boarding mistress says I must keep it locked up or she will be obliged to raise my board with every other boarder that takes Hood's Sarsaparilla." THOMAS BURRELL, 93 Tillary St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Tones and Strengthens "I suffered considerably, being for nearly a year troubled with indigestion. I am now on my fourth in my life. It has made a new man of me," H. M HILLMAN, Desplaines Street Police Station, Chi

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared by C. 100 Doses One Dollar



BLOOD, LIVEL, BOW-ACH, KIDNEYS, BOW-ELS. &c. It Purifies the Blood, Invigorates and Cleanses the System. BITTERS DYSPEPSIA, CONSTI-CURES PATION, JAUNDICE ALLDISEASES OF THE SICKHEAD ACHE, BIL LIVER LOUS COMPLAINTS, &c AND

KIDNEYS disappear at once under STOMACH Itispurely a Medicine as its cathartic proper ties forbids its use as a BOWELS boverage. It is pleasant to the taste, and as easily taken by children as adults. ALLORUGGISTS PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO

PRICE BOLLAR Solo Proprietors, CATARRH I was so troubleated CALAM BALM

I was so troubleated CALAM BALM

With catarrh it seriously affected my
voice. One bottle of
Cream Balm did the
work. My voice to
fully restored. B. It
Liepsner, A. M.; Pas
tor of Olivet Baptist
Church, 'Philadelphia, Pa.

phia, Pa. A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable Price 5) cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts Circulars free. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N.

Atteneys, Washington, D. C. Instructions and opinions as to patentability FREE. 17 years'experience. GOGEBIC IRON MINING STOCKS bought & sold.
Milwaukee Mining Exchange, Milwaukee, Wis. Telephone 1334.

SPECULATE Fortunes have been made in a day terms used on the Board of Trade; sent irree to any address, R. Oliver & Co., Brokers, Rialto Bld'g, Olicago Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.

FARMS on James River, Va., in Claremont Stolony. Illustrated Circular Free J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Va LADIES A new mode of treating Piles. Send 5c. for Formula and Pumphlet to PAYNE BROS., 13H RIDGEVILLE, IND. MEXICAM War. Soldiers and Widows can now draw pensions. New Law, Fleen En & Co., Pension Attorneys, all wars, Washington, D. C. PENSIONS COLDECTED and Increased by Fitzgorald & Powell, Indianapolis, Ind. Old cares reopened. Send for copy of Laws, free.

to 58 a day. Samples worth \$1.50, FREE. Lines not under the horse's feet, Address Brewster's Safety Roin Holder, Holly, Mich. MONEY MADE FAST in Gogebic stocks, and new town lots. Security guaranteed. Maps, etc., H. F. Kirk & Co., Milwaukee, Wis,

Why did the Women

of this country use over thirteen million cakes of Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap in 1886?

Buy a cake of Lenox and you will soon understand why.

PIERCE's "Pleasant Purgative Pollets" are perfect preventives of constitution. Inclosed in glass bottles, always fresh. By all drug-

Cutiren collections are a sort of a catch penny affair.

"Rough on Dirt" wintens clothing yellowed Arong i on Dirl" Whitens ciolling vellowed by careloss washing or use of cheap washing compounds. Washes overything from finest laces to heaviest blankets. There need be no fear in using this article. Does not ret nor yel-low, 5 & 10c.

The nestest, quickest, safest and most powerful ren edy known for Rheumatism, Pieursy, Nouralgia, Lumbago, Backache, W. axness, col. s in the chest, and all aches and pams. Indorsed by 5,050 Physicirus and Druggists of the highest repute. Benson's Plasters promptly relieve art care when other plasters and greasy salves, linkments and lotions, are absolutely usaless. Beware of imitations under similar sounding names, such as "Capsicine," "Capatich," "Capsicine, as they are utterly worthless and intended to deceive, ASE FOR BENSON'S AND TAKE NO OTHERS, All druggists, SPARURY V.JOHNSON, Proprietors, New York.



Inrity. Do not experiment—got Outginsh, and Best Or. HARTER'S LIVER PILLS (Cure Constitution, Liver Compilaint and Slott Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage. THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

SEED POTATOES And how to double the yield, both SENT FREE, The LARGEST and best VIELDER KNOWN, Bug Rot and DRY WEATHER PROOF, Send stamp for particulars. G. HITTLE, Minter, III.

AGENTS WANTED for the Personal Memotr remarkable book. Everybody is curious to see it. I beats all the War Books. Ayents never had such a opportunity before. Write quick for special terms t HISTORICAL PUBLISHING CO., St. Louis, Ma

PARE WANT YOU all renergetic man be profitable employment to represent us in over county. Salary 375 per month and expenses, or a large commission on sales if preferred, Goods staple every one buys. Outlined particulars Free, STANDARD SILVERWARE CO., BOSTON, MASS. KIDDER'S PASTILLES Price Scient Stewell & Co.

WEAK from Nervous Debility, Vi tal Wasting, &c., send stamp for Book of Remedies, and cure yourself at home. Dr. J. RENNERT, Pern, Ind. MONEY MADE in Gogeble Stocks, Reliable information furnished. C. G. COX & CO. 164 New Insurance Building, Milwaukee, Wis

GURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Bost Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Uso
in time. Sold by druggists. GURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
In lost Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.

> October 15, 1886. E. T. HAZELTINE, Warron, Pa.

Dear Sir:

I was taken with a very severe cold last Spring, and tried every cure we had in the store, and could

get no help.

I had our village doctor prescribe for me, but kept getting worse. I saw another physician from Port Jorvis, N. Y., and he told me he used Piso's Cure for Consumption in his

I bought a bottle, and before I had taken all of it there was a change for the better. Then I got my employer to order a quantity of the medicine and keep it in stock. I took one more bottle, and my Cough was cured.

Respectfully, FRANK MCKELVY.

B OURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Dost Cough Byrup. Tastes good. Use Sin time. Sold by drugists. WOONEUMENION &

Marvellous Memory DISCOVERY.

Wholly unlike Artificial Systems—Cure of Mind Wanderlag—Any book learned in one reading. Heavy reductions for postal classes. Prospectus, with opnions of Mr. Processa, the Astronomer, Hons. W. W. Astron, JUDAH T. HESKAMIS, Drs. MINOR, Wood and others, sent post FREE, by others, sent post FREE, by
PROF. LOISETTE,
237 Fifth Avenue. New York



and Morphine Habit Owred in 19 to 30 days. Refer to 1000 patients cured in allparts. Dr. Marsh, Quincy, Mick-

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL



Chicago, rock island & Pacific R'Y

By reason of its central position, close relation to principal lines East of Chicago and continuous lines at terminal points West, Northwest and Sonthwest—is the only true middle-link in that transcentinental system which invites and facilitates travel and traffic in either direction between the Atlantic and Pacific. The Bock Island main line and branches include Chicago, Joliet, Ottava, La Salle, Peoria, Genesco, Moline and Rock Island, in Illinois; Davenport, Kiuscatine, Washington, Fairfeld, Ottunva, Oskaloosa, West Liberty, Iowa City, Des Moines, Indianola, Winterset, Atlantic, Knoxville, Auduben, Harlan, Guthrie Centre and Council Bluffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Tronton, St. Joseph, Cameren and Kansas City, in Missouri; Leavonworth and Atchison, in Kansas; Albert Lea, Winneapolis and St. Paul, in Minnesota; Watertown in Dakota, and hundreds of intermediate cities, towns and villages.

THE CREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

Guarantees Speed; Comfort and Safety to those who travel over it. Its roadbed is thoroughly ballasted. Its track is of heavy etcel. Its bridges are solid structures of tone and from. Its rolling stock is perfect as human skill can make it. It has all file safety appliances that mechanical genius has invented and experience proved valuable. Its practical operation is conservative and methodical-its discipline strict and exacting. The luxury of its passenger accommodations is unequaled in the West-unsurpassed in the world.

ALL EXPRESS TRAINS between Chicago and the Missouri River consist of comfortable DAY COACHES, magnificent PULLMAN PALACE PARLOR and SLEEPING CARS, elegant DINING CARS providing excellent meals, and —between Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison and Kansas City—restful RECLINING CHAIR CARS.

THE FAMOUS ALBERT LEA ROUTE

Is the direct, favorite line between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul. Over this route solid Fast Express Trains run daily to the summor resorts, picturesque localities and hunting and fishing grounds of Iowa and Minnesota. The rich wheat fields and grazing lands of interior Dakota are reached via Watertown. A short desirable route, via Seneca and Kankakee, offers superior inducements to travelers between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette and Council Bluffe, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, St. Paul and intermediate points.

All classes of patrons, especially families, ladies and children, receive from officials and employes of Rock Island trains protection, respectful courtesy and kindly attention.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders—obtainable at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada—or any desired information, address, E. A. HOLBROOK, R. R. CABLE: E. ST. JOHN,

Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt., Chicago Ass't Gen'l M'g'r, Chicago. Pres't & Gen'l M'g'r, Chicago. OWERS

Is The Best

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FISH BRAND

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THREE HUNDHED Men and Women wanted to cal artical that every one wants and will pay well. Send for particulars to GARPET STRETCHER AND TACK at CO. 70 Th rd Street, Milwankee, Wis. N. U., F. W. No. 11-87.
When Writing to Advertisers, please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper. Democratic State Ticket.

For Justice of the Supreme Court, eight years --LEVI T. GRIFFIN. For Justice of the Supreme Court, ten years-CHARLES H. CAMP. For Regents of the University— CHRISTIAN VANDERVEEN. RUFUS F. SPRAGUE.

Democratic Judicial Convention.

The Remocratic Judicial Convention for the 4th Judicial Circuit, composed of the countles of Jackson and Ingham, will be held at the court house in the been made to show that it has an unworthy city of Jackson on Friday, the 11th day of March, 1887, at 12 o'clock noon, to nominate a Circuit Judge, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. The representation will be the same as fixed for the state convention unless otherwise ordered by the convention. T. E. BARKWORTH.

Judicial Committee.

At the republican judicial convention held at Jackson yesterday, Russell C. Ostrander of Lansing, received the nomina-

Bartley Breen, democratic candidate for regent, having tendered his resignation, the state central committee has named in his place, Rev. Christian Vanderveen of Mon-

The forty-ninth congress adjourned or Friday last, leaving an excellent record, when it is considered that in all its efforts at reform and all business that would trend to its credit, it has been handicapped by a republican senate.

There is to be no fusion in name this spring on state ticket, but we fail to see any good reason why all men who support the principles which the democrats of Michigan proclaimed in 1884 and 1886, can not cheerfully labor for the election of the eminently worthy candidates named by that party in

O'Brien J. Atkinson, the gentleman nominated last week by the greenback convention for justice, in a very able letter, tendered his resignation, but at a meeting of the state committee Tuesday, it was declined and the ticket completed by naming John C. Blanchard of Ionia, for justice and Bartley Breen for regent.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, the world famed preacher of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, N. Y., died Tuesday morning. He had been for years one of the most popular pulpit and platform orators, and it is politician instead of a preacher, he would have been one of the greatest statesmen of others shout "Mr. Speaker," "Mr. Speaker," his generation.

all in his power to enforce the law against polygamy, and as evidence that he is succeeding, some of the mormon papers have commenced to kick vigorously. He is dojury, which we will soon publish.

The Charlotte Republican truly says "The nomination of Griffin by the democrats, to run against Judge Campbell, places the Evening News between the devil and the deep sea. The republican and the democratic conventions both ignored its advice and scorned its threats. The selfconstituted umpire of Michigan politics seems to have been knocked out by a hot ball in the pit of its stomach, as it were."

Neither the democratic, greenback or republican platforms even hint at the prohibitory amendment, neither of these parties to keep alive the interest in the president's desiring to favor or oppose it. Thus every person may vote as his conscience shall dictate, and still he can be in full harmony with his party. If you believe that prohi- rived here from Boston, then his nominabition will lessen the evils of intemperance, vote for it; but if you believe it will make it worse, then vote against it. Read everything you can get on the subject and hear every speech possible, and then vote honest.

The liquor dealers are organizing a vigorous and aggressive campaign against the prohibitory amendment. - Muson News.

So they are. A feature of their "aggres. sive" tactics is the hiring of republican papers to boom the anti-prohibition cause. This they are doing wherever they can find services of two or three of the gentry in "rich."—Lansing Journal.

The most striking episode of the democratic state convention occurred when, in presenting the resolutions, Judge Chipman mentioned President Cleveland's name. There was no ficticious preparation for it, no expectation of what followed. The and in his ripened sketches of Washington speaker himself was proceeding to close the sentence which he was speaking, evidently without the slightest idea that any. thing impressive or stirring had been said, haustible, But the president's name had no sooner. fallen upon the ears of the mass of delegates, than first a dozen, then a hundred, and then the whole convention were on that it will prove a valuable contribution to their feet, cheering for Cleveland. There never was a more hearty, and at the same time a more spontaneous indorsement of a tion for all, and we doubt if it has been man. It meant more than a thousand complimentary resolutions, and, coming from a large convention called without an effort to shape its personnel or its views, it must be taken as a true expression of the democracy of the state. - Free Press.

The Jackson Patriot calls attention to the fact that a democratic house and president have saved in the past three months, over \$200,000,000 of needless expenditures proposed and approved by a republican senate. Place that to the credit of a democratic administration.1

Washington Letter.

From our regular correspondent

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 4, 1887. Ere this letter reaches you the forty ninth congress will have expired, and I had as well write its obituary a few hours in advance of its demise.

Many criticisms and slurs and flings have been leveled at it during the two brief years of its existence, and many attempts have record. But as a matter of fact it makes a much better showing than any recent congress has done, especially when it is remembered that it was democratic in one branch and republican in the other, and conse quently unequipped for barmonious and

One reason that it was constantly derided and revited as a failure was because extravgant promises were made for it and more was expected than could be accomplished, where one house was under the control of a vigorous and alert opposition. The fortyseventh congress was republican in both branches and yet it did nothing that is worthy of mention, while the little that it

did was done very badly. The forty-ninth has enacted a law providing for the presidential succession; a law for silver certificates; a law reducing the fee for money orders; a law forfeiting unearned land grants and restoring about seventyfive million acres to the public domain open for actual settlers; a law in the interest o the merchant marine; a law providing for a valuable addition to the navy; a law for a national library; a law allotting lands in the severalty to the indmns; the interstate commerce law; a law establishing arbitraion in labor controversies; and it has redeemed trade dollars and extended the

free delivery system. While there is life there is hope, and while I am writing the forty-ninth has three more hours to live. It is frantic in its of forts to make the most of this brief period lay. of grace, and bills are rushing through

orm measure has not passed. There have been night sessions in both nds of the capitol during the week and ively scenes have occurred in the house brough the wild efforts of members want ing little bills through to catch the speaker's eye. It is amusing and even pathetic to see the engerness with which members stand in their places after morning prayer and wait for Speaker Carlisle to finish laying before the house the documents and person al requests that accumulate on his desk When he is through and his eye is supposed to be abroad in the house, the anxious members flourish bits of paper aloft in order the opinion of many, that had he been a to attract his glance, while occasionally one

all at once. The speaker is imperturbable and his The many Ingham county friends of voice is always calm and steady, no matter Hon. H. P. Henderson will be glad to know how excited his surroundings. At last evening's session a score of members rushen into the space in front of the clerk's nir, vociferously claimed recognition. The confusion on the floor, added to the buzz of conversation in the galleries, which were filled to their utmost capacity, was so great ing hard and consciencious work. We have for a time that business had to be suspend extracts from a recent charge to the grand ed, and it was only by loud rappings of the gavel and repeated appeals to the members to preserve the proprieties, assisted by the efforts of the sergeant at arms and his deputies that the speaker succeeded in restor-

ing comparative order. The president is overwhelmed with work and remains at his desk during a greater portion of the night. These are the busiest days of the year, if not of his whole term. Congress must adjourn at noon to day, and fail. For the past few days he has had more than a hundred bills lying before him at a time, for as fast as he could dispose of them others were brought in. Many of them require close examination which consumes much time.

Three important incidents have occurred nomination of James M. Trotter of Hyde Park, Mass., to be recorder of deeds in place of the colored appointee from Albany, re cently rejected by the senate. First, he artion was acted upon adversely, and he was appointed, a little latter, by the present incumbent, deputy recorder of deeds, all on the same day.

Announcement of Ben Perley Poore's

Rook. Sixty years of a busy journalist's life at Washington are epitomized in Maj. Ben. Perley Poore's two superb volumes. One of the admirers of the Major recently said that "at a judiciously ripe period of life the Major stopped growing old, and since then, a republican editor whose influence is worth like some of the choice Maderia of which purchasing at all. They have secured the he writes with so much feeling, he has only been accumulating boquet and flavor." Maj. this vicinity, and they don't have to pay Poore has been one of the best known and very much for them, either. In fact, the one of the most knowing men in Washingstalwart knights of the quill were mighty ton society for half a century. His is the glad to get the job. It has been a long sunny temperament delighting in bright, for Warren to return home, or hear the But, strange to say, a reaction had set time since they struck anything quite so social intercourse. Yet his connection with daily journalism and his position in the U. S. senate placed him always in the thick of political affairs and social gossip. He was ever in the Washington "Swim," breasting the waves with jovial vigor, and never fail-

life every phase reminds him of half a dozen amusing anecdotes. He has a rare gift in telling a story, and his anecdotes are inex-

His book will not only add lastre to his fame as a writer, but is of so unique a character and so intensely interesting in matter the literature of the country. It has mirth for the mirthful, wit for the witty, informaequalled by any subscription book since the

It is being issued by the well-known house of Hubbard Bros, and is sold exclusively by subscription, A. W. MILLS Tecumsel, Mich., General Agent.

HELEN LAKEMAN:

The Story of a Young Girl's Struggle With Adversity.

BY JOHN R. MUSICK. AUTHOR OF "THE BANKER OF BEDFORD, "WAITER BROWNFIELD," ETC.

> CHAPTER XX. WARREN AND PETE

While the stirring events we have related were transpiring, Warren Stuart was in Chicago in blissful ignorance of it all. He found his father's real estate agent a very pleasant businesslike gentleman, and very rapid in all his work save Mr. Stuart's.

Warren was delayed from day to day

until he began to suspect that his father had requested that he be retained some time in the city. He wrote repeatedly to Helen Lakeman, but received no answer. His mother wrote him affectionate letters, telling him every thing except what he really wished to know. If there is any thing more annoying than to receive a letter which contains every thing except just what you want to know, we have never discovered it. Mr. and Mrs. Stuart seemed to possess that remarkable faculty of talking or writing all around a subject without touching it. Three words, three strokes of the pen, would have saved Warren many sleepless nights. But those words did not come. He felt sure they would not. He ceased to write to Helen, and wrote to his sister Rose. In her he had a warm, sympathetic friend.

Warren little dreamed what was transpiring at home. His next letter from his father stated that Rose had received his last and would answer it soon; it continued urging him to remain until the agent had finished the abstract for him.

"It's all nonsense for me to stay here," said Warren, chafing at this de-lay. "The matter could all have been transacted by mail, and I am cooped rapidly. It is hoped and expected that up here for nothing. I am doing nothamong them will be the one changing inauling, at a dead expense, and have a guration day from the bleak, windy 4th of notion to go home." The next morn-March to the soft balmy day that the 30th ling he went to the agent and asked of April brings. At this moment the re him if he could get the abstract that day in time to go home.

"No," said the agent, tossing back his iron - gray locks, and smiling serenely. "It will be impossible. Just be contented; don't get homesick, and all will go right yet.'

"But this delay is useless. I don't see why the whole matter can not be settled by mail."

*"We may find a purchaser for the property," said the gentleman, bringing a cigar from his case, trimming the end of it, and then with a flourish, bringing it to his mouth.

"Do you know how soon you will be ready for me to return?"

"I can't say, just yet, but hope soon to have the matter all fixed up satisfactorily."

The agent then brushed his vest and coat with his hand, stroked his irongray whiskers and elevated his feet desk, and waiving their bills wildly in the to the top of the desk before him. His boots were blacked and his clothes brushed with care. Taking his ivoryhandled cane, he tapped the toes of his boots leisurely, as though he were in no particular hurry about any thing. Warren fixed his eyes on him a moment and became more impatient,-can not the agent work on the abstract this morn ing? (The agent has not worked an

hour in the last week on the abstract.) No, the agent says he has another matter to attend to this morning, and it will not be at all convenient. Warren is more impatient, and if he had the any bills in his hands undisposed of must authority would hunt up another agent After pacing the floor a moment or two, strangers come in to talk on business, and Warren goes out. Goes to his

hotel in no very amiable frame of mind. People sometimes "over do" a thing, as Western folks say. In this case the enemies of Helen Lakeman and Warren Stuart, in their earnest zeal, had carried their point a little too far. Hallie Arnold was triumphant at having exposed that bold-faced hired girl to the world. Never did a game cock crow over a vanquished enemy more than she did at the girl's fall.

"I guess this'll learn Warren Stuart a lesson," she said to herself. "He'll know hereafter how to slight respectable girls for a pot slinger.

She longed to tell Warren herself. But Hallie had too much sense to write to him. He should hear it all, but not through her. She would find an emmissary to do her work for her. After taking several in her mind and dropping them, she finally fixed on Bill Jones' wife, the keeper of the poorhouse. Sallie Jones was acquainted with Warren, could write "a tolerable hand," and was the very person to break the news. Instead of waiting cumstances to fasten the guilt upon her. story from some one else, she got Sal Jones to write to him.

The next morning, after Warren's last visit to the agent, he received a letter addressed in a strange scrawling like all other Western towns, had two ing to hear or see what was said and done.

The Major could never be very solemu, puzzled to know who it was from, he puzzled to know who it was from, he subscription of four hundred each-had broke it open. He read it about half two columns, and several "souibs." through, and sank into a chair groaning, while the letter dropped at his feet. He was alone in his room. After a few moment she again seized the letter and, as the catch line. The pity was for the read it through. It was as follows:

"NEWTON. May ---, 18---. Mister Warren Stuart, i reckin you will be urprised to git a lettur from me, but I have not furgot you i that i would rite an' tell you the nuse, yur folks is well. Hallie Arnold is stil the bell. 2 ur 8 town fellers are a most ded fur her but we know she don't want 'em, that hired girl of yur mams turned out bad. She got so bad yur folks had to drive her off, an' then she went 1 nite with a strange feller to Mistur Arnold's an' stole som money an' juelry, now they hey got her in jale, an' the little boy we are keepin' no moar at present. Hop you will be home sune. Gurd bi yur frond, SALLY JONES."

faith in the poor girl's innocence. The such a blunder as that. long silence, the fact that he received | About three days before the trial. no letters, this unnecessary journey, Clarence, who had sought in vain for convinced him that there was a deep his brother's address, went to Newton conspiracy. He seized his hat and to consult the lawyer, Mr. Layman. valise, paid his hotel bill, which left His father had grown more kindly tohim with lifty-five cents in his pocket. ward the girl, though he declared he He walked down the street to a shop, where three brass balls indicated the knew she must be guilty. business carried on within;—there he pawned his gold watch for twenty dol-He bought a ticket to Stratton, which lie sympathy for his client. He went to was only forty miles from Newton. At Stratton he must change cars, but | tion, and found her much more sad and | he was assured that the connection was | dejected than at first. close. Filled with anxiety, and harrassed by doubts and fears, Warren traveled all day and all the following night. He did not take a sleeping coach, because his limited means would not allow this luxury. Occasionally he dozed as the train thundered along over rolling prairies, forest glades and down the beautiful valleys. The moon was riding high in the heavens, and the

gracef" At sunrise the next morning the train arrived at Stratton. Our hero got off and asked the first man he saw how soon the first train to Newton would come in.

stars twinkled upon the earth. He

asked himself: "How is this all to end

will I be enabled to save her from dis-

"It is six hours late, sir, and will not be here before twelve or one o'clock," the junction agent answered.

Although half wild with delay, our nero could do nothing but wait. As he was going into the dining hall he ran against Pete, the peddler. "Hello, Warren, ye're just here in a

nick o' time," said Pete. "Did ye hear about yer gal?



"Pete, let's take a room, I want to

icar it all from you Pete had walked over from Big Sandy the day before, and last night was the first he had heard of it, but the whole country was talking over the supposed larceny.

"It's all a lie," said Pete, "it's every bit o' it a lie, made out o' whole cloth, and shabby goods at that."

"Is she really in jail, and have you seen her?" asked Warren, anxiously. Pete explained that he had been on a rading tour and had not seen Helen since he left her at Arnold's, but he had the strongest faith in her innocence, and knew that he could convince Squire Bluffers in three minutes.

"The trial comes off to-day," said Pete, "an' ef that blasted train were on time we could make it before it begins."

"Yes, and it may be over, and she committed before we get there," said Warren.

"That's so; but all we can do is

"Why was it behind time on this morning?" said Warren. "Can we not walk there?"

"No; nor hire a carriage that'll take us any sooner than the train, ef it comes even at one o'clock.

Warren went out on the depot platform and began walking back and forth the full length of it. Pete persuaded him to eat some breakfast, but it was a small amount, and then he continued walking up and down the platform, while his whole soul seemed on fire at the delay.

> CHAPTER XXI. THE DYING CHILD.

The nearer Helen Lakeman's trial approached, the less chance there seemed to be of proving her innocence. There were so many corroborating cirin. Public sentiment, as to the belief in her guilt, was just the same, but she was gaining sympathy every day. The weekly Newton papers-for Newton, newspapers with an average cord-wood

devoted to larceny. One headed the column of his article "A Pity," and the other had "Shame" girl, and the shame was that she should be so neglected that she should be forced to steal for herself and little brother. These two papers were the Newton Republican and the Newton Democrat, both political sheets, whose main idea was to carry the county for their party in order to get the public printing, which is the lifeblood of many a country newspaper. the one idea of sympathy for the poor sister Helen. She went off with a Sold in Mason by H. M. Williams. Both seemed to harmonize, for once, on

Warren arose, crushing the badly girl, even to suggesting a pardon, written, badly spelled epistle in his should she be convicted. This set peohands. Illiterate as the letter was, ple to talking. Many who had known there was a depth of shrewdness in it her formerly, and knew what a sweet, which he knew did not belong to Sally patient girl she had been; how she had Jones. He paced the floor a moment, borne her misfortunes-declared she and then his resolution was formed. ought to be acquitted, even if she were Noble fellow-the darts of slander found | guilty. Of course she was guilty. no vulnerable point in his armor of Judge Arnold never would have made

was actuated only by sympathy. He

Clarence saw Mr. Layman and talked with him about the case. That gentlelars, and hurried away to the depot. | man had little hope, save the strong pubsee Helen to offer some words of consola-

"Have you seen my little brother?" were almost the first words she uttered. held the little sufferer. "No, Helen, I declare I was so busy about you, that I forgot Amos, but I guess he's all right.'

"He's at the poor-house," she said. "What! in the hands of that scoun-

drel, Bill Jones? It can not be." Helen assured him he was there, and ing before her arrest had resulted in a dangerous fever. wondered if there could be any truth in

Clarence vowed he should be taken "Sal's" letter. Again and again he home that night, and in a hour was rattling away to the poor-house. When he reached the front gate, a miserable, rotten, tumble-down affair, he was necosted by Bill Jones, the keeper, a pipe in his mouth, and his hands in his pockets:

"What do you want here, Clarence?"

he demanded. "I came here for the little sick boy," Clarence answered.

"Which un?"

"Amos Lakeman." "Who've you got your orders from?" "From Heaven," answered Clarence,

hitching his horse, and pushing on through the gate past the burly keeper. "Ye'd better show your writin's." "Where is he?" demanded Clarence.

At this moment Simple Nancy, with her hideous giggle, arose from behind doubtful. a tree, and said: "This way, this way."

He followed the woman to an old hut, dark, miserable and dirty. There, on a wrotched bed, lay the wasted form of little Amos. His crutches were near him, but he would never need them again. He was about

to take wings to the land of eternal

day, where sorrow and suffering are Clarence was a strong youth, and deemed it a weakness to weep, yet he could not repress his tears at this sight of misery.

"Amos, my dear little boy," he said, 'I have come to take you home with me. Do you want to go?"

It was with an effort, the little fellow said: "Yes-yes, it's so nice there. The angels will come to me there, and I'm goin' to die soon. They'll never come to take me to Heaven if I die here."

"You shall go at once," said Clar-

"Well, we'll see!" cried Bill Jones, with an oath. He stood in the door, his fists elenched. The timid paupers fled at the first indications of hostilities.

Clarence was rash and indiscreet in this, as he showed himself to be in all other things. At a bound he struck the ruffian. Jones, a blow in the mouth. which felled him to the ground. Jones was lardly prepared for such an attack, and learned to his cost the power of that Herculean arm.

Seizing the frightened child. Clarence bore him to the buggy, sprang in and drove off, leaving Bill Jones to wonder whether a thunder-bolt, or falling mortar had struck him.



CLARENCE RESCUES AMOS.

The little sufferer made no complaint on the road, though at times his pain exeruciating. Rose and her mother met Clarence, who bore the sick child in his arms. The cleanest. whitest sheets, the softest bed and pillows were prepared for him.

Little Amos was too much exhausted to speak his gratitude, but from his pale face, and sad eyes, came the expressions of thanks. A smile spread over the wasted features, worn by suffering, and he whispered:

"They come here now-they'll come ıgain.' "Who will come, little dear?" asked

Mrs. Stuart. "The angels-they come to me before when I was here, and now, when I die, they will find me, because you are good

here, so good."

strange man, and she has been gone so long. Oh, why don't she come back?" "She will come back, Amos."

"But I am going to die, and I want o see her before I do."

"You must not think of dying," said

the kind Mrs. Stuart. "The doctor at the poor-house said I nust die, and I want to see sister Helen before I go: I want to kiss her once more and have her arms around me." "She will come home Monday," said Mrs. Stuart. She had determined to induce her husband to go on Helen's bond should she be committed by the magistrate. The preliminary examination would be on Monday next, and she could then be bailed out, if not acquitted.

Amos wanted to know when it would be Monday, and Mrs. Stuart said it would be only two days more. She called her husband in the room to see the little sick boy. Beneath that rugged exterior the farmer had a kind heart, and tears gathered in his eyes as he be-

He sent Will, his youngest son, to Newton for the best physician, and took a seat by the bedside of the little

"You look better, now," said the boy, who noticed the change in Mr. Stuart. "You don't frown at me any very ill. The wetting he got the even- more, you are not mad at Amos now." "No, my little boy, I was never mad at you."

"Every thing is so bright; I am sure I am going to die, because every body is better, and the angels are coming."

"No, no, Amos, you will not die; you must live, and I will give you a pony and some little lambs, and you shall stay here all the time."

The prospects of life were so bright at these promises that the face grew honeful.

The doctor came, and Mr. Stuart met

him in the hall. "Saye that child, if possible, doctor; if you have to devote every hour of your time to him." Mr. Stuart felt now that his stubbornness had been the cause of all this misery. He hated the proud Mrs. Arnold and her tales of mild scandal.

The doctor said there was but little hope. Amos might live, but it was very

Little Amos would sleep a few moments, and then awake and ask if it was Monday, had Helen come; "oh, would she come before he died?"

The fatal Monday came. The doctor came at one o'clock, and announced that the child could not live long-that he was dying even then.

"I know it," the little cripple said. "The angels are waiting to take me away." Then his face would light up with a smile that seemed nothing less than a reflection of the beams from the open gates of Paradise. "There is only

one thing I want," he said. "What is that?" asked Mrs. Stuart. "Tell me what you wish, little dear, and if it is in my power, it shall be granted."

I want to see sister Helen and tell her good-bye. Just let me see her once more before I go, that I can tell father and mother she is happy."

Who could deny the request of the dying child. Clarence was ordered to harness the swiftest horse to the lightest vehicle and drive, without regard to horse-flesh, to the village. He must stop the trial and bring Helen there at all hazards, and to say that he, Mr. Stuart, would be responsible for the

Five minutes later Clarence was driving his swift-footed Prince at a dead run toward Newton. TO BE CONTINUED.

Can't Sleev Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c. Sold by H. M. Williams and O.W. Halstead



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here, so good."

"You will not die now, Amos, you must get well again, and be happy and hear the birds sing, and watch the lambs play in the pasture, as you used to do."

"No," said Amos, "I will never be well again here, but oh, I want to see sister Helen. She went off with a said in Macon by H. William.

A GREAT MISTAKE

has heretofore been made in the treatment of rheumatism, neuralgia, and nervous or sick headache. This is evidenced by the failure on the part of thousands of sufferers to find relief, even though they have exhausted the skill of various physicians and tried numerous so-called remedies. To such Athlophoros is offered as a safe, sure, and quick cure. Its success has been phenomenal, and yet it is not surprising because it will do all that is claimed for it. The Athlophoros Co. will gladly refer any who desire to make an investigation to reliable parties who have been cured by it.

Mrs. D. C. Pickett, Columbus, Wis., says: "It is a little over a year ago since I was so badly afflicted. The disease was in every nerve and muscle of my body; I was completely prostrated and helpless for four weeks; I could not bear to be touched, as even the weight of a finger would cause the greatest pain, and I was in constant dread of its getting into the heart, in fact it bordered very close to it, and the doctor had very grave doubts as to my getting I had taken many different kinds of medicines, but was recommended to try Athlophoros, was positive it would help me. Oh, how sick it made me, and had it not been for the persistent efforts of my husband I don't think I should have continued taking it; but he insisted so strongly that I kept on with it. In about fivedays began to improve, and when I had finished taking the botttle I was well. I only took a small dose as the medicine was so strong."

Madison, Wisconsin. I have used Athlophoros for rheumatism and I can cheerfully say with the most satisfactory results. Gro. W. HUNTLEY,

66 Pinckney Street. Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be brught of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is \$1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c, for Pills... For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, in-digession, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constitution, headache, impure blood, dec., Athlophores Fiils are uncanaled.

Day and Night

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I have been a practicing physician for twenty-four years, and, for the past twelve, have suffered from annual attacks of Bronehitis. After exhausting all the usual remedies

Without Relief,

I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It helped me immediately, and effected a speedy cure.—G. Stoveall, M. D., Carrollton, Miss. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is decidedly the best remedy, within my knowledge, for chronic Bronchitis, and all lung diseases. - M. A. Rust, M. D., South Paris, Me.

I was attacked, last winter, with a severe Cold, which, from exposure, grew worse and finally settled on my Lungs. By and many sented ou my Langs. In high sweats I was reduced almost to a skeleton. My Cough was incessant, and I frequently spit blood. My physician told me to give up business, or I would not live a month. After taking various remedies without relief, I was finally

Cured By Using

am now in perfect health, and able to resume business, after having been pronounced ineurable with Consumption.— S. P. Henderson, Saulsburgh, Penn.

For years I was in a decline. I had weak lungs, and suffered from Bronchitis and Catarrh. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral restored me to health, and I have been for a long time comparatively vigorous. In case of a sudden cold I always resort to the Pectoral, and find speedy relief.— Edward E. Curtis, Rutland, Vt.

Two years ago I suffered from a severe Bronchitis. The physician attending me became fearful that the disease would terminate in Pneumonia. After trying various medicines, without benefit, he finally prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved me at once. I continued to take this medicine a short time, and was cured-- Ernest Colton, Logansport, Ind.

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F. B. DICKERSON & CO. DETROIT, MICH.

The Mail Routefrom

DANSVILLE TO MASON, Having been discontinued, the subscriber will hereafter run a vehicle over the road daily (Sundays and Fourth of July excepted) for the conveyance of passongers, express, and freights, at reasonable ates, leaving Dansville at eight o'clock a. m. and arriving at Mason ator before 10 a. m., and returning at such times each day as shall best promote the convenience of the public. GEO. W. GLYNN.

Dansville. Mich. July 1st. 1879.

Mason Markets.

Por Bushel ... CORN In the ear, per bushel..... CLOVER SEED, per bushel..... TIMOTHY SEED Per bushel..... BUCKWILLAT FLOUR POF 100 pounds.

BUTTER.

IARD Por pound

APPLIES Dried, per pound

PEACHES Dried, per pound. LIVE STOCK AND MEAT

Fighum County Agmocrat.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Weather indications for to day, warm and clear.

Your Folks and Our Folks.

Alva Opdyke is again clerking for Brown Bros.

E. G. Hunt of Ionia was in the city yesterday.

S. H. Beecher was quite ill for a few lays but is about again.

Francis Densmore Sundayed with rela-Dr. Ranney of Lansing, was in the city

on professional business Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. H. Gambling, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Shaw of Leslie,

ast week. W. L. Grove and Miss Lenn Cooper of annsing, were guests of F. C. Sayers over

Sunday. Mr. Heron, the affable agent of the

Detroit Tribune, made us a pleasant call M. L. Campbell of Leslie, who recently

suffered a broken leg, is again able to be at his store daily. Thaddens Densmore has been confined to the house for a few days, caused by a

gathering in his head. Mrs. A. I. Barber and her neice, Miss Carrie Fiske of Bay City, are visiting relatives and friends at Eaton Rapids.

M. E. Haskill and wife of Traverse City attended the wedding last evening of Mi Haskill's brother Will, of Aurelius.

Mrs. E. J. Moore and daughter Claraeave to day for Ohio, on business connect ed with the settlement of Mrs. Moore's

Miss Vesta Lanagan of Milwaukee, Wis. left for her home yesterday morning, after a visit of several weeks with the family of

Jay Lewis, the affable railroad agent and operator at Waters, Otsego county, is spend. To citizens of Michigan during the past ing a week with his parents in Alaiedon and

hast week, we are happy to annouce is rapidly recoving, his injuries being hardly so

severe as reported last week. Rev. and Mrs. F. Hoyt were called to Owosso Tuesday by the serious illness of Mrs. Van Dusen, Mrs. Hoyt's mother. They returned last evening, Mrs. Van Dusen being considerably improved.

Master Carney Woodhouse of this city, s the dandy among the youngsters when he is home over Sunday, because he wears handsome badge inscribed "Messenger Journal Clerk, House of Representatives.

Mrs. M. D. True and little daughter of this city, and Miss Jennie Osborn of Ing-

James M. Shenrer, of Lansing township, one of the earliest pioneers of Ingham county, and one of the earliest hotel men f Mason, attended the official meeting of the pioneer society in this city last Friday, and remained until Saturday, the guest o his old-time friend, Isnac W. Horton.

Mr. Frank Sherman and family now reside in Mrs. Dunning's house on east Oak street and Jno. C. Squiers and family will soon occupy the residence vacated by Mr.

fell last Sunday morning, fracturing both bones of her leg between the ankle and knee. This is a severe affliction for Mrs. Thorn as it will doubtless confine her to the house for several months.

The non-partisan amendment mass meet ng at the court house last Friday was not argely attended, though an interesting gether with an attenday of twenty-five dollars provided for therein in case of foreclosure, which said pieces or parcels of land are described as follows to wit: The west half (1/2) of the south-west quarter (1/2) of section number thirteen (1/3), both of the above described pieces of land being in the township of Onondaga, Ingham county, state of Michigan.

Dated, Mason, March 10, 1887.

SAMUEL J. P. SMEAD, The non-partisan amendment mass meet largely attended, though an interesting meeting was held. Rev. Frank Hoyt was made chairman and short addresses were listened to from several gentlemen present. An organization for carrying on the work

in behalf of the amendment was perfected, with Rev. Frank Hoyt of Mason, president; R. J. Bullen of Aurelius, vice president Chas. M. Shafer of Mason, trensurer; and R. A. Clark of Lansing, county agent.

One day last week Rev. Frank Hoyt was at work about his farm in the western part of the city, when he noticed very strang 75 actions by his dog. The animal frothed at the mouth and would bite at the sled and horses, and anything that came near him, @2 40 and finally came at Mr. Hoyt and bit him slightly on the hand. Mr. Hoyt had a corn cutter in his hand and dispatched his dogship at once. It is needless to say this © 300 | naturally contented gentleman has been a © 12 | little nervous ever since, though he has experienced no bad results, and it is to be 9@ 10 hoped he may be spared the terrible affliction which might follow in case the dog was

Ayer's Sarsaparilla will remove that tired

Many Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's 00@4 50 Sold by M.H. Williams and O.W.Halstead.

Circuit Court

The March term of the circuit court for ngham county convened at Lansing, on Monday last, with quite a large calendar, there being 14 criminal cases, 63 issues of fact, 2 issues of law, 8 imparlance and 26 chancery cases.

Judge Gridley was on hand and a very good representation of the Ingham county bar when Sheriff Call announced the opening of the term.

The negro, Thomas Britton of Leslie, was arraigned on the charge of burglary and he plead guilty. Later in the day he was sentenced to two years and six months

Charles Smith, who is charged with steal ing a horse and cutter from J. H. Stringham of Onondaga, was arraigned, plead not guilty and Jason E. Nichols was appointed to defend him.

The cases of Byron Rogers, forgery, and Wm. A. Miller, charged with larceny from Bement & Sons, were nolle prossed, and the cases against ex-City Treasurer E. B Wood, embesziement, and Fred Johnson, bastardy, were continued until the next Webster vs. Leftler and McKane term. vs. the Chicago & Grand Trunk Company were settled. Cole vs. Cole and Wright vs. Asselline, continued. A new trial was ordered in Lansing Brick and Tile Company vs. Lucas and Graham, and in Matilda Morley vs. L. S. Hudson, security for costs was ordered filed within 10 days.

Judge Gridley was obliged to return to Jackson Monday evening to preside over an important railroad case during the week. Judge Hooker of Charlotte, was to take his

Judge Hooker was on hand Tuesday morning and remained long enough to adjourn court until next Monday. The cases on call for next Monday are

the People vs. Charles Smith, largeny; the Pure Ground Mustard, 25c, People vs. Charles L. Grimes, uttering forged instrument; the People vs. George Steers, attempting to steal, appeal; James T. Monroe vs. Hattie Dayton, garnishee defendant, trover; Enoch Smith vs. Edward Sparrow, survivor, etc., breach of covenant: Abram Hayner vs. Abram Anderson and Thomas Anderson, assumpsit; and Peter DeLamarter vs. Jacob C. Fritz, assumpsit.

week, and reported expressly for the DEMO-CRAT by C. A. Snow & Co., patent lawyers, opp. U. S. patent office, Washington, D. C. Alderman A. V. Peck and City Marshad
J. P. Smith, accompanied by their wives,
attended the funeral at Jackson yesterday
of a Miss Peck, a neice of A. V.

Frank M. Lyon, who was so terribly
injured in the capitol elevator at Lansing,
hast week, we are happy to announce is rap-O. D. Parks, Saranac, sprinkler.

> Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough otc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by Sold by H. M. Williams and O.W. Halstead

Probate Order. ESTATE OF MORGAN BUCHANAN, DECEASED. State of Michigan, county of Ingham, ss. Probate

art for said county. Estate of Morgan Buchanan, Notice is hereby given that Arthur Buchanan, the administrator of said estate, has filed his final account, and that I have appointed the 26th day of March next, at ten o'cleck in the forenoon, at the probate office in said county, as the time of hearing thereon. Dated Musson, March 8th, 1837.

10w2 Q. A. SMITH, Judge of Probate.

Sherman on Okemos street.

Every mother should keep Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in case of croup and sudden colds.

Joseph Jeffords, who clerks for J. P. Horton, was tried Saturday for selling liquor to a drunkard, and resulted in a disagreement of the jury. The case will be tried again next Saturday, before Justice Hammond.

Mrs. D. B. L. Thorn of the first ward, a lady well advanced in years, slipped and fell hast Sunday morning, fracturing both Mortgage Sale. and three hundred and one dollars and six cents (31,—301.06), and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover any part thereof, natice is therefore hereby given, that on Friday, the 3d day of June. A. D. 1887, at ten o'clock in the forencon of said day, I shullsell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the west (front) door of the fuglant county court house in the city of Mason, Michigan, that building being a place for holding the circuit court for said county), the premises described in said mortgage, or as much theroof as shall be necessary to satisfy the said amount due on said mortgage. esary to satisfy the said amount due on said more

SAMUEL J. P. SMEAD.

John C. Squiers, Attorney for Assignee.

ADVERTISERS or others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on filesat 45 to 49 Randolph St., LORD & THOMAS, the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

"OUR DEPORTMENT," By JOHN H. YOUNG, A. M.

Hy JOHN H. YOUNG, A. M.

In all experience in the book business, prolably no book ever published has, for its age, reached: a sale equal to 'Our Deportment,' Like the bible, it grows better as it grows older. Its sale has now reached nearly 500,000 and the demand continues. As a book for agents the following will testify: One agent has sold alone over 7000, another 2500, another 2000, another 1000 agents by personal caivass. Anyone doubting this we will give names and address of the agents.

Prices of book \$2.00 and \$2.25. Outfit, \$1.00. Terms [Mention this F. B. DICKERSON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

PRINTING

AT THIS OFFICE.

SMITH & MCLEOD, Merchant Tailors!

SPRING SUMMER GOODS

Largest and Best Selected Stock of Woolens ever brought to Mason

Our Woolens comprise a fine variety of the Latest Novelties as well as Choicest Thanking you for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same, we Respectfully Yours,

SMITH & McLEOD, Fashionable Tailors, Mason.

See this Price List!

We must close out our goods by April 1st, Regardless of the Loss to Us.

Kirk's Savon, 6 for 25c, Anti-Washbourd, 5 for 25e, U. G. Sonp. 6 for 25c, White Lily, 5 for 25c,

24 K Sonp, 5 for 25c, White Magic, 6 for 25e, Hoffman's Crystal, 4 for 25c. Magnetic, 5 for 25c, Chief Soap, 4 for 25c,

3 lb Bars, 2 for 42c, Pure Ground Pepper, 25c, Pure Ground Cinnamon, 25c. Pure Ground Cloves, 25c, Pure Ground Allspice, 25c,

Pure Cream Tartar, 25c. Pure Cayenne Pepper, 40c, Pure Ground Ginger 25c. Whole Cloves 20c, Whole Allspice 25c Peppers 25c Pickling Spices 25c,

Choice 50c Ten, 40c, Choice 75c Ten, 60c, Choice 60e Ten, 50c, Choice 10c Tea, 35c, Good 25c Tea, 15c English Currants 6c. Turkish Prunes 5c,

No. 8 Tinned Tacks, 3 for 5c, Rice 41c and 6c per pound, Pure Cider Vinegar 124c, Royal Baking Powder 40c, DeLand's Baking Powder 40c, Henkle's Bak'g Powder 40c Valley City (with Etchings) 40c,

Monarch Baking Powder 25c, Snowflake Baking Powder 10c, Prepared Mustard 40c per gal Mixed Pickles 50c per gal., Pickled Onions 50c per gal, Mixed Pickles, in bottles, 15c,

Cucumber Pickles, 3 doz, 20e Chow Chow, in bottles, 15c, Worcestershire Sauce 15c.

Durkee's Salad Dressing 25c, Home Made Catsup 18c, Home Made Mince Meat 8c, GREEN COFFEE.

25c Java 20c, 20c Rio 17c, 18c Rio 15c, ROASTED. 35e Java 28c, 35c Mocha 28c,

25cCombination 22c 20c Rio 18c. TOBACCOS. 75c Fine Cut 60c. 50c Fine Cut 10c, 35c Fine Cut 30c. All Plugs, per cut, 7c.

CANNED GOODS. Monarch Corn 12½c, Monarch Tomatoes 121c, Monarch Salmon 15c, Good Salmon 124c Monarch Peaches 30c, Mounrch White Cherries 15c, Yellow Penches 17c,

Monarch Plums 15c

Monarch Apricots 20c.

Monarch Lobsters 20c, W & O Corn 8c. Tomatoes 8c. Monarch Strawberries 20c, Good Stawberries 12de, Monarch Saccotash 17e, Dried Peaches 121c.

Dried Plums, 15c, Dried Apricots 20c. German Pranes 9c, 75c New Orleans 55c, 50c Porto Rico 40c,

60c Vanilla Syrup 50c, 40c Sugar Syrup 30c, Mixed Candies 10c, Stick Candies 10e, Fine Candies 20c

Lincolnshire Sauce Sc ALL GOODS FIRST-CLASS. BEECHER BROS.

ham, who have been visiting in Saginaw for the past six weeks, are expected to return to-moroow, accompanied by Mvs. Cora True Babcock. James M. Shenrer, of Lansing township, Mich. James M. Shenrer, of Lansing township, Mich. James M. Shenrer, of Lansing township, Mich. James M. Shenrer, of Lansing township, Mich.

Webb's Shoe Store.

LARGE LINE

Gent's and Ladies' Shoes now in and on the road, which you can buy at

LOWER PRICES

Than are asked for Old Shop Worn Goods.



PETERS'

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER I

D. PRATT,

Formerly of Jackson, Mich., where he has been in business for 29 years, intends to stay with us in Mason for a few years and locate his business permanently in this city.

BRING YOUR WATCHES,

that other jewelers have said were no good, also the watches you have thrown away as worth-less and have them made as good as new.

given to repairing old English watches and old wood en clocks, spectacles, jowelry, broken silverware neatly repaired. In short, Mr. Pratt understands re-pairing all kinds of watches that have been made. He

---Special Attention---

pairing all kinds of watches that have been made. He can repair broken watch cases, replace the joints as good as new and make them open and shut to order. He has been a watchmaker and jeweler for 35 years, making him a first-class workman. All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. -NO JOCKEYING.

THE HOOKS

Hard Times have knocked Prices clear to the

Meat Market

Ash Street, Mason, Mich.

Your Money's Worth Every Time.

POULTRY AND GAME IN ITS SEASON.

SQUARE DEALING GUARANTEED

Respectfully,

HENRY PETERS.

ESTATE OF CHAS. II. DARROW, DECEASED. By virtue of a license, to me granted, on the ultitary of Novembor, 1886, by Q. A. Smith, judge of product of the county of lingham, and state of filelingua, I shall sell at public auction, on the 19th thry of March, 1887, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the farm of the late Charles II. Darrow, situated about two and one-half miles south of the city of Mason, in said county, all the right, title and interest of which Charles II. Darrow died, seized, in and to the following land, to with The entire acction number twontyone, in township number two north of range one west, Ingham county, Michigan, except that portion lying east of the Jackson, Landing & Saginaw railroad track, containing about 570 acres of land.

And on March 21, 1887, at the premises, about three miles cast of the city of Mason, all the interest, if any, Charles II. Darrow had, in the undivided one-cighth part of the west one-half of the south-west quarter of section number twelve, in township number of subscenarios and the undivided one-cighth part of the west one-half of the north-west quarter of section number twelve, in township ESTATE OF CHAS. II. DARROW, DECEASED.

west quarter of section number twelve, in township number two north of range one wost, in the county of Ingham, state of Michigan. SAMUEL J. P. SMEAD, Executor. Dated Fel. 3, 1887.

ESTATE OF ELIAS KERR, DECEASED. State of Michigan, county of Ingham, ss. At a cession of the probate court for said county, held at the probate office, in the city of Mason, on the 14th lay of February, in the year one thousand, eight numbered and eighty-seven.

Present, Q. A. Smith, judge of probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elias Kerr, late of mid-county, decayed.

In the matter of the same of Ents Kerr, and of said county, deceased.

On reading and filing the potition, duly verified, of Amos A. King, administrator of said estate, praying for license to sell the real estate of said deceased in said partition described, for the purpose of paying the debts of said deceased and the claims sillowed against his estate, together with the expenses of administration:

tion;
Thereupon it is ordered that the 15th day of
Marcat next, at ten o'clock in the foreneon, be
assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the
heirs at law of said decensed, and all other persons heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the probate office in the city of Mason, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said setate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Isaham Courty Democrat, a nowspaper printed and circulated in said county, there paper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.)

7w4

Q. A. SMITH,

Judge of Probate,

Chancery Sale.

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the county of Ingham—in chancery.

William E. Wessels,

Complainant,

Elins S. Clark,

S. Elias S. Clark, Abbey Chark and James L, Edson, Defeminants.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of said court, made in the above outilled cause, on the 21st day of June, 1886, I, the undersigned, one of the circuit court commissioners of the county of ingham, shalf self at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Mason, in the county of Ingham and state of Michigan, on the 19th day of March, 1887, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the land described in said decree as follows: Beginning at the north-east corner of the east half of the north-west quarter of section number twenty-six (26), in township number one (1) north of range number two (2) east, (Steckbridge) in the county of Ingham and state of Michigan, and running thence south ten (10) rods, thence west eight (8) rods, thence north ten (10) rods, and thence cast eight (8) rods, thence north ten (10) rods, and thence as of the following described land: All of that part of the north-west quarter of section number twenty-six (26), in the town, county and state aforesaid, which is situated north and west from the right of way of the Michigan Air Line Railway Company, and containing between one and two acres of band more or less.

Dated February 1, 1887

A. F. ROUSE,

Circuit Court Commissioner of the county of Ingham,

A. F. ROUSE.
Circuit Court Commissioner of the county of Ingham.
HENDERSON,
Solicitors for Complainant. 5w7

Chancery Sale.
State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the county of Incham—in chancery.
John Hynes,
Complainant,

Abram Anderson and Abram Hayner, Defendants.

Defondants.)

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of said court, made in the above entitled cause, on the 21st day of Jane, 1886, I, the undersigned, one of the circuit court commissioners of the county of Ingham, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Mason, in the county of Ingham and slate of Michigan, on the 19th day of March, 1887, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the land described in said decreases follows: "Theoreth and tichigan, on the 19th Gay of analog, 1007, and o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the land escribed in said decree as follows: The north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section number difteen (15), in the town of White Oak, in the county of highent and state of Michigan, and containing forty acres of land more or less, excepting and reserving therefrom one-half acre of land near the north-east corner thereof, known and used as and for a school heave effect and school heave effect and school heave effect. serving thereform one-matt acro of fand most the north-east corner thereof, known and used as and for a school house site; and also one and one half acres of land in the north-west corner of said land, heretofore conveyed by land contract to Isaac Anderson, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit Commencing at the north-west corner of said section aftern (15), and from thence running south twenty (20) rods, from thence oast eight (8) rods, thence north ten (10) rods, thence east eight (8) rods, thence north ten (10) rods, thence asterly along the section line of said section sixteen (16) rods to the place of beginning. And also the land described as follows; Commencing at a point on the north line of said section fluon, twenty-one (21) rods west of the quarter post, and from thence running west along said section line forty-three (43) rods, from thence south ten (10) rods, from thence south ten (10) rods, from thence south ten (10) rods to the place of beginning.

A. F. ROUSE,

A. F. ROUSE,
Circuit Court Commissioner of Ingham county Mich.
HUNTINGTON & HENDERSON,
Solicitors for Complainant. 5w7

Probate Order.

ESTATE OF LYMAN SOULE, DECEASED. State of Michigan, county of Ingham, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county, held at the probate office, in the city of Mason, on the 14th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven. Present, Q. A. Smith, judge of

In the matter of the estate of Lyman Soule, late of In the matter of the estate of Lyman Soule, late of Auburn, Cayuga county, New York, deceased.

On reading and filing the potition, duly verified, of Charles G. Briggs, Charles F. Dunston and Howard Soule praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be a duly authenticated copy of the last will and testament and codicils therefoof said deceased, may be admitted to probate in Inglam county, Micn., and the execution thereof granted to James A. Parkinson of Jackson, Mich., Thereupon it is ordered, that the 18th, day granted to James A. Parkinson of Jackson, Mich.;
Thereupon it is ordered, that the 15th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, he assigned for the hearing of said pedition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the probate office, in the city of Mason, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said peditioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said pedition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the INGHAM COUNTY DEMOGRAT, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) 7w4 Judge of Probate.

TO TEACHERS. Public examinations will be held as follows:

Third grade examination at Leslie the last Friday Third grade examination at Leslie the last Friday in February; Williamston, the second Friday in March; Mason, the last Friday and Saturday in March; Dansville, the last Friday in April.

Applications for first and second grade cortificates will be received at the Mason examinations.

The board believe that teachers derive great benefit from attendance upon teachers' institutes, and will paties with the pales. notice such attendance in their estimate of the value

of examination papers.

Third gradestudies will be orthography and grammar, reading, writing and spelling, geography, arithmetic, theory and art of teaching, United States history, physiology and civil government. The second gradestudies will be as above with the addition of stackers and philosophy. gradeshules will be as above with the addition of aligebra and philosophy.

1. The secretary shall in no case grant more than one special certificate to any person.

2. The secretary shall not grant a special certificate to any person who, upon examination, failed to get a certificate at the previous public examination.

3. Each person applying to the secretary for examination, shall pay to the secretary an institute fee and also an examination for

nation, shall pay to the secretary an institute fee and also an examination fee.

The Ingham County Teachers' Association which has become so thoroughly established and awakened such a live and growing interest among the teachers of the county, has fixed the dates of meeting for the ensuing year as follows: The last Saturday in September, November, January, February and April, at Mason.

A R HARRY Chairman Pine Lake

A. R. HARDY, Chairman, Pine Lake, J. J. Calkins, Secretary, Leslie, J. S. Huston, Williamston, Board School Examiners

Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE HEAST.

Fune at the Morgan Line steamship pier at New York destroyed 4,000 bales of cottom and the steamer Lone Star, the total loss being about \$400,000.

THE butler of a pulatial mansion on Brooklyn Heights permitted James F. Lankin and Patrick Fitzgerald to fight for a purse of \$500 in the dining-room. Twelve slugging rounds had been fought when the owner of the residence appeared and put a stop to hostilities. The referee declared the fight a draw, ordered the money to be divided, and announced that all bets were off ... Margaret Mather, the well-known actress, was married at Buffalo to Emil Haberkorn, an orchestra leader.

THREE frame structures at New York, occupied by colored families, were burned. Mrs. Sarah L. Johnson, aged 50, and her 6-year-old adopted daughter perished in

CHIMNES AVENSSEN.

CHICAGO elevators contain 13,071,385 bushels of wheat, 5,571,135 bushels of corn. 1,047,995 dushels of oats, 159,916 bushels of rye, and 212,320 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 20,008,751 bushels against 18,149,496 bushels at this period last year ... A county-seat light at Goron-ado, Kan., has resulted in three deaths, and four persons are likely to die from

THE death of Chief Justice Morrison, of the California Supreme Court, is anmounced....John Walters, one of the Irish patriots of 198, died last week at Detroit, Mich., aged 108 years.... Many prominent citizons are interested in the coming semicentennial anniversary of Chicago, says the Chicago News. Efforts are on foot to have a grand celebration of the event this fall. It is proposed to give a grand encompment of vetoran, rogular, and militia soldiers, to which will be invited military organizations from Great Britain and other foreign nations. Brize drills will be given, to be marticipated in by American soldiers and others by representatives of the armies of foreign mations.

A MENICAN Lieutenant and four soldiers crossed the boundary at Nogeles, A. T., and at the point of revolvers demanded the release of an alleged Mexican prisoner. The American officers captured the Lieutement, that re-enforcements from the other side effected his release after several shots had been fired. A Mexican is reported to have been fatally wounded. Requests for territorial and national troops have been sent out, and diplomatists have taken the affair in hund.

WHILE sudding hor thusband at Milwankee, Mrs. Wilhelmine Meyer fell:to.the floor and suddenly expired Ex-Congressman Edward Breitung, one of the pioneers of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, who died in Georgia, left \$5,000,000 or more to his widow and son.... The Governor of Missouri has appointed J. A. Seldon, of St. Louis, Circuit Judge to fill the vacancy caused by the selection of Judge A. M. Thayer for the Federal Bench... Detroit (Mich.) special: "It is a report, apparently well authoriticated, that Jones, ex-Senator of Florida, for so many months a persistent sojourner in Detroit, will seek re-election by the Florida Legislature. In doing this, it is said he will lay before that body the true reason of this long abthe national capital tale enfold that will not only windicate his own course, but create a national sensation in the nature of charges that he will make high standing of the states men whom he will involve. It is said that this story has been confided to the care of a trusted few, but the secrecy which the Senator maintains has been enjoined upor those whom he has favored as confidents Whatever the conspiracy that the gentleman from Florida may unfold when in his judgment the fullness of time may be reached, he now declines absolutely positively to be interviewed upon the subject or any phase of the same. He will give no information either by denial, admission, or intimution."

. "BB.B. MADMI, H.BE" .

MODILE dispatches give some details of the burning of the steamer Gardner, on the Tombigbee River, by which twenty human lives were sacrificed:

The fire was discovered in a bale of cotton by Capt. Stone. A negro deck hand, in throwing gateron the burning bale, set his clothes aftre. Panic stricken he can from place to place setting fire to cotton bales, and in a few mo-ments the beat was in dames. She was in midstroum and in motion. The pilots were driven from the wheel, and the crew and passenariven from the wheel and the crew and passengers jumped overband. It is not thought that more than one or two were burned. Capt. Stone saved himself by swimming ashere. The steamer Tally was benind the Gardner waiting to pass. As soon as the flamos broke out the Tally lowered her boats and threw overbales, seed sacks, and planks to help the people who were jumping from the Gardner. The heat was so intense that the Tally did not dure to go now, but her boats picked up a number of people. When the fire broke out the Gardner was ordered to be run ashere. She backed, and bells were rung for going ahead. Gardner was ordered to be run ashore. She backed, and bells were rung for going ahead, but the engineers were driven from their post by the flames, and the beat drifted into the weeds on the opposite side from the place where there was a practicable landing. Pilot W. H. Wilson remained in the pilot house until he found that his signals were not obeyed and that the flames were licking the side of the pilot house, when he fled for his life. He is much praised for his hereism. The cabin-boy of the Tally, named Barber, colored, performed of the Tally, named Barber, colored, performed heroic doods, saving five lives by swimming ashore with those in the water. The screams of those on the boat were heartrending. Mrs. W. T. Rembert threw one child into the water, her husband taking the other two. Then she jumped in. All but her husband wore lost.

BEULAH MAY MOORE, aged 17, shot and killed Henry Allen, aged 50, at Memphis, Tenn., sending five bullets into his body. Miss Moore's father emptied the contents of a double-barreled shot gun into Allen's body as he lay writhing in death. The young woman, who will soon become a mother, alleges that Moore outraged her

THE steamer W. H. Gardner was burned on the Tombigbee River, near Gainesville, Ala. Twenty persons lost their lives.

POLITICAL.

THE Republican members of the New Jersey Legislature hold a caucus on the 2d inst. and agreed to support Rufus Blodgett (Dem.) for Senator. Upon the reassembling of the joint convention Mr. Blodgett was elected by the votes of the Republicans and anti-Abbett Democrats, the vote stand-41 for Blodgett and 38 for Abbett, There on strike Feb. 1, 1887, was apwas great confusion, and the result was not proximately, 8,400; on March 1, 1887, announced by the Chair for half an hour. Rufus Blodgett, the new Senator, was born in Dorchester, N. H., Nov. 9, 1834. He momber of the lower house the January list, including compromises of the New Jersey Legislature in 1878 as successes, was 31 (out of 88 ended by and 1879, representing Ocean County. He March 1), involving 18,173 employes. As

He succeeds Hon. Charles W. been appointed a State Railroad Commissioner by Governor Hill,

THE lower house of the Indiana Legislature adopted a memorial to the United States Senate against the senting of David Turnic as a Senator from Indiana. The memorial reviews the proceedings by which Turpic was elected, charging particularly that three persons voted for him who had no right to do so. The Democrats vigorously protested against the adoption of the memorial, and one member in a bitter speech alluded to the Republicans as "the ifty-six cowards on the other side." Republican Representative responded "You are a liar."

THE Prohibition and Reform party of Kentucky: held a State convention in Louisville and nominated a full ticket for State officers. Over four hundred delegates, representing fifty-seven counties in the State, were present. A strong platform was adopted, denouncing the liquor trade, rote buying and selling, and convict labor. The following nominations were made: For Governor, Judge F. T. Fox; Lieutenant-Governor, W. L. Gordon; Auditor, Dr. A.T. Henderson; Treasurer, R. K. Dyas; Register of the Land Office, James T. Barber; Attorney-General, Josiah, T. Harris; Superintendent of Public Instrucion, D.W. Stevenson.

THE Minnesota Legislature has adjourned sine die . . . The Semple of Michigan has passed a bill to require a civil license for marriages, intending to shut out elopors from the borders of Indiana and Ohio.

WANTED MARKET.

THE following is a recapitulation of the dobt statement issued on the 1st inst:

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT. (Principal..., \$1,119,251,162 Principal\$ 582,958,024 Principal.....\$1,708,740,011 Total.....Lass cash items available for rodu .\$1,719,633,977 tion of the debt.....osa reserve held for redemption of \$260,452,976 .100,000,000 Total debt, less available eash Debt, loss eash in Treasury, \$1,331,632,026 Decrease of dout during the MODULE STORY AVAILABLE FO

17,424,709 tured and balance of interest. . Fractional currency..... dobt: Fractional silver coin..... Minor coin.....

Total cesh in the Treasury as shown by Tronsurer's general

INDUSTRIBAL NOTES.

THE Western Iron Association has de cided to make no advance in the price of iron. This is a disappointment to the workmen, as their wages will not be in creased . . . The breach between the Amal gamated Association and the Knights of Labor is widening, as a result of the trouble at Mingo. The Knights' executive threaten to organize all iron and steel workers into one national district, and will also attempt to organize those members of the craft who do not belong to either so-

THE only sword manufactory in the United States is hereafter to import blades from Germany, because of the lessened cost....The United Gas Improvement Company of Philadelphia and a number of capitalists are negotiating for the purchase of the Chicago gas companies...District Assembly No. 50, Knights of Labor, says a Detroit telegram, has received a letter from General Master Workman Powderly advisng that no further action be taken on the order issued by the General Executive Board some time since declaring war on eigarmakers' unions. He says that he will issue an order soon that will be in accordance with the constitution of the Knights of Labor. This is considered a tacit acknowl. adgment that the existing crusade against he unionists is unconstitutional and promises a speedy adjustment of the difficulty BRADSTREET'S, in a review of the strikes of the first two months of the year, says: In January, 1887, there have been reported

ninety-two strikes and lockouts, involving over 73,300 employes, as compared with nineteen strikes and 47,200 employes during January, 1886. Of the former, eight-eight involving 63,300 employes, were concluded by Feb. 28; while four strikes, including 10,000 men, were still open. Of the 10,000, about 8,000 are New England boot and shoe factory hands, locked out as a protest against Knights of Labor dictation as to shop management. The number of shoe operatives locked out or 5,900. The number out in various small strikes is about 900, as against 400 Feb. 1. The total number of successful strikes of

where he mow resides. He is identified ended, this shows that about 30 per cent. with the interests of several rulrond companies, and has always been recognized as cossful. The prospect however, is for a a stanch Democrat. In the Assembly he smaller percentage of successes after twesthe Democratic leader. He is a fluent speaker, and is of commanding figure. He was for severalyears a member of the Democratic State Central Committee. He is 70 per cent. In January, 1886, 9 strikes, with 23,300 strikers, were success-Superintendent of the New York and Long strikes, with 23,300 strikers, were success-Branch Railroad...The Governor of ful-nearly one-half-white 10 strikes. Florida has appointed ex-Congressman J. with 23,900 strikers, were failures. In J. Finley United States Senator from that February, 1887, there were 74 strikes and 26,000 strikers, as compared with but 5 Jones, whose term expired March 4... strikes and 10,700 strikers in February, James Arkell, of the Albany Journal, has 1886. By the close of the month 57 strikes. involving 20,000 strikers, had ended, and 23 strikes, with 6,000 strikers, remained Of the 51 strikes with 20,000 unsettled. strikers ended, 12 strikes and 5,350 strikers had been successful-a little over 20 per cent.; while 39 strikes, with 14,650 strikers -nearly 80 per cent.-had been failures. In February, 1886, all the strikes were

THE RAID WAYS.

THERE is some gossip in regard to an alliance between Jay Gould and Austin Corbin for joint control of the Reading and Jersey Central Roads, as the first step toward the extension of the Southwestern system to New York.

THE greatest puzzle in the interstate commerce law is the clause exempting from its operations mileage, excursion, and commutation tickets. The General Passenger agents recommend a uniform rate of 25 cents for mileage tickets.

GREIN BEREAU.

Ir is stated that fully \$500,000 has already been put up on the great ocean yacht race, with the Dauntless as the favorite . . . Sir Alexander Campbell has been appointed Lieutenant Governor of Onfario, vice the Hon. John B. Robinson, whose term has expired.

THE ocean race between the two American schooner vachts Dauntless and Coronet. which will begin in a few days, is attracting great interest at the East. Both schooners are large, stanch, and swift keel vessels with fine records. The Dauntless, in fact has rarely over been beaten in her numer

"NEWFOUNDLAND finds itself between he devil and the deep sen," says a Halifax dispatch. "On the one hand, it is driven out of the European markets by French rivals, who receive bounties from the French Government equal to 60 per cent., and they are compelled by the English Governmen o supply their French rivals with bait. On he other hand, they are at the mercy o. Americans, for, strange as it may seem, the freaty of 1818 is null and void as far as that colony is concerned, and every denial of commercial privileges to American vessels last year had not even the authority of that antiquated treaty for an excuse. A cablegram from London says: "Sir Henry Holland, Colonial Secretary, has sent a dispatch to the Governor of Newtoundland informing him that se home Government does not feel justilied in disregarding the strong protests of France against restrictions at this late eriod which are calculated to inflict great oss upon French tishermon, and is there-ore unable to allow the bill passed by the Newfoundland Legislature in relation to the fisheries to operate this season. The Secretary says the Government thoroughly inderstands that the French bounties are grave disadvantage to the British fishermen; still it is not shown that the British lisheries are unremunerative."

THE river and harbor bill passed by Congress appropriates \$50,000 for surveys and estimates for a waterway from Lake Michigan to Joliet and thence to La Salle, which, with the improvement of the Illinois River, would permit the pusange of large vessels from the lakes to the Mississippi.

THE death-roll of the Forty-ninth Congress was an extraordinary one, comprising the unprecedented number of thirteen names in the House and Senate Reports are current at Ottawa, Ont., that the Canadian Pacific Road will ask another argo grant (\$10,000,000) from the Government; that it is not paying expenses, and that ultimately it will be thrown on the that ultimately it was be and hands of the Government.

MODERNERGIN.

THE Russian Government is experinenting with a new explosive which possesses fifteen times greater destructive power than gunpowder. ... A Chinese Junk was recently wrecked off the Soctray coast, and 94 persons perished. THE following is an official list of the

Italian earthquake victims: Alassio, three dead and eight injured; Albenga, thirty the most money. njured; Albissola, three dead and twelve injured; Bajardo, two hundred and thirty dead and thirty injured; Bussano, eighty dead and twenty-seven injured; Castellaro, forty-one dead and sixty-five injured: Cerinna, five dead and twelve injured; Diano-Stello, thirty-five dead and ten injured; Diano-Marino, one hundred and cighty dead and sixty-five injured. Montalto Ligure, one dead and three injured; Noli, sixteen dend and twelve injured; Oneglia, twentythree dead and 150 injured; Pompeiana, five dead and seven injured; Porto Muarizio, one dead and ten injured; Savona, cleven dead; Taggia, eight dead and fourteen injured: Triora, four dead and nine injured. Twenty thousand persons are homeless. The material losses are estimated at \$10,000,000, falling estimated at mostly upon industrious villagers... News comes from Bulgaria that the garrison at Sillistria revolted and pronounced against the Regency. The Government feels confident of being able to suppress the uprising. The Bulgarian Government has contracted a loan of 20,000,000 francs in London. ... The Associated Press is anthorized to state that the American Bishops at the present time in Rome take a favorable view of the organization known in the United States as the Knights of Labor.By an explosion in the collieries at St. Etienne, France, sixty lives were lost.

ITALY desires a renewal of the alliance with Germany and Austria, according to the Popolo Romano, because these powers are the most able to guarantee peace.

VIENNA newspapers regard the speech of Emperor William to the Reichstag as reassuring, but they consider there is more danger of war from Russia than from Germany or France....Incendiarism on a large scale was perpetrated last week around Limerick, in Iroland, the victims in all cases being persons who had paid rents. The aggregate of property destroyed is very large The Rustchuk uprising has been suppressed by the shooting of nearly all the revolutionists. Herr Weddell Presdorf has been elected President of the

German Reichstag. THE London Standard declares that the proceedings of the British Parliament are becoming a public scandal The Suez Canal is now lighted the whole length by electricity, and a steamer has made the passage in fifteen hours. ... At the opening afterward removed to Monmonth County, January strikes of 63,300 employes are session of the new German Reichstag 250

members were present. In his speech from the throne the Emperor said: foreign relations of the Government are the same as when the last Reichstag was opened. If the present Reichstag, without hesitation or division, gives unanimous expression to the resolve that the nation will out forth its full strength in full panoply now and at all times against any attack upon our frontiers, such resolution, even be fore carried out, will materially strengthen he guaranties of peace and remove the doubts which late parliamentary debates may have inspired." The same internal bills that were submitted to the previous Reichstag will again be offered.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has pardoned Joseph H. Evans, an aged polygamist, who has already served two years in the Utah Penitentiary, and Oscar T. Baldwin, the embezzling bank cashier of Newark, New Jersey, already at large on a writ of habeas

JOSEPH W. BINGHAM, a journalist well known throughout the west, killed himself with a razor at the residence of his father at Indianapolis. He had long suffered from insomnia.

THE Milwankee newspapers have filled their composing rooms with independent men, and now positively refuse to re-employ the strikers.

THE Democratic members of the Interstate Commerce Commission are likely to be W. R. Morrison of Illinois, Grant of Colorado, and Bragg of Alabama. THE roofs and galleries of a colliery

explosion. It is stated that 144 miners were sufficented. PAUL KING, cashier of a national bank at Cynthiana, Ky., killed himself with a

revolver, on account of bad health. A FIRE at Nos. 27 to 31 Rose street, New York, caused a loss of \$100,000. The office of the New York Weekly suffered great

damage from water. THE Governor of Sonora has ordered the capture and surrender of Lieut. Guitterez to the American authorities at Nogales,

Arizona. JOHN WHITE, a colored preacher of Lonoke, Ark., 102 years old, was married

o a woman of 70. MRS. BECKER, of Cincinnati, who fraudulently obtained a pension, has been sentenced to imprisonment for two years in the juil at Dayton.

A COMMUTTEE has reported to the Indiana House that Contractor Howard, of Chicago, will lose \$250,000 on the State House, owing to changes in the architect's

CHARLES J. PETERSON, a Philadelphia publisher, and Lieutenant Colonel R. N. Scott, of Washington, are dead.

Ar West Newton, Pa., were found orpses of John Niebert and Mrs. Belle Ellsworth, lying side by side. It is believed to be a case of double snicide.

WALTER C. CAMP, of New Haven, Conn., has been arrested in New York for attempting the life of George Condit Smith in Madison Square. The accused has for several years conched the Yale foot-ball team. It appears that he was once engaged to an heiress, who discarded

at Chicago were sold by Judge Prendergast to the highest bidder, Walter B. Jordan, for \$50,237.

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER was early on Saturday morning attacked with vomiting, and then fell into an unconscious condition. It is feared that apoplexy has brought him to the verge of the grave. All the members of his family have been summoned to Brooklyn.

THE chief secretaryship for Ireland was vacated by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, and has been accepted by Rt. Hon. Arthur W. Balfour, a nephew of Lord Salisbury. CHOLERA has been declared epidemic at Montevidoe.

THE box factory of Henry Alt & Co., in St. Louis, was destroyed by fire. LUCKY BALDWIN has offered to match olante against Montana Regent, for from \$5,000 to \$20,000, on any course offering

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, | HEEVES - Grace to Trino seems | 5,00 | 6,5,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,00 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6,50 | 6 WHEAT-Cash. CORN—No. 3. OATS—No. 2. RYE—No. 1.

| INDIANAPOLIS | BEEF CATTLE | 3,50 @ 5.00 | Hoos | 5,00 @ 6,00 | SHEEP | 9,00 @ 5.01 | WHEAT—No. 2 Red | 6,00 @ 81 | Corn—No. 2 Red | 6,00 @ 81 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 | 6, OATS....EAST LIBERTY, EAST LIBERTY.

CATTLE—Bost. 4.75 & 5.00
Fair. 4.00 & 4.50
Common 3,50 & 4.00
Hogs. 575 & 6.25
Sheep. 4,50 & 5.25

CONGRESSIONAL.

Work of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

A House bill forfoiting cortain lands granted A House bill forfoiting certain lands granted to the State of Michigan for a sulfrond from Ontonagen to the Wisconsin State line passed the Senate on the 1st inst. The Senate passed htty-seven private pension bills in twenty-five numutes, as also bills to convey to the city of Aurora, Ill., a small island in Fox River; to lutherize the bridging of the Missouri at Yankton; to annex a perfon of Idaho to Washington Territory; and to give right of way through indian Territory to the Chicago, Kansas and Nobraska Road, The Socato ordered the preparation of an index to the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska Road. The Sonato ordered the proparation of an index to its secret journal for the firty years from 18.9 to 18.9. The injunction of secrecy will probably be removed next autum. The conforence report on the river and harbor bift was adopted by both houses. It appropriates nearly \$10,003,000. The House of Representatives passed the Mexican pension appropriation of \$2,00,000 for the remainder of the linearly year, and \$4,00,000 for next year. The logislative and deficiency appropriation bifts were passed under suspension of the rules. At the ovening session bifts were passed for bridging the Missouri at Omnin and Kansas City, and the Mississippi at Kockuk.

The S-nato passed the maral appropriation bill on the id inst., with an amendment provid-ing for six protected steel cruisers and for the purchase of Ericsson's Destroyer. In executive so-sion Public Printer Benedict was confirmed by the Senate by a vote of 37 to 19. The report of the Committee on Printing recommended his rejection because he did not answer to the of the Committee on Printing recommended his rejection because he did not answer to the requirements of the law, which stipulates that the incumbent of this office shall be a practical printer, which, technically speaking, Mr. Benealiet is not, having never learned the trade, He gained what knowledge he has of the printer's art while editor of a newspaper and proprieter of a job office. Mr. German and Mr. Miller, of New York, defended Benedict, and argued that having proved himself a competent man during six monties of trial he should not be rejected upon a technicality, which appeared to be the opinion of the Sonate, for twenty Republicans voted in his favor. The Semate Committee on the District of Columbia reported adversely upon the nomination of James M. Trottor to be Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia. The nomination of Licut, Greely to be Brigadier Gonoral and Chlef Signal Officer was reported favorably. The House of Representatives receded from its amendments to the Sonate retailatory fisheries bill and the Pacific railroad investigation resolutions. The Committee on Ways and near Mons, Belgium, were shattered by an ion resolutions. The Committee on Ways an leans made an adverse report on the bill for the relief of sufferers by five at Eastport, Me.

SENATOR HOAR made a bitter attack on Speaker Carlisle, in the Senate on the 3d inst. He stated that by holding back the appropria-tion bills both the Senate and House were compolled in the closing hours of the session to sub-mit to the dictation of three or four members of mitto the dictation of three or four members of the House Committee on Appropriations. He also complained that the Speaker had recently refused to recognize a nomber desiring to make a motion of which the Chair disapproved. The Kentucky Somators rose and defended Speaker Carlisle from the charge of usurpation of power. The Somate passed bills for public buildings at Daxton. Story City. Letayotte and Lyan over Dayton, Sioux City, Lafayette, and Lynn over votoes by the President, and the House bill ap-Dayton, Soux City, Latayotte, and Lynn Over votoes by the President, and the House bill appropriating \$6,000,000 to pay pensions to Moxican votorans. The President sent to the Sentate the nomination of Charmecy R Schultz, of Missouri, to be Assistant Treasurer of the United States at St. Louis, Mo.; also the following Registers of Land Offices: At Concordia, Kam, Samuel Pomeres; Dendwood, D. T., John R. Whiteside; Blacktoot, Idaho, Frank W. Bean, The President approved the act authorizing the President to defend the rights of American fishing vessels, American fishermen, American fishing vessels, American fishermen, American trading and other vessels in the British Dominions of North America; also the Indian appropriation bill; the act to establish an agricultural experiment station in connection with the colleges established under the act of July 2, 1832; and the act rolating to the division of the State of Hilmois fine judicial districts and to provide for holding terms of court of the Northern District at Poeria, The House of Representatives passed Senate bills to repeal the tenure of office act; to accept oills to repeal the tenure of office act; to access the Highwood tract from the Commercial Glub of Chicago; to approprinte \$35,000 for the purchase of a postolice site at San Francisco; an attempt to pass the Senate bill pensioning Mrs. Logan was defeated. The bill admitting free of duty articles intended for the Minneapolis exposition, and the Senate bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missispip at Grand Tower, III., were pussed. Cheirman Curtin, of the select committee created by the House of Representatives to inquire into the cause and extent of Western railroad strikes, submitted the report of that committee. By far the larger part of the report is devoted to a history of the origin and progress of the Missouri Pacific strike, and a recapitulation of the testimony taken by the committee.

Conguess adjourned sine die at noon on Frithe Highwood tract from the Commercial Club him and married Smith, and that he then threatened the latter's life.

The assets of the Weber Shoe Factory

The assets of the Weber Shoe Factory

The range of the street of Columbia, and the fortification bills. The assets of the Weber Shoe Factory

The river and harbor appropriation bill, includ-ing the Hennepin Canal, failed because of the failure of the President to sign it before the adjournment. The anti-polygamy bill became a law without the Prosident's signature, ten days journment. The anti-polygamy bill became a law without the Provident's signature, ten days having clapsed after its passing before the final adjournment of Congress. The failure of the deficiency bill is likely to surharms the postal service, as it contained provisions for supplying pressing demands for postal-cards, stamps, and other items. The legal machinery of the Government will also be interfally disarranged during the remainder of the fiscal year, as no mency will be available for jurers', witnesses', or marshals' fees, and many prisoners cannot be tried for menths to come A number of soldiers' claims, aggregating \$700,000, which had been certified by the Treasury, will fail also of settlement. Navy department ellicials say the failure or the bil will cause a stoppage of all work on the new crusors hoston and Chiengo. It is expected that the Atlanta can be completed, as but little remains to be done on her. The Semite in executive session confirmed James W. Trotter to be Recorder of Daceds for the District of Columbia, and Captain Greely to be Chief Signal Ofleor, with the rank of to be Chief Signal Officer, with the rank of Brigadior General, A Washington special thus describes the closing scores in the House: "All night long the conference committees were wrestling over the contested permgst long the conference committees were wrestling over the contested per-tions of the appropriations, and the two houses were necessarily kept in session to await reports thereon and take included in the contest of the contest of the included in the contest of the contest of the contest of the contest in the contest of the contest o interesting all-night session, and after mid-night, when the galleries and been emptiod of the crowd, at least one-half of the members

went to their lodgings or to committee-room went to their lodgings or to committee-rooms and convenient resting-places to sleep. A quorum was not present at any time after that hour, but the forms of legislation were kept up, and a number of bills were passed. The shouting and rushing for a chance to get bills before the House for action was kept up at intervals, but did not disturb members sleeping in various parts of the hall. Wide-awake and tireless fellows unbent their dignity, played pranks upon each other, and reserved to other boyish means of whiling away the time. During the night of whiling away the time. During the night the amouncement of an agreement upon the legislative, excentive, and judicht appropriation bill brightened the prospect so that the diversion of a brief debate on a proposition to give clerks to Representatives as well as Senators was indulged in. Meanwhile the portions of the bill that had been in dispute were being enrolled, and the bill was ready for the President in good time. The House remained firm against the mail subsidy, and so the Senate receded and the postoffice appropriation was saved. The conference on the fortifications bill did not agree, but had so far reconcited differ of whiling away the time. During the nigh saved. The conferrors on the fortifications bill did not agree, but had so far recenciled differences that it is believed a few more hours would have brought them together. The Sioux City public building bill, vetood by the President, was again passed by the Senate, but in the House-Willhau L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, fought it and beat it because Mr. Saruble, of Iowa, had defeated the Sioux City bridge bill, in which Scott was interested." Scott was interested.

And This in Boston.

Boston people will find it difficult to believe that the following advertise ment appeared in the Evening Post. of Boston, in 1742; "To be sold by the Printer of this Paper, the very best Negro Woman in this Town, who has had the Smallpox and Measles; is as hearty as a Horse, as brisk as a Bird, and will work like a Beaver. August 28, 1742."

LEARN from the earliest days to in sure your principles against the perils of ridicule: you can no more exercise your reason if you live in the constant dread of laughter than you can enjoy your life if you are in the constant terror of death. - Sydney Smith.

Honor to the true man ever who takes his life in his hands, and at all hazards speaks the word which is given him to utter, whether men will hear or forbear, whither the end thereof is to be praise or censure, gratitude or hatred .- Whittier.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

Tur following bills passed the Senate on the 25th ult.: To divide the township of Breen, Menominee County, into two election districts; to authorize the incorporation of associations for improving the breeds of horses, and several minor acts which refer to incorporating villages. In the House bills were passed to restrict hy-drophobia and glanders; to provide for a State live stock sanitary commission, and State veterinarian, and several local live stock saultary commission, and for a State veterinarian, and several local acts. The report of the joint Committee on Soldiers' Home was presented by Chairman Dickson. They recommend a system of weekly inspection of clething, bedding, and quarters, as well as the providing of suitable printed rules and employes; also that the management takes and employes; also that the ovidence, but they will leave all other punishment or consure regarding any irregularity of the other employes to the Board of Managers. They do not doem it their duty to go farther regarding the consure of any person connected with the House than to submit all the evidence for the consideration of the Legislature and with the House than to submit all the evidence for the consideration of the Legislature and Board of Managors. While the committee assert that the newspaper reports given are vague, unfounded rumors, false and unreliable both in substance and in fact, a reading of the testimony clearly shows that the abuses of Private Moore by Downs, as well as all the others given in the account, are true. After a discussion lasting over an hour, in which considerable feeling was shown on both sides, the reports were ordered printed in pumphlet form. The Committee on Judiciary reported back without recommendation the Senate joint resowithout recommendation the Senate joint reso-lution proposing that the State Senatorial term shall be extended to four years, but one-half of the Senate will be elected every two years. The bill failed to pass. Both houses adjourned until the 2sth.

THE Legislature resumed its sessions on the evening of Feb. 2s, after a three days' rest. The business was chiefly confined to the reception of petitions. In the Senate, the House bill previously passed reincorporating Enton Rapids was reconsidered and referred back to the Commitreconsidered and referred back to the Committee on Citios and Villages. In the House an effort was made by Mr. Hosford under a suspension of the rules to take up and pass the bill to organize trotting asseciations in the interest of the improvement of the broad of horses and the American trotting tarf. The tener of the bill was not correctly understood nor the reason for such speedy action, consequently the measure fulled of a sufficient support to carry it. The vote by which it was lost was reconsidered and the bilt was laid upon the table.

THE Senate proceedings on the 1st inst. were devoid of public interest, most of the session being occupied in committee of the whole. The House passed bills to amend the act rela-The House pussed offis to amend the act relative to partition fences; to amend an act establishing a recorder's court in Kalamazoo, each party now having six challenges in jury trials; to divide the township of Breen, Monminee County, into election districts; bill to promote the laterests of the American trotting turf, and to reincorporate the villages of St. Louis, in Gratiot County, and Grandville, in Kent County.

SENATOR POST roso to a question of privilege in the Sonato, on the 2d inst., and asked that the following item, published in the St. Louis (Mich.) Leader of Fob. 24, be read: "We wonder if boodle and anything to do with the action of Senator Post, in the matter of transferring two sections of Pine River Township to Acadia Township? To the uninitiated it would look so." Township? To the uninitiated it would look so." He then stated that the paper was published by an employe of the Senate, Edwin S. Hoskins, and moved that a committee of three be appointed to investigate the report as to the truth or falsity of the insinuation contained in the item, and also to report upon the right or privilege of an employe of the Senate to impugn the motives of any Senater in any action taken by him. The motion prevailed, and the following Senators were appointed as the committee: J. W. Babcock. appointed as the committee; J. W. Babcock, Giddings, and Gorman. Mr. Hoskins claims that the article was printed in his absence; that that the article was printed in his absence; that he knew nothing of it, and does not consider himself responsible. The bill to prevent the collection of notes given for seeds or grain sold at fletticious values, called the Bohomian-out bill, passed the Sonate. The Governor sent to the Senate the following manes for members of the Board of Managers of the Soldiers' Home at Grand Impids: Michael Brown, of Big Runds six years to succeed. the Soldiers' Home at Grand Rapids: Michael Brown, of Big Rapids, six years, to succeed himself; James A. Crozer, of Menominee, six years, to succeed Charles Y. Osborn, of Marquette; ox-Governer R. A. Alger, of Detroit, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Gen. Byron D. Pierce, of Grand Rapids, who becomes acting Manaver of the Home. The House pussed bills to create Board of Fire Commissioners of Bay City; to provent the destruction of ballots used in the Detroit city election in November last; to authorize the township of n November last; to authorize the township of Cummings, Ogemaw County, to borrow money to reincorporate the city of Adrian; to provide for bounty for killing English sparrows; to amond the laws providing for ascortaining the annual coreal products of Michigan.

BUT little work was done in the Sonate on the 3d inst., except in committee of the whole. The bill to amend the act providing for ascertaining the cereal products was the only one of importance passed. Senator Hubbell, Chairman of the Committee on Mines, Minerals, and Mining Interests, made a voluntious report on the mining school. It shows that there are twenty-two students in attendance in the temtwenty-two students in attendance in the temporary building now used, and asks for an appropriation of \$120,600 for abuilding and equipments. The Semate adepted the joint resolution placing the limit for Capitel clevator passengers at fon. The Semate confirmed the Governo's appointments of membersof the Board of Managers of the Soldiers' Home. The House passed bills to provide for the better protection of labor debts, and to enable land owners to regain lands from railrends in certain cases. The House Judiciary railronds in certain cases. The House Judiciary Committee reported a substitue for the bill rela Committee reported a substitue for the bill relative to protection for girls, making it punishable as rape for taking indecent liberties with girls under 14 years. The Committee on State Affairs reported adversely upon the bill to abolish the State Board of Corrections and Charities. Miss Frances Willard, of Evanston, III., spoke to a large and approximative audience in Representatives' hull in advocacy of the social purity bill new before the Legislature.

THE water gas of the chemist is made

by passing steam over hot charcoal, and is a simple mixture of carbon. monoxide and hydrogen; this has no illuminating qualities. The water gas of trade is the theoretical gas, although anthracite coal is used instead of charcoal enriched with volatile hydrocarbons, in order that it may possess luminous properties. The practice of some gas companies is to mix the gas of the old process with a large volume of water gas, and still keep within the limit of the law. Some companies with 2,000 cubic feet of coal gas mix 1,000 feet of the water gas, and then subject the mixture to the old modes of purification. A plant for water gas, compared with the old furnace, is quite simple. A tall tower lined with firebrick, is first heated to redness. During this heating the fumes of combustion passes out at the open top. When the right temperature is reached, the opening at the top is closed, steam is blown through the hot coals of the furnace and into the base of the tower, where it meets a spray of petroleum. which, volatilizing at the high temperature, adds its enriching qualities, now in the form of permanent gases. As a result. carburetted water gas passes out at the top of the tower, and is conducted into a second tower to undergo a process known as scrubbing.

Dr. James Davies states, in the Therapeutic Gazette, that the Druidic college of the twelfth century considered tannin the most potent of all the products of nature in producing sterility, and that tea-drinking, as practiced by the public, undoubtedly acts in the same direction.

NEARLY 40,000 doctors have been graduated from the various medical colleges during the last ten years.

DISTANCE lends enchantment. Whe would like to borrow?

THE MOTHER-IN-LAW.

BY ELLA WHEELER WILCOX,

She was my dream's fulfillment and my joy, This lovely woman whom you call your wife. You sported at your play, an idle boy, Whon I first folt the stirring of her life Within my startled being. I was thrilled With such intensity of love, it filled The very universe! But words are vain—No man can comprehend that wild sweet pain,

You smiled in childhood's slumber while I felt The agonies of labor; and the nights I, wooping, o'er the little sufferer knelt, You, wandering on through dreamland's fair defeater. delights, Flung out your longthoning limbs and slept and While I, awake, saved this dear wife for you.

She was my heart's loved idol, and my pride. She was my heart's loved idel, and my pride. I taught her all those graces which you praise, I dreamed of coming years, when at my side She should lend luster to my fading days, Should cling to me (as she to you clings now,) The young fruit hanging to the withered bough. But let the blosom was so fair a sight, You plucked it from me—for your own delight,

Well, you are worthy of hor-oh, thank God--And yet I think you do not realize How burning were the sands o'er which I trod To bear and rear this woman you so prize, It was no easy thing to see her go Even into the arms of one she worshiped so.

How strong, how vast, how awful seems the power
Of this new love which fills a maldon's heart,
For one who never bore a single hour
Of pain for her; which tears her life apart
Of all its meerings, and centrols her more
Than all the ties the years have held before;
Which growns a stranger with a kingly grace— Which crowns a stranger with a kingly grace-And gives the one who bere her—second place

She loves me still! and yet were death to say: Choose now between them !" you would be God mount it to be so-it is His way-But can you wonder, if white I related But can you wonder, if while I rejoice In her content, this thought hurts like a knife-"No longer necessary to her life?"

My pleasure in her joy is bitter sweet, Your very goodness sometimes hurts my heart, Because for her life's drama, seems complete Without the mother's oft repeated part Without the inchors out repositor part.

Be patient with me! She was mine so long.

Who now is yours. One must indeed be strong.

To meet such loss without the losst regret, And so forgive me if my eyes are wet.

— Brooklyn Magazine.

LUCY'S LOVE AND TRIALS.

BY CHARLES WETHERILL.

"What is the matter, Lucy?" "Nothing, dear aunt," replied Lucy Free-ling, who, from long habit, thus addressed Mrs. Lawson, although they were but distantly related. "Why do you ask?" "I thought you had been crying," returned the other; "your eyes look very

"My eyes ache rather, as they often do now. That is why I have put away my work so early."

The scene I would paint was a neatlyfurnished, comfortable-looking room in one of those thousand streets of London, which, without having any pretensions to consequence or consideration, are, nevertheless, thought very eligible by a large class of people either for some individual or general advantages. In one corner, as if to be out of the way of the other occupants of the room, sat a young man of about four-and-twenty working diligently at his ordinary employment, that of a watch-maker. Various implements and particles of minute mechanism, whose uses are incomprehensible to the ignorant, were before him, and the strong light of a partially-shaded lamp fell precisely on his

Jasper Lawson was not a common which, while it required patience and a certain degree of attention, like women's the self-instruction of thought and reflection, might have something to do in dependence except a small annuity, secured to her from some benefit society, to which her husband had belonged.

Lucy Freeling was the daughter of a distant relation, and had been left an orphan in early childhood; but the widow had so tenderly fulfilled the offices of a parent that Lucy had scarcely known her loss. The interest of a few hundred pounds,

which should have been hers when she became of age, might have sufficed to bring her up in the station to which she belonged; but for a few years Mrs. Lawson had exceeded these limits for the purpose of giving her increased advantages education, and when she arrived at the age of 17 had paid a sum of money to place her for two years with a milliner and dressmaker.

Although she was not old enough to make a legal contract, it was perfectly understood and relied on that this advance, so judiciously made, would be refunded when Lucy attained her majority.

Alas! before that time arrived, the trustee. such unexpected cause, that the circumstances of Lucy's money being engulfed in the general ruin arose less from fraud than from imprudence.

been incurred was now a dreadful burden to those who had such slender means of repaying it. Nevertheless, the right-minded girl set bravely to work, determining, by been so prudently instructed, to make up the sum by small degrees. The widow had also put by from her little income, and Jasper had worked hard to help out the repayment; and now the struggle was nearly over-a few more pounds were all they re-

Lucy not unfrequently worked at home, instead of at the large establishment where she was employed; for her home was centrically situated, and she lost very little time in going backward and forward. This had she done on the evening on which we

have introduced her. But there was another person in that neat and comfortable room, and one who was now a frequent guest. Ralph Ashton was a lawyer's clerk, and on the strength of a situation which he considered rather above that of a journeyman watch-maker. he thought in his own heart that he somewhat condescended in joining their tea and supper-table three or four nights a week. Not that such a feeling was by any means evident from his manner; on the contrary, the most casual observer might have felt pretty sure that Ralph Ashton was doing his utmost to make himself agreeable to Lucy Freeling; and to have betraved his own self-conceit, or certain other attributes of his nature, would have been a mistake unworthy of his cunning. He was good-looking, so far as a coarse kind of regularity of features and a bright dark eye might constitute good looks; and the had a smattering of superficial knowl-thrown into chancery, and there was little edge, and a certain speciousness of manner, which were likely enough to deceive a simple-minded inexperienced girl like

Even Jasper, his superior in every respect, but diffident to himself, endowed by nature with an almost womanly delicacy of sentiment and tenderness of feeling, had been caught by the outward seeming, and though the knowledge racked him to the heart's core, did not wonder that Lucy re-

garded him with interest. Not so the widow. From the first moment of Ashton's acquaintance with her son, he had been disliked by her; although when pressed hard fee her antipathy, she could seldom find any but the most trivial

There had been a whispered conference between those who were all but acknowledged lovers, accompanied by downcast looks and flushed cheeks on the part of Lucy; but Ralph Ashton had left somewhat to rest, leaving Jasper and his mother alone.

He had extinguished the lamp by which embers; but the expression of his counte-nance was sad almost to solemnity.

"Mother," he exclaimed, after a pause, vain," he added; "I cannot hide my feelings from you." And as he spoke, he leaned his head within his hands, perhaps to conceal the tears, if they actually flowed. "I am afraid it is," replied the widow; "though Lucy has made no acknowledg-ment to me of her affection. Poor girl, she must suspect that the choice she has made s the overthrow of all my hopes for my old

"Don't blame her, mother; perhaps she does not know all this. Long ago I should have been his wife! I feel it so; believe it, have given myself a fair chance, and let I do indeed!" her know that I love her better than with a and looks, and smothering every expression of my feelings, from the romantic notion that I would not ask her to marry me until I was in business for myself, and could place her in the position of a prosperous tradesman's wife. Idiot that I was, not to be sure that I should be forestalled.3

"And now that you are so near the summit of your wishes!" apostrophized his mother.

"To my astonishment! The offer of Monson to take me into partnership is a most extraordinary piece of good fortune." "He knows there are not half a dozen such workmen in London, and that a fortune is to be made by the improvements you have suggested," replied Mrs. Lawson,

with pride.
"Well," sighed Jasper, "from whatever cause it is, it comes like a mockery now. I doubt if there will be an more improvements of mine. I have little heart for any-

thing. "I can hardly forgive her for this, Jasper; and so much as I have always said against

him-"There it is, mother," interrupted the young man, almost fiercely; "if she loves him in the manner that I love her, the more he is blamed the more she will cling to him. Why, I feel if she were plunged into want and misery, her beauty gone, or with evil tongues like barnies darting at hor. such an hour of woo would be the one in which I would show my adoration most passionately, most madly, if you like to call it so—she would still be herself, and it is herself that I love."
Poor Mrs. Lawson was awed and pained

by her son's enthusiasm. Like many other excellent-hearted and shrowd persons, she was quite incapable of following those subtle emotions which are the most real in the world, and more than any others, influence human destines; and ye are scoffed at by a large number of persons as "mere imagination," "romance, sense," and a long list of et ceterus. "romance,"

We must take the reader a little behind the curtain. Ralph Ashton was quite as character; and perhaps his employment, much in love with Lucy Freeling as his nature permitted him to be; but his was that common passion, a purely selfish one. needlework, afforded much opportunity for the self-instruction of thought and re- a wife thus endowed, and with mental acmight have something to do in quirements something beyond those com-his disposition. He was "the mon to her station. But his cunning brain only son of a widow," to whose comfort, even in the matter-of-fact respect of pounds, shillings, and pence, he largely contributed, his mother having no other of the bankrupt trustee had passed through the office in which Ashton was employed, and he knew enough of it to form an almost positive opinion that Lucy would altimately recover her little fortune. ever, he took care to keep this knowledge to himself, and wood her apparently with he most disinterested affection, not even nt present hinting of the plan which in his own mind was well-nigh matured—that of establishing his wife at the West-end of the town as a fashionable milliner, well knowing that her taste and skill, and superior manners, would be sure to raise her to an eminence that must contribute greatly to his ease and comfort. In short, he planned to himself becoming something like that very contemptible creature of louthless memory, Mantalini.

A few weeks passed over, and Ralph Ashton and Lucy Freeling were engaged to be married. In justice to the latter, we must say that she had only very lately suspected the deep feelings which her lifelong companion, Jasper Lawson, enter-tained for her, and the discovery made to in whose hands her little fortune was tained for her, and the discovery made to placed, became a bankrupt, and that from her by his vexed and disappointed mother pained her deeply. It is true, Mrs. Law-son had sometimes hinted at her hopes for the future, in phrases sufficiently intelligible to Lucy: but, alas! Jasper concealed But the eighty pounds debt which had his affection but too well. The time had been, she knew, that he might have won but it was gone by, she said, and she

could but regard him as a dear brother. They were engaged, and all seemed fair before them; and Ralph even ventured to hint one day, from intelligence which he declared he had received but a few hours before, that perhaps, after all, Lucy would have her money. He did this advisedly, for he knew it was very likely that the news would reach her in a day or two from another quarter. Sorrow was coming however, as it generally does, from a quite unexpected source. The "aching" of her eyes, of which Lucy had complained as the result of excessive application to her needle, became more distressing, and on medical advice being obtained, the most alarming symptoms were discovered. With all the horrors of threatened blindness before her, Lucy was confined for several weeks to a darkened room; and months must elapse before there was any, hope that under the most favorable stances she could apply herself to her or-dinary occupation. During this time Jasper became a junior partner in the establishment to which he had belonged, and, through his mother, his increased income contributed to the comforts and medical attendance of the poor sufferer. How could the poor destitute orphan refuse help from him who asked to be called "her brother?" She did not refuse it-nav. she felt that she would rather be assisted by him than by her betrothed. How strange are the intricacies of human feel-

ing! During these months of suffering, the enffairs of the bankrupt trustee had been years. Poor Lucy! little could she have thought that the day would come, and that soon, in which the loss of her money, months of suffering, partial blindness, and personal disfigurement, would appear to her like so many "blessings in disguise," that had combined together to save her from a gulf of misery and ruin.

When the cure, so far as it could be effected, was complete, a white film still remained to mar the beauty and obscure the rision of one of those doep blue eyes which had seemed like stars of light and love to poor Jasper Lawson, Moreover, the coulist declared that the preservation of the other | Swiss entomologist.

eye depended on the most careful abstaining from anything like straining the visual organs.

Only a few days had lapsed since this fiat went forth, and but once had Ralph Ashton seen Lucy since the bandages were removed, when she received a letter from carlier than usual, having several letters to him dictated by that one virtue, which write for his employer before morning; and those who possess no other are ever ready Lucy, pleading more than ordinary fatigue, to put prominently forward—prudence. It pointed out some facts which she really must have known before, and among them the great change in their future prospects he worked, and only the light of a single her affliction had made; hinted very intelli-candle remained besides that of the sinking gibly at the wisdom of a separation, and fire, which it was too late to replenish. He concluded by mentioning that unless she was leaning upon the mantelpiece, looking desired to see him, he should refrain from down, apparently watching the flickering calling again, and signing himselt "ever

her sincere friend."

Lucy Freeling was for a while stunned by the blow; but though her young and and in a voice that trembled perceptibly, susceptible heart had been caught and led "I suppose it is all settled? The attempt is astray, it was of a nature too fine to be astray, it was of a nature too fine to be

broken by mockery—a falsehood.
"Do not tell me not to weep," she exclaimed a few days afterwards, as she sat between Mrs. Lawson and her son, with hand in one of each; "I know you would comfort me as a dearest mother and brother might. But do not tell me not to weep. I cannot be that man whom I have loved; and with these foolish tears there seems to pass away some dream-some folly. Better this -better this a thousand times-than to

A sharp, irrepressible cry escaped Jasper prother's love, instead of weighing words Lawson, and both his mother and Lucy turned towards him. One look was ex changed, and throwing himself passionately beside her, he twined his arm around her waist, and pressed her to his breast with an impulse that would not be staid.

"Lucy," he exclaimed, "there is one whose heart has been filled with thoughts of you for years; to whom you are the same in sickness and in health, rich or in poverty: with beauty perfect, or with beauty ished; his heart does not feel the difference; it is yourself he loves-no conjured image of youthful fancy. Mother, mother, did I not tell you this when hope was dead within me?

Is there much wonder that Lucy's heart, released from the sway of a phantom love, clung now and forever to the tried and the

Holmes and Proctor.

When I first visited America, in the utumn of 1873, I called on Dr. Wonlell Holmes in company with Mr. Wilkie Collins. As naturally "a neryous, shy, low-spoken man"-like the celebrated coxswain of the Mantlepiece. for which the reader will overhaul his "Bad Ballads," and when found notewas disposed to take but a small part in conversation, "lying low," as it were, while the great men conversed. But I am sorry to say that Mr. Wendell Holmes, whom I take to be far and away the greatest humorist of the age, knocked the distinguished novelist "all of a heap," after the manner of speaking, by placidly remarking:
"I make a point of reading one novel

year-never less, but also-never more.

He then turned on me in that brisk, pirdlike manner which all who know him know and love. I expected to be touched up in like live sort, and rather rejoiced that I had cultivated the habit of enjoying a joko at my own expense. He began:

"I found you out years ago;" and I began to tremble, wondering which of my iniquities his eagle eye had discovered and what castigation would be meted out to me. But he went on: "I found you out as a student of astronomy who had something of his own to say, and meant to say it and show it to be

worth listening to." Judge as if as a young writer young student of astronomy, for my first work then was but eight years old. I was not warmed by the kindly encouragement of America's great humorist, who might, had he chosen, have stood first-among her poets also. Only a year before he had written "The Poet of the Breakfast Table," and the hero of that poem is, as we all know, a young astronomer, with all whose thoughts alike as students of science and as philosopher my own thoughts are in harmony—though in that work the melody is given compared with which my own teachings, explanatory and expository resembled rather the steady but necessary accompaniment. -Prof. R. A. Proctor.

Medicine for the Mind.

It is easier to believe an ill report than to inquire into the truth thereof. Sorrow seems sent for our instructions, as we darken the cages of birds when we would teach them to sing.

It is sometimes difficult to say which works more mischief, enemies with the worst or friends with the best intentions.

As the medical properties of some plants can be adduced only by distillation, so our good qualities can only be proved by trials. Life at the greatest and best is but a

forward child that must be humored and coaxed a little till it falls asleep and then all is over. Apathy is one of the worst moral diseases; it incapacitates us from combating the encroachments of vice, and

closes every avenue of our souls to the approach of virtue. When we are laboring under physical malady we see everything through a distorted medium; we are no longer masters of ourselves, but the victims of a distempered imagination.

Good Housekeeping.

Instinct. Prof. J. S. Newberry gives a most marked illustration of what appears to be development of instinct approaching reason in one of the low forms of life. The grub of the seventeen-pear locust buries itself deep in the ground, and only emerges after its period of seventeen years is ended. At Ranway, N. J., a house had been erected above a spot where some of these grubs had buried themselves. At the expiration of their period the grubs started on their way to the surface, but emerged into the cellar, where they were yet in the dark. In order to reach the light they commenced building small structures, and when first noticed the floor of the cellar was found covered with small cones some of them more than six inches high, which these cicades had built in their evertions to traverse the dark cavity to the light above ground.

THE ultra-violet or heat rays of the spectrum, invisible to human eyes, appear to be plainly perceptible to eyes of ants, according to the investigations of Dr. Forel, the distinguished WAR ANNALS

Old Soldiers of Both Armies Fighting Their Battles Over Agnin.

Anecdotes of the Battle-field, the Weary March, and the Cheerful Camp-fire.

> The Soldier's Grave. BY M. VICTOR STALEY.

Twas in those days when o'er our land The war-clouds darkly rolled, That by Antictam's swollen stream With carcless stop I strolled, My thoughts had flown to Northern climes; I seemed to see again The faces of those absent ones For whom I longed in vain.

I saw again my cottago home. The well-remembered hills, The waving fields of ripening grain, The clear and sparkling rills; All formed a feature in the scene Which mem'ry's hand had traced In colors which could never fade, Nor time could o'er erase

Alas, the waves of present thought
Surged o'er that passing dream;
I stood once more, with aching heart,
Beside Antictam's stream,
While round me briars and brambles wild
From sight almost concoaled
The spect charalage as companied branch The spot where lay a commade brave Who fell upon the field, There stood a head-board roughly hown.

There stood a head-board roughly hown,
To mark the lonely grave,
On which had carved some comrade kind
This tribute to the brave:
"He-battled not for love of war,
Fought not for glory's crown;
For liberty his hand was raised,
To strike the traitors down, "He loved his country and his home,

And offered up his life To free that land from traitor's rule And quall the civil strife. Then ever honored be his name: No heart ere bent more true
Than that which boat with patriot fire
Beneath his coat of blue,"

I turned away, my heart was sad,
And plucked the wild-flowers near,
And strowed them o'er that lonely mound,
With eyes bedinned with tears,
I thought of those he left behind, Who no or would see again The face of one they dearly leved, But look for him in vain. And knowling o'er that lowly mound,

And knoeling o'er that lowly mound,
I gave to fied a prayer
To guard them with a loving hand,
And give them strength to bear
The griof, alas, that would be theirs,
As time they on apuce,
And brought no tidings of the lost
Or sight of his dear face.

Though more than twenty years have passed Sinco I those lines have read, Sinco I with love and reverence strewed Those wild-flowers o'er the dead; Yot, still I see that lonely mound, By woods and briars o'ergrown, Where lies a comrade of the blue Unhonored and unknown.

How We Saved the Navy.

A great many foolish things were done during the war. A great deal of good blood was spilled without the slightest renson for it, and money was squandered, and thousands of soldiers put to unneces-sary toil and danger and discomfort, without the least apparent prospect of any good coming from it.

These truths are stated, not in a faultfinding way, but in order that the famous Red River expedition of the spring of 1864 may be set down at the head of the list, as ill-conceived, useless, blundering, and discreditable.

All this may be said without easting the blame on any particular one of the Generals who accompanied the expedition. Their battles have been fought over and over again on paper, and we will not judge where the fault lay, that some twenty-five or thirty thousand good soldiers had to retreat before an enemy inferior in numbers, with the unmerited stigma of defeat to follow them into history. Blunders were made by the Generals dreadful blunders but we will not try to fix the responsibility. There was stout fighting done by all the troops, both Eastern and Western, and Sabine Cross Roads and Pleasant Hill were by no means Confederate victories, though our army was compelled to fall back to Alexandria.

The great weakness of the whole campaign was that it was ever commenced at As soon as Grant, in command of all the armies, learned of this silly expedition, he sent orders countermanding it: but the thing had gone so far that his orders never reached us until we were almost back to the Mississippi. Twenty-five thousand good soldiers, the

heroes of Vicksburg and Port Hudson, sent off almost beyond civilization, away up into the pine woods of Northwest Louisiana, where there was nothing to be gained, nothing to be held, to hunt around after an ambushed enemy!
They could have done about as much

good to the Union cause if they had taken a tour into the pine woods of Michigan. I had an opportunity, the year after the close of the war, to ask General Banks if the designed this movement. He replied that he did not; but that suggestions and hints came to him in such a way from Washington that he clearly understood what was wanted. So the expedition was made; and when it proved a failure the Washington people stepped out and left some of the Generals to be scapegoats; and then, as stated, severe blame belongs to some of the Generals for their almost criminal carolessness—and, in brief, we will leave the whole wretched business where

history leaves it, in an inextricable state. Our soldiers, East and West, fought and suffered nobly, and illustrated the great ca pacities of the volunteers. They should have no quarrel over it.

But there was one episode in that wretched expedition in which every soldier in that army may take the highest pride. It was the rescue of Admiral Porter's whole fleet from capture at Alexandria. Nothing like this achievement occurred anywhere else during the war. It was an exploit standing by tself, so novel, so apparently impossible that the people have never understood it, and never half appreciated the great service. Perhaps we may make it a little

clearer.
On the 25th of April the army entered Alexandria in good order, on the retreat. It was not pursued by the Confederates; but when we marched out on the 13th of May to continue the retreat, we found them between us and the Mississippi, and had to fight our way out. Between these dates batteries had been planted on the Red River below Alexandria, and steamboats had been sunk and burned. With our communientions thus cut off from all points be-low, the question will be asked, Why did the army remain eighteen days at Alexandria, instead of instantly moving and scattering the hostile forces in the way?

It was that we might save the navy. Exact figures are not just now accessible; but it may be stated that Admiral Porter brought up the Red River from the Mississippi a dozen good gunboats, which went far up above Alexandria. They guarded the numerous fleet of steamers that brought supplies along for the army; they shelled the woods along the way when anything suspicious appeared; and some of them had some lively fighting on their own account Taylor's army that tried to capture them. sure the position.

The answer gives title to this sketch.

were plenty. Wrecked and dismantled steam-transports lay careened over in midstronm; the water was shallow; everything on keel was aground!

The Confederates, in and out of Taylor's army, no doubt thought that their opportunity had come to make an overwhelming triumph. Some of the more vious of them said that the God of battles was on their side. They said this, not on account of the late battles, out of which neither side had anything in particular to brag of, but be-cause the Red River, which was invariably navigable at this season in this part of it, had fallen, so that the whole fleet was imprisoned above the town. The enemy re-

garded it as their certain prey.

Supposing that Admiral Porter and his blue-jackets had been compelled to abandon their gunboats, and march down to the Mississippi with the army?

In that event, the blowing-up and utter destruction of the fleet would have been necessary, to prevent its falling into the hands. It was the best part of the Mississippi squadron. Its loss at that time would have been a most disastrous blow to the United States. Not only would it have been the total destruction of millions of dollars' worth of property, but the blockade of the Mississippi would have been crippled. The great river could not have been kept open without them or their equivalent, and the Navy Department had not their equivalent to spare.

But what was to be done? What could be done?

Mark the situation. The Red River just above Alexandria runs with a current of nine miles an hour. There is a descent of a mile, called the "Falls," or "Rapids," in which, at that season of low water, great black rocks showed their ugly heads above the surface. Above the rapids the gunboat fleet was, to all appearance, hopelessly stranded. The sailors knew of no way to

help themselves.

In this crisis, an astonishing plan was proposed by the army. It was to dam up the river from each side, so as to raise the water above, by which means the gunboats would be floated, and be enabled to pass through an opening of fifty-five feet in the middle of the dam to the deep water below.

"The proposition looked like madness, and the best engineers ridiculed it," writes Admiral Porter. Yet in sleven days the army accomplished this hereulean work, released the imprisoned gunboats, and sent them on their way rejoicing to the Missis-

sippi.
The whole annals of military engineering, ancient or modern, may well be challenged to match this exploit; the labors of any and all armies may be sought for in vain to furnish anything so stupendous of this kind.

The achievement filled the Confederates with amazement. They realized its importance, if the people of the North did not. And the residents of the vicinity, seeing our army thus bring the forces of nature into subjection, mildly wondered if there was anything that those cursed Yan-

kees couldn't do.

The credit of planning this wonderful vork is given to Lieutenant Colonel Bailey, of the Fourth Wisconsin, they engineer of the Nineteenth Corps. He is since dead, and no one would wish to rob his memory of this rure honor. But it will not detract from his just fame to state that there were men carrying muskets in that army who were perfectly familiar with the principle scheme, and who had actually helped to put it in practice on the Susquehanna River, in releasing a steamboat stranded

at low water. In his testimony before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, General Emory stated that he also heard the idea advanced by a soldier of the One Hundred and Fourteenth New York, who came to him

periment than the Red. boundless capabilities of the men who composed the Union armies. They could do anything; they were never at fault. Over at Algiers, opposite New Orleans, when a New England regiment were starting out to repair the dismantled railroad, the engineer of the train declared that he sympathized with the South, and would not serve the Yankees. General Butler ordered him in irons, and asked if there was anybody in the regiment who would undertake to run the train.

A full dozen practical engineers instantly

stepped out.
The man who conceived the idea of the dam simultaneously with Colonel Bailey, was Sergeant Theodore Evans, of Bainbridge, Chenango County, New York. He is also decensed.

But to conceive this idea was one thing, and to put it into practical operation was another. Without the full and hearty cooperation of the men nothing could be ac-

omplished, Would they give it? They answered that question fully, nobly. They laid aside their muskets, and manfully undertook a work which was simply appalling in its magnitude.

For eleven days, three thousand soldiers worked in reliefs, night and day, to dam the Red River and float the gunboats off the shallows. Rations and forage were almost exhausted; what was done must be done instantly, for the army could not stay here and starve. The men worked like beavers. They chopped down acres of They tore down all the neighboring mills, to get brick and stone. Wagons on the roads and flat-boats on the river | could throw them under a small bridge were plying incessantly, bringing in the material.

From the Alexandria side of the river a was made of the trunks of large trees. brushwood, stone, and brick, crossed with other timber, and strengthened in every possible way. At the end of this, four large coal-barges were sunk, filled with stone and brick. From the opposite bank, cribs filled with stone built out to the barges. The plan had been to make the dam clear across, and then, as the water raised, blow a gap in the middle with a torpedo, but the pressure of the water was so great that two of the barges were carried away, making an interval through which four of the gun-boats successfully passed. The width of the river at this point was six hundred feet; and after this experience Colonel Bailey deemed it impracticable to put the dam clear across. The gap was left, and three days were occupied in constructing wingdams above. The device was entirely successful, and nine more gunboats and two tugs passed down into deep water.

The bare mention of these details conreys no adequate idea of the labors of the soldiers. They worked under the burning sun, and in the cold dews of night by the light of lanterns. They were in water all the time; sometimes it was above their waists. They toiled against a swift current. Many of them must have judged the effort to be hopeless; but they toiled on with the utmost patience and fidelity. Good-humor, often jests and laughter, prevailed as the work went on.

There was no difficulty in filling the de-

tails. All were willing, all ready. And while this work went on, other details of the army were building fortifications on above Alexandria, with detachments of shore and making reconnoissances, to in-They got back to that place—or to the shallows in the river above it—about the same great labors, but they unloaded the gun-

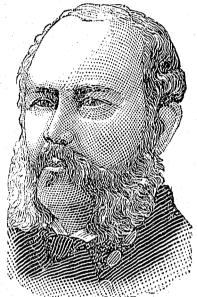
time as the army. Hard marks of service | bonts, lightening them of their iron armot were all over them; bullet and shot sears and guns, that they might pass down easily. were plenty. Wrecked and dismontled For once we had generous and anstinted

praise from the navy-from this navy.
The scene along the banks of the Red River, when these labors were crowned with success by the passage down of the gunboats, was a glad and exciting one. The banks were lined, crowded with soldiers. As the vessels swung out into the swift current, with hatches battoned down, silence fell upon the multitude. As they were swept along by the foaming flood, rocking and careening under a full head of steam, the suppressed excitement was painful; but when, one after another, they dashed gallantly through the gap and rode safely in the deep water below-such a roar of cheers went up from the lusty throats of the soldiers as that region never had known. Well might they shout-they had done a work there which was sure to go into the history of their country, and which future generations would read with amaze-

"Fields of glory are not always fields of blood." Much as I honor my comrades who served in Louisiana for their bravery in battle, for their patient endurance on the march in the blistering heats of that climate, I think they are to be as highly honored for the fremendous toil and exposure of those days when they provailed over Nature herself, put the Red River under subjection, and manfully saved the navy.-James Franklin Fitts, in Chicago Ledger.

General Schofield.

John M. Schofield was born in Chautauqua County, New York, Sept. 29, 1831; was graduated at West Point in 1853, and entered the artillery. When the war broke out he held a professorship in Washington University, St. Louis, and was made Major of the First Missouri. He was soon promoted to Brigadier and Major General of Volunteers, and commanded the Departnent of the Missouri until January, 1864,



when he took command of the Twentythird Corps, under Sherman. After the full of Atlanta General Schofield took command of the troops detached to join Gen-Thomas at Nashville, and while en route fought the battle of Franklin; then, joining Thomas, took part in the battle of Nashville. Since the war he has been made Major General and has commanded the Departments of Texas, the Missouri, and the East.

Who Got My Meat?

As the First Iowa Cavalry was marching through Arkausas, one day we came to a wood which we had to pass through. As with it. He had helped try it, with success, on the Susquehanna, which he thought opening or clearing, in which stood a coma much more difficult stream for the ex- modious log house; and what most struck my eye was a good-sized log smoke-house, The name of that man ought to go into and the prospect of full rations struck me istory, for the incident shows the almost still more forcibly. We dismounted, and, tying my horse to a fence-post, I advanced on that smoke-house, when, behold, it was locked; but, not wishing to be balked of my contemplated feast, I ran back and then forward, and planted both feet against it, when the door gave way with a crash. Entering, I saw such a sight as never hungry soldier saw before. Hams and shoulders. side meat by the hundreds of pounds, hung temptingly arrayed before us. Selecting a large-sized ham and shoulder, one in each hand, I started for the door, where I confronted a woman and half a dozen towheaded youngsters.

She said: "For heaven's sake, men, don't take it all. My children will starve. That hurt me, but I braced up and said: "I am hungry, too; and we don't get such fare often.'

In just twenty minutes there was not enough meat in that smoke-house to feed a Well, I got to my horse, and tied a ham on one side and a shoulder on the other, and we were just fairly mounted, when an order came along the line to charge forward. in hopes of capturing some guerillas which some of the men in scouting around had discovered.

Away we went, pell mell, hurry scurry,

in disregard of all military discipline, at full gallop. Away went my ham and shoulder, swinging up and down with a force that took my little horse from one side of the road to the other, but I hung on to them for a half mile, when I thought, "This will never do," so I cast my eyes around for a good place to leave them; and in a ravine a little way ahead I thought I which came in my way, so loosening the string I threw them down without stopping, and thought I would come back and get dam was built out three hundred feet. It them when we went into camp. Then we were ordered to search all the houses in our way, but we did not find anyone, and soon came to a village, which the boys ransacked completely, taking all the eatables the two small stores contained. I did not take any myself, for I thought I would have all I would want to carry when I got my meat.

Well, we soon started back to get into our line of march, and I was in a hurry to come up with the ravine where I supposed my ment was securly hid. Imagine if you can my feelings when I found them gone cannot adequately express my feelings. never found out who got them, but some one of the boys that saw me throw them there, I suppose. It has been over twenty years, but I would just like to know who M. M. DELANCY. got my meat. First Iowa Cavalry

An Angelic Deceiver.

General T. R. R. Cobb was a devout as well as a brave man. He believed in the efficacy of prayer. Colonel Tom Harde-man tells a story concerning General Cobb in the opening days of the war.

General Cobb had related that he had

prayed very earnestly before retiring, and after he went to bed he had a sort of ion in which an angel came down and told him that there would be no war. This story made a great impression on the boys, and when the convention met at Montgomery. Ala., it had not been forgotten.

During the discussion one fiery actor got

up and told how the dogs of war had been turned loose, and the heel of the invader was on our shores, etc. Turning to General Cobb, one big-

mouthed fellow bawled out:
"Say, Tom, don't you think now that that 'ere angel told you a darned lie?"

Farmers' Club.

CLUB ROOM, Mar. 5, 1887. The day was very unpropitious for a meeting but a fair number was present when the president called to order. Mr. Gillespie reported the sale of 14 shoats at a trifle above five cents, live weight. Clover seed was reported a little off. Rev. W. C. Phillips being detained the president entertained the club with a paper on sheep raising, in which he gave a sketch of the adaptation of different breeds and drew the conclusion that Michigan must eventually become a producer of the mutton breeds.

Mr. Gillespie had learned one thing by attending these club meetings, that is, that every man had a hobby, some want Short Horns, others long horns, while he preferred mulleys, and had five cows without horns. Few men were calculated for stock breeders.

Mr. Severance, a fine wool breeder, thought that two fine wools could be kept where one long wool could, that the two would make as much mutton while they would yield much more wool, they could be kept for a much longer period than the long wools, at · eight years the long wools are past their prime, while a Merino ewe was just in her prime at 12 to 14 years; he had known one to breed at 24 years of age. At one time he had 80 wethers one and two years of age, fed them but one pail of shelled corn per day and what corn fodder they would eat during the winter. Sold them for \$4 per head after shearing, while their fleeces averaged 10 pounds per head and he sold the wool at 75 cents per pound.

Mr. Griffin would keep thoroughbred fine wool ewes and cross with a long wool and turn off the lambs, keeping the flock pure-Mr. Templar had crossed in both ways, using fine wool males with long wool ewes, and vice versa, and tried this experiment for three years and would give no prefer ence. Other very interesting facts were contributed by several gentlemen present.

The president adjourned the club one week. Next Saturday Rev. W. C. Phillips will address the club. As only a few more meetings can be held before spring let the attendance be general. Remember the hour, 2 p. m., sharp. L. H. IVES, Sec'y.

Alaledon Center.

The weather still continues very changeable; if the freezing and thawing continues wheat will be much damaged.

Jessie, a young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Stevens, was taken away a few days since, by lung fever. Lewis A. and Orla J. Stevens are prepar

ing to work the old farm this year. J. Lewis is visiting his parents for a few

Seneca Pratt closed a successful term of school at the Leek, last Thursday. Go to Wm. Francisco's to the oyster sup

per, Thursday evening, March 17th. Miss Corn Price has been engaged to teach the summer term of school in district No. 8. A good selection.

E. N. Wilkins and wife are visiting friends in Enton county this week

Island Corners.

MARCH 7, 1887. Michael Wagner raised the frame for a new basement barn, 36 by 54 feet, last

Mr. Tom Clark has been visiting his parents in Oakland county,

the Island school house next Friday night. considering the roads. Col. L. H. Ives was Steve Hempy returned from Ohio last Thursday, and will work for H. B. Parker Other speakers were present. A committee this summer. This makes the sixth season. her sons, Henry and Joseph Clark of this nothing left undone to make a good show-

E. D. Cochrane closes the winter term of ideas and principles into the minds of the amendment. pupils under his charge.

West Alaledon.

MARCH 8, 1887. Spring birds made their appearance here

L. S. Call moved to Mason a short time W. A. Melton will build a large corn

house this spring.

Mike Wagoner is completing his commo-

dious hay and grain barn. Frank Dean and wife are visiting rela-

tives in Pennsylvania. It was decided at the last meeting of the West Alaiedon debating society that capital

punishment should not be adopted in Michigan. Next Friday evening Willie Child and constituents will endeavor to show their hearers that man makes his circumstances. James Merrick, Jr, and assistants will oppose the resolution. Observations of the weather taken each

day at noon during the month of February shows the average temperature to have been 31°, highest 56°, lowest 14°, 7½ inches of snow and 41 inches of rain fell during the month. February contained 14 days of fair weather. Don.

Webberville.

Our kind hearted people have subscribed \$35 and presented it to Lieut. Swan of the Salvation Army, to buy him a suit of clothes. What little village has done better? Ham Smith has gone to Kansas.

At a temperance meeting held at the Herrick school house by L. W. Mills and George Fisher last week, they took a vote and the entire audience voted for pro-

George Farnsworth has gone to Virginia.

John Hamilton is happy over the boy that his wife presented him last week.

The officers elected at our corporation election last week were : H. S. Hatch, president; R. B. Smith, treasurer; H. M. Silsby, assessor; A. E. Whetstone, marshall; H. F. Whitehead, street commissioner; G. H. Harris, fire warden; W. O. Horton, pound master; J. O. Hitchins, L. W. Mills, D. D. White, trustees.

It is about time to begin to blanket and rub down the candidates for spring election. instead. But glancing around through our Messrs. Selfridger and Brown have taken neighborhood, we notice our chances are the contract to load the engines with coal |

Prof. J. M.B. Sill delivers the next lecture here at the M. E. church, Friday evening

Alaiedon and Veray.

Good sugar weather this week. Mrs. John Speer is convalencing. Miss Hattie Wright did not go to Plain-

field last week as was reported. Melvin Rotnour of Alaiedon, was pleasintly surprised, last Monday evening, by about twenty of his friends and schoolmates. It was a birthday party and he was presented with a fine silk dressing case. Arthur F. VanPatten of Montague, 18

visiting with friends and relatives in Alaic-

The exhibition at the DuBois school house was a perfect success, and the mem-bers of the literary society wish to express their sincere thanks to those who participated and more especially to the manager, L. P. Mitchell.

Alasedon and Wheatfield Line.

G. H. Collar has the material on the round for a new house. M. C. Speer will build a new barn the

coming summer. George Sadler is preparing to build a

large sheep shed. Miss Cora Price has been engaged to teach the summer term of school in district No. 8, Alaiedon.

C. E. Ferris closed a successful term of school in district No. 3, March the third. Mr. Ferris returns to college, leaving a host of warm friends that extend him their heat wishes.

George DuBois of Jackson county, is visiting his father, J. D. DuBois. The exhibition at the DuBois school house was largely attended and was a suc-

cess financially.
The Rev. Mr. Tutthill of Leslie, will address the DuBois lecture course this week Wednesday evening.

March 9, 1887. C. P. Osborn has purchased the Chan celor horse, imported from Canada four years ago. Those who want horses for all work should see him.

bark glide gently o'er the stream of time. Mrs. S. H. McCord went to Manchester on Monday, to visit friends and relatives. S. H. McCord and W. G. Hawcroft went

to Grass Lake on the 6th inst. The donation for Rev. Wm. Cope of the M. P. Church, was fairly attended, the

receipts being \$90.
Mrs. Ephrium Walker died March 4th, aged 85. Funeral at M. E. church. Sunday at two o'clock, R v. Tedman officiating. It is rumored that David Carl and C.

Briggs have rented the meat market. The I. O. O. F. social, to have taken place March 5th, was adjourned to March 12th on account of weather. All are cordially invited.

There will be a temperance meeting at Monday evening, which was well attended, listened to with a good degree of interest. was appointed to look after the amendment Mrs. Clark of Oakland county, is visiting and from the interest manifest there will be ing in this town. As this amendment is The musical pupils of the Island neigh not a party measure it can be supported by borhood met at Mr. Herman Hulse's last all, or at least each voter can vote as he Tuesday evening for their weekly singing. thinks right and not interfere with his party vote in the least. After the speakers had school at the Bennett next Friday. We finished a vote was taken and nearly every think he has endeavored to instill right one in the house voted in favor of the

Bunkerhill Center.

MARCH 8, 1887. Rev. J. W. Miers closed his meetings last Thursday night. Fourteen turned from darkness to light, and yet there is

The robbins and blackbirds have come

Among the improvements we note that Wm. Galbraith is preparing to build a nice house this summer; Wm. Durham is remodeling his house; G. P. Builey is intending to move and reconstruct his barns; and Wm. Johnston will build a large grain and carriage house.

G. W. Brewer will close his school next Monday.

Elder Miers will start a U. B. class at this place next Sunday night. Rev. L. S. Tedman will preach at this place next Sunday at 2:30, p. m., and will

also take in members for the M. E. class. Mr. Charley Terry and Miss Nellie Black more were married, by Rev. J. W. Miers, at the residence of the bride's father, John

Blackmore of Lesile, Feb. 26, 1887. Both M. P. Headley of Muir, is selling fruit trees here for the Hillsdale Nursery.

Mrs. Jacob Kelley is home from visiting n Jackson county. Win. Hynes had a cancer cut from his under lip by doctors, but now it is growing

out again. Misses Rosa Brady and Agnes Hynes visited the center school last week Tuesday. A few young men talk of enlisting in

the regular army. Nelson James writes from Tennessee that the Tennessee river was swollen five feet by the late rains, and that apples are \$2 Four men swore in their votes here at per bushel, potatoes \$1 per bushel, and butthe corporation election. They all have ter 30 cents a pound. He will return in about two months.

Lizzie and Herman Kelley are at Alaiedon, attending the Du Bois school exhibition. G. W. Brewer expects to close his school with literary exercises.

ROUGH AND READY.

Eden.

MAROH 7, 1887. Yes, "Items of news are in prose often read," and we think it well to rhyme them

not very good. become a gay drummer is the intention of

Miss Maggie Childs, who was seriously man street, New York.

ill, is now convulescent through medical

skill. A. C. Sanders, who aspires to great schemes, for \$550 has sold both his teams. but as a dancer and skater there's none like Walt L.

hen Eden will have just three of a kind. Ed. Hazleton's house he decides not to build, until he owns a fine barn and has it

We know a young lady whom many would Bliss.

The frame of your scribe is threatened with wreck, through the vengeance of him whom we called Mr. Peck.

The meetings at Eden continue as yet and amateurs envy the local quartette. The young Mr. Cady, who with diphtheria was sick, through the skill of Dr. Dodge his recovery was quick.

body's gate. The stone that keeps rolling will gather no moss, and the indian Johnnie as such is

the boss. Some three miles from Mason, where the roads have been cleft, stands the house on a sand hill where Billy got left. The farmers near Eden, who strive for the

lead, are already sowing their big clover That bonded wheat note Chas. says he won't pay, and we know of others built just the same way.

Election is coming and they're all on the

lurk, but Ed. is the gent we want for town

The great Mason poet, whom we thought fast asleep, has written an article to make your scribe weep. We thought him our friend, yet by the boys he was hired, and they say that his lingo will make us feel tired. To all of their wishes let him acqui-esce, but they had better state facts, not fiction, we guess. We owe him our friendship, he has served us in need, and henceforth all his wishes we ever shall heed. A newspa per controversy with him we don't court, as we know that quill driving is about his best David Carl and Miss Nettie Ewers were forte. In a literary way we once wronged him, indeed, but George, let's drop it, and smoke a good weed.

Meeting of Teachers' Association.

[Received at this office March 5.]
MASON, Feb. 26, 1887. In spite of the inclemency of the weather about one hundred persons gathered at the high school room in Mason, for a meeting of the Ingham County Teachers' Association. The association was called to order at 11:15 by President DeWitt. Devotional exercises conducted by Supt. Hipp of Williamston.

The subject of Higher Education was presented by Prof. Webster of Mason. The time has come when persons of higher

studies as much as they ought. Prof. Webster thought the reason there were not more in college, according to population, was owing to the foreign population That in our own state the attendance of our colleges was increasing each year. Adjourned until 1:30, p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Association called to order by President

Mr. Huston of Williamston, read a very interesting and profitable paper on "The Progress of the Schools of Michigan during the last forty years." Mr. Huston has been connected with the schools for nearly forty years, and spoke from experience. In 1886 there were 15,576 teachers actually engaged in the work, and 412,000 children between the ages of 5 and 20 in Michigan. The average wages of gentlemen teachers is \$46.17 a month, and of lady teachers \$31. 18. The wages have more than doubled since 1840. As a rule teachers are changed too often; after the teacher and pupils get thoroughly acquainted they can do better

work. Teachers should be hired for longer time. The vote of the association was unani nous to have Mr. Huston's paper published n the Michigan School Moderator.

We then listened to a piece of music by Misses Coy and Drake, and Messrs. Long year and Pratt.

Miss Fabor of Lansing, was to have presented a paper on "Commercial Geogra phy," but she not being present, it was presented by Supt. Hipp of Williamston, showing the importance of commerce and illustrating the way it is carried on, by pictures of bridges, railroads, canals, tunnels, ships, oil well, mines, etc. Would use books of travel and different kinds of Geog-

raphy in teaching the subject. Discussed by Supt. Howell of Lansing. Another piece of music was given by the

same quartet. Supt. Howell of Lansing, spoke of the reading circle, telling the benefits of being a member of the circle. The questions in the Query Box were

answered by members of the association. They created much discussion and a good deal of sport. Association then adjourned to meet the

last Saturday in April. MIRTIE L. BELL, Sec'y. The March number of Babyhood contains

an exhaustive article on "The Feeding of

Older Infants and Young children," by Dr. L. E. Holt, physician to the New York Infant Asylum, which is designed to answer many of the perplexing questions concerning the subject so often asked by mothers. Several valuable diet lists for children in health and disease are given, the peculiari ties of various articles of food being pointed out. Among the other important articles in this number are one "on The Adulteration of Bread," by Dr. Cyrus Edson, chief inspector of the New York health depart. ment, and one on "The Child's Bath in Health and Illness," by Dr. L. M. Yale, the medical editor. The departments of "Baby's Wardwobe," "Mother's Parliament," "Nur-J. H. Van Buren has rented his farm, to sery Problems," etc., are, as usual, interest: ing and varied. 15 cents a number; \$1.50 a year. Babyhood Publishing Co., 4 Beek.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin erup-To boast of one's talents is all very well, at as a dancer and skater there's none like Valt I.

To crect a fruit dryer is on F. M.'s mind.

To crect a fruit dryer is on F. M.'s mind.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems at first, only a miss, if she should decide to write her name | cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap, imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't he deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all throat, lung and chest While driving through Mason one evening affections. Trial bottles free at Williams quite late, we noticed Will Lyon on some | drug store.

Saved His Life. Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson of Horse Cave, Ky. says he was, for many years, badly afflicted with Phthisic, also Diabetes; the pains were almost unendurable and would some times almost throw him into convulsions. He tried Electric Bitters and got relief from first bottle and after taking six bottles, was entirely cured, and had gained in flesh 18 pounds. Says he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for the relief afforded by Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by H. M. Williams.

Aclcer's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. Sold by H. M. Williams and O.W. Halstend

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NO COLD FEET

The subject of Higher Education was presented by Prof. Webster of Mason.

Aurelius.

March 8, 1887.

A. M. McIntyre of Clare, made his old friends here a short visit, returning home to day.

Hugh Dolbee of Isabelle county, has been called here on account of the sickness of his father. He found him better. He reports good sleighing when he left home.

J. Elmore Rider has just closed a very successful term of school in the Rolfe distinct.

Mr. Clark of Lansing, addressed the prohibition meeting at the I. O. G. T. hall, on Monday evening, which was well attended,

March 8, 1887.

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The time has come when persons of higher education in the warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre fellowally worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Inseles for the man," is more than true. We should encourage by Mr. Weeks of Lessing worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Inseles for the most powerful made in the world. The warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre the most powerful made in the world. The warre fellowally worn, and try and concurred the most powerful made in the world with most present the most powerful made in the world

after one year's trial. THE MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO., 134 Dearborn St., Chicago. Ill.

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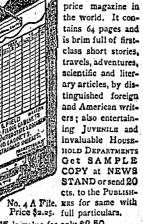
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and Forks,

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