CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary information and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Capital Area District Library, State of Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Capital Area District Library, State of Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information - Additional Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Capital Area District Library's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as outlined on the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Capital Area District Library (the Library), we offer readers of the Capital Area District Library's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Capital Area District Library for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Governmental-wide:

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Library exceeded it liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$14,554,896 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,562,575 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Library's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Library's total net position increased by \$835,987.

Fund-level:

- As of the close of the 2018 fiscal year, the Library's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$9,422,608, an increase of \$726,333 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,281,006, or 46% of total general fund expenditures, meeting the current policy requirement of a minimum of 25%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary and additional supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Library's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund of the Library is categorized as a governmental fund.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide information to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Library maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund which is considered a major fund.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund in the required supplementary information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide supplementary information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 32 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Library's progress in funding its obligation to provide retirement benefits to its employees and the general fund budget on pages 34 through 37. Additional supplementary information can be found on pages 39 and 40 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Library, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$14,554,896 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

\$5,700,385 of the Library's net position (39%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., library books, furniture and equipment), less any related debt, none at year end, used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

Capital Area District Library's Net Position

	Govern activ	
	2018	2017
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 20,358,389 5,700,385	\$ 19,113,413 5,718,422
Total assets	26,058,774	24,831,835
Deferred outflows of resources	1,046,867	1,156,053
Long-term liabilities Net pension liability Other liabilities	265,720 1,220,071 407,081	259,351 1,437,483 359,938
Total liabilities	1,892,872	2,056,772
Deferred inflow of resources	10,657,873	10,212,207
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted by donor request Unrestricted	5,700,385 291,936 8,562,575	5,718,422 241,302 7,759,185
Total net position	\$ 14,554,896	\$ 13,718,909

The unrestricted net position (\$8,562,575) may be used to meet the Library's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Library is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for its governmental activities.

The Library's net position increased by \$835,987 during the current fiscal year. The majority of the increase can be attributed to a planned reduction in capital spending, as well as increases in tax revenue, personal property tax reimbursements, and investment income.

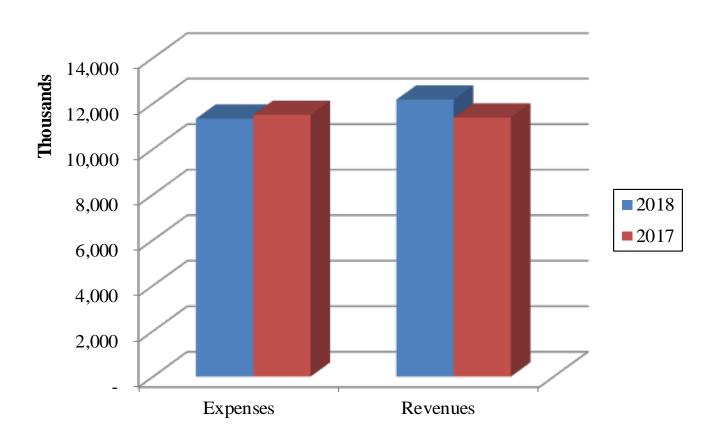
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Library's net position by \$835,987, thereby the governmental activities accounted for 100% of the total increase in the net position of the Library.

Capital Area District Library's Changes in Net Position

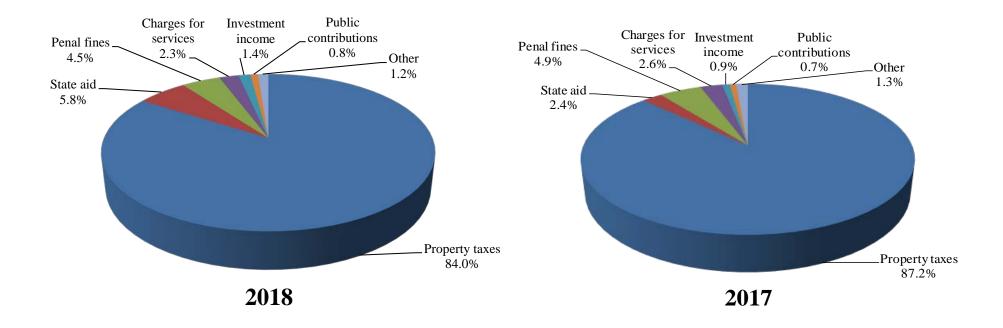
	Governmental activities					
Revenues:	2018	2017				
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 274,394	\$ 290,464				
State aid	703,263	267,949				
Penal fines	543,914	558,316				
Public contributions	104,266	84,442				
General revenues:						
Property taxes	10,224,380	9,934,673				
Investment earnings	168,309	98,501				
Other	148,269	145,914				
Total revenues	12,166,795	11,380,259				
Expenses:						
Library services	11,330,808	11,495,712				
Increase in net position	835,987	(115,453)				
Net position, beginning of year	13,718,909	13,834,362				
Net position, end of year	\$ 14,554,896	\$ 13,718,909				

- Overall government activities revenue is up \$786,536 from prior year. The majority of the increase is due to collecting more property tax and state aid, in the form of personal property tax loss reimbursements, than in the previous year. In addition, investment earnings were higher due to rising short term rates.
- Expenses decreased \$164,904. The decrease can primarily be attributed to a decrease in capital spending for library renovation projects.

Capital Area District Library
Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities
December 31,



Capital Area District Library Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities December 31,



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental fund. The focus of the Library's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Library's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Library's governmental fund reported combined ending fund balance of \$9,422,608, an increase of \$726,333 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 56% of this total amount (\$5,281,006) constitutes *unassigned*, which is available for spending at the Library's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, non-spendable, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to 1) capital projects (\$500,000), 2) automation (\$500,000), 3) operations (\$1,405,000), 4) pension reserve (\$487,120), 5) donations (\$363,536), 6) for subsequent year expenditures (\$612,000), or 7) prepaid contracted services (\$273,946).

The general fund is the chief and only operating fund of the Library. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,281,006 while total fund balance was \$9,422,608. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 46% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 82% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Library's general fund increased by \$726,333 during fiscal year 2018. A key factor in this decrease is as follows:

- Decrease in capital outlay expenditures
- More property tax revenue and state aid due to larger than expected personal property tax loss reimbursements.
- > Increase in investment income due to rising short-term interest rates and new investments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Library's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2018, amounts to \$5,700,385 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes library books and materials, furniture and equipment, and building and building improvements.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- New library books and materials
- New computers and technology
- Renovation projects on library buildings

<u>Capital Area District Library's Capital Assets</u> (Net of depreciation)

		Governmental activities			
	2018	2017			
Building and building improvements	\$ 1,408,722	\$ 1,241,529			
Furniture and equipment	910,472	960,661			
Library books and materials	3,372,309	3,351,742			
Construction in progress	8,882_	164,490			
	\$ 5,700,385	\$ 5,718,422			

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Library had total debt outstanding of \$265,720. This represents compensated absences earned but not used as of year-end.

Capital Area District Library's Outstanding Debt

	 Governmental activities			
	 2018	2017		
Compensated absences	\$ 265,720	\$	259,351	

The Library's total debt increased by \$6,369 (2.5%) during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the Library's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Capital Area District Library's goal is to maintain and enhance the services that are provided to the public utilizing the most efficient and effective methods. The Library has a conservative and fiscally responsible budget for the fiscal year 2019 that will support the Library's activities and programs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Capital Area District Library, 401 S. Capitol Ave, Lansing, MI 48933.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET/ STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	ge	alance sheet eneral fund modified ecrual basis	A	djustments		Statement of net position
ASSETS:						
Cash	\$	3,581,953	\$	-		\$ 3,581,953
Investments		6,425,794		-		6,425,794
Receivables:		4.250				4.250
Accounts Taxes		4,350		-		4,350
Interest		10,057,827 14,519		_		10,057,827 14,519
Prepaid expenses		273,946		_		273,946
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		273,740		5,700,385	(1)	5,700,385
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,358,389		5,700,385	(-)	26,058,774
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:						
Pension related items	\$	-		1,046,867	(2)	1,046,867
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable		209,127		_		209,127
Accrued payroll, taxes and withholding		152,899		-		152,899
Accrued retirement		45,055		-		45,055
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		17,730	(2)	17,730
Due in more than one year		-		247,990	(2)	247,990
Net pension liability		-		1,220,071	(2)	1,220,071
TOTAL LIABILITIES		407,081		1,485,791		1,892,872
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension related items		-		129,173	(2)	129,173
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		10,528,700		_		10,528,700
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10,528,700		129,173		10,657,873
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		-		5,700,385		5,700,385
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures		273,946		(273,946)		-
Restricted - donations		291,936		-		291,936
Committed: Capital projects		500,000		(500,000)		
Automation		500,000		(500,000)		-
Operations		1,405,000		(1,405,000)		_
Pension reserve		487,120		(487,120)		_
Assigned - donations		71,600		(71,600)		_
Assigned - subsequent year expenditures		612,000		(612,000)		-
Unassigned/unrestricted		5,281,006		3,281,569		8,562,575
TOTAL FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION		9,422,608	\$	5,132,288		\$ 14,554,896
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	20,358,389				

⁽¹⁾ Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Compensated absences and pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance general fund modified accrual basis	Adjustments	Statement of activities				
REVENUES:			_				
Property taxes	\$ 10,224,380	\$ -	9	10,224,380			
State aid	703,263	-		703,263			
Penal fines	543,914	-		543,914			
Charges for services	274,394	-		274,394			
Investment income - net	168,309	-		168,309			
Public contributions	104,266	-		104,266			
Other	161,940	(13,671)	(3)	148,269			
Total revenues	12,180,466	(13,671)		12,166,795			
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Salaries and employee benefits	7,406,509	(127,691)	(2)	7,278,818			
Materials	1,691,742	(1,015,392)	(1)	676,350			
Supplies	121,360	-		121,360			
Contractual services	441,831	-		441,831			
Governance	44,979	-		44,979			
Automated library system	280,084	-		280,084			
Maintenance and utilities	679,696	-		679,696			
Technology	328,870	(154,700)	(1)	174,170			
Staff development	44,583	-		44,583			
Capital outlay	254,495	(166,217)	(1)	88,278			
Depreciation	-	1,340,675	(1)	1,340,675			
Miscellaneous	159,984			159,984			
Total expenditures	11,454,133	(123,325)		11,330,808			
Net change in fund balance/net position	726,333	109,654		835,987			
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION,							
beginning of year	8,696,275	5,022,634		13,718,909			
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 9,422,608	\$ 5,132,288	\$	6 14,554,896			

⁽¹⁾ Governmental funds report capital assets as expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. In the statement of activities, these expenditures are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

⁽²⁾ Compensated absences and pension are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental fund. The adjustment represents the change of the year end liability compared to the prior year.

⁽³⁾ Governmental funds report revenue as being available within a reasonable amount of time after the year end, typically 60 days. In the statement of activities these revenues are recognized as revenue when they are measurable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Capital Area District Library has no business-type activities or fiduciary activities.

B. Reporting Entity

Effective January 1, 1998, Capital Area District Library commenced official operations pursuant to the March 10, 1997 signed District Library Agreement. The District Library Agreement was originally entered into by the County of Ingham, except for the City of East Lansing and small portions of White Oak and Locke Townships, and the City of Lansing. In February 1999, three additional participating municipalities were recognized by the original participants - Delhi Township, Meridian Township and the City of Williamston. The Library is funded primarily through property taxes, state aid, penal fines, and donations. The voters of the Library approved a 1.56 mill tax for a 4-year period, which began with a tax levy effective December 31, 2017. This millage provides funding of Library operations through December 31, 2021.

The Library is governed by a seven-member board. The Board consists of five members appointed by the County of Ingham and two members appointed by the City of Lansing. The Library is not included as a component unit in any other primary government's financial statements.

The Library has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the Library.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government unit.

The Library utilized the financial statement format recommended by the State of Michigan for special purpose entities engaged only in governmental activities.

The Library maintains only one fund, the general fund, which is reported as a major governmental fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)

The *general fund* is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government. There are no resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and statement of activities) are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements (the balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances) are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

E. Budgetary Information

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund.

The appropriate budget is prepared by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Information (Concluded)

Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Appropriations in the budgeted fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The Library does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations. The budget was amended prior to December 31, 2018. The Library does not consider the amendments to be significant. Violations, if any, are noted in the required supplementary information sections.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits. Investments include instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Investments are carried at amortized cost or fair value.

State statutes authorized the Library to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Library is also authorized to invest in U.S. government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

2. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture, equipment, and library books, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of 2 years. The total of books purchased during the year are capitalized and are depreciated over seven years. The Library has elected not to capitalize rare books. Fully depreciated books are removed from the asset schedule. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The Library has a collection of art work presented for public exhibition and education that is being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. The collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets, since at the time of donation it was impractical to determine a fair value due to the number of small pieces in the collection.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Library, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Building and building improvements	25 - 40
Library books and materials	7
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Library only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the pension related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension related items and is expensed in the plan year in which it applies.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Concluded)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Library has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first relates to property taxes. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, while the government-wide report only property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item is the future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension accrual calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

5. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

6. Net position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Library will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted contributions or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Library's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

7. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Library itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Library that can, by adoption of a Board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the Board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another Board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Trustees has by resolution authorized the executive director to assign fund balance. The Board of Trustees may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The Library has adopted a minimum unassigned fund balance policy, which states that the Library will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 25% of subsequent year's operational expenses. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment. If the fund balance falls below the minimum 25% level, library management will replenish shortages/deficiencies by reducing recurring expenditures to eliminate any structural deficit, increase taxes in accordance with law, fees for services, pursue other funding sources, or some combination of the 2 options.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Concluded)

8. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Property Taxes

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Library engages other municipalities to bill and collect its own property taxes. Library tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year following the December 1 levy date. Property taxes levied for the ensuing year's revenue are included in taxes receivable and deferred inflows. Property tax receivables related to delinquent taxes are also deferred unless collected within 60 days of year-end.

Property taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The Library's 2017 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2017 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended December 31, 2018 financial statements, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing operations. The 2017 taxable value of the district totaled \$6,687,292,254 (a portion of which is not captured from all jurisdictions), on which taxes of 1.56 mills are levied for operating purposes.

2. Compensated Absences

It is the Library's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Library does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Library. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the Library to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations and to invest in obligations of the United States, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, banker acceptances and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

As of December 31, 2018, the Library had the following investments:

Investment type:	Fair value	maturity (years)	Rating	%
MILAF TERM MILAF money market	\$ 4,000,000 1,245	0.3586 0.0027	AAAm n/a	100.0%
Total fair value	\$ 4,001,245	:		100.0%
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.3584		

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1 day maturity equals 0.0027, one year equals 1.00

MILAF TERM is an external pooled investment fund of "qualified" investments for Michigan governmental entities. MILAF TERM reports the fair value of the Library's investments as the same as the value of the pool shares. MILAF TERM investments are not subject to the fair market value disclosure.

Interest rate risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Maturity dates of investments are shown in the investment schedule above.

Credit risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

Concentration of credit risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2018, \$4,370,817 of the Library's bank balance of \$6,107,541 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Certificate of deposits are included in the above totals. The balance of \$6,006,502 is reported as cash and investments on the financial statements as of December 31, 2018.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Library does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk.

Foreign currency risk. The Library is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

The above amounts as previously reported in Note 2:

Deposits	\$ 6,006,502
Investments	 4,001,245
	\$ 10,007,747
As presented in the financial statements:	
Cash	\$ 3,581,953
Investments	 6,425,794
	\$ 10,007,747

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2018
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 164,490	\$ 8,882	\$ 164,490	\$ 8,882
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and building improvement	1,545,279	256,531	28,796	1,773,014
Furniture and equipment	3,710,802	219,994	507,995	3,422,801
Library books and materials	15,694,227	1,015,392	1,405,933	15,303,686
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,950,308	1,491,917	1,942,724	20,499,501
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and building improvement	303,750	75,667	15,125	364,292
Furniture and equipment	2,750,141	270,183	507,995	2,512,329
Library books and materials	12,342,485	994,825	1,405,933	11,931,377
Total accumulated depreciation	15,396,376	1,340,675	1,929,053	14,807,998
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,553,932	151,242	13,671	5,691,503
Total governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 5,718,422	\$ 160,124	\$ 178,161	\$ 5,700,385

Depreciation expense amounted to \$1,340,675.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Ad	lditions	Redu	ctions	Ending balance	ne within
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$ 259,351	\$	6,369	\$		\$ 265,720	\$ 17,730

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Plan</u>

The Library provides retirement benefits to certain full-time employees hired before January 1, 2002 through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As established by negotiation with the Library's competitive bargaining units, the Library contributes 8.00% of employees' gross earnings. In accordance with these requirements, the Library contributed \$373,154 during the current year, and employees contributed \$154,076.

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The Library's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Library participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

2017

	Valuation						
Open Division	07-NonUnion	70-UnionProf	71-UnNon-Pro				
Benefit Multiplier:	2.50%	2.00%	2.00%				
	Multiplier (80% max)	Multiplier (no max)	Multiplier (no max)				
Normal Retirement age:	60	60	60				
Vesting:	6 years	10 years	10 years				
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	55/15		55/20				
Early Retirement (Reduced):	50/25	50/25	50/25				
		55/15	55/15				
Final Average Compensation:	5 years	5 years	5 years				
COLA for Future Retirees:	2.50% (Non-Compound)	2.50% (Non-Compound)					
Member Contributions:	10.00%	4.07%	1.60%				
Act 88:	Yes	Yes	Yes				
	(adopted 10/17/2001)	(adopted 10/17/2001)	(adopted 10/17/2001)				

Employees covered by benefit terms. At the December 31, 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	65
	94

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions ranged from 8.00% to 10.52% based on annual payroll for open divisions. At year end, the Library is current on all required pension plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for December paid in January.

Net pension liability. The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary increases: 3.75% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 8.0%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3% - 4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% male and 50% female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Global Equity	57.50%	5.02%
Global Fixed Income	20.00%	2.18%
Real Assets	12.50%	4.23%
Diversifying Strategies	10.00%	6.56%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (decrease)				
	Total pension liability (a)	fiduciary net position (b)	Net pension liability (a)-(b)		
Balances at 12/31/2017	\$ 9,173,151	\$ 7,735,668	\$ 1,437,483		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	404,462	-	404,462		
Interest on total pension liability	739,158	-	739,158		
Changes in benefits	4,138	-	4,138		
Difference between expected and actual experience	192,883	-	192,883		
Employer contributions	-	373,154	(373,154)		
Employee contributions	-	154,076	(154,076)		
Net investment income	-	1,047,349	(1,047,349)		
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(271,796)	(271,796)	_		
Administrative expense		(16,526)	16,526		
Net changes	1,068,845	1,286,257	(217,412)		
Balances as of 12/31/2018	\$ 10,241,996	\$ 9,021,925	\$1,220,071		

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% lower (7.00%) or 1% higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (7.00%)		 rent discount te (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)		
Net pension liability at 12/31/2018	\$	-	\$ 1,220,071	\$	-	
Change in net pension liability (NPL)		1,416,549	-		(1,183,105)	
Calculated NPL	\$	2,636,620	\$ 1,220,071	\$	36,966	

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Concluded)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2018 the employer recognized pension expense of \$568,832 on the governmental-wide financial statements. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	outflows of	inflows of
	resources	resources
Differences in experiences	\$ 317,369	\$ 129,173
Differences in assumptions	279,401	-
Excess (deficit) investment returns	71,537	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	378,560	
	\$ 1,046,867	\$ 129,173

^{*} The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending 2017.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year end December 31,	
	2019	\$ 197,830
	2020	173,948
	2021	45,259
	2022	92,824
	2023	1,719
	2024	27,554

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above described activities. No settlements have incurred in excess of coverage in 2018 or any of the prior 3 years.

NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASE

The Library entered into an operating lease for parking space rental, which was an extension of an existing lease. Payments commenced on October 1, 2010 for this lease; scheduled future minimum lease payments under this agreement as of December 31, 2018, are summarized as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2019 2020	\$ 48,129 36,900
	\$ 85,029

During 2018 the Library paid \$46,909 for rental of the parking spaces.

NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS

INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES EXEMPTION

Municipalities within the Library boundaries entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. An Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption (IFT) certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1 - 12 years as determined by the local unit of government. The IFT on new plant and new industrial property is computed at 50% of the taxes levied. The municipalities can elect to freeze the taxable values for rehabilitation properties.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Library's property tax revenue for general operations were reduced by \$87,390 under this program. The abatements issued by other governmental units is a follows:

Governmental unit	Amount	
Alaiedon Township	\$	27,178
Leroy Township		7,778
Vevay Township		612
Lansing Township		17,041
Leslie Township		1,311
Delhi Charter Township		4,107
City of Mason		23,333
City of Williamston		6,030
Total	\$	87,390

NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS (Concluded)

PILOT - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

Under the provisions of the State Housing Development Authority Act 346 of 1966, as amended, municipalities can enter into agreements with housing developments in which they pay a service fee instead of property taxes for public services. The Act applies to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Library's property tax revenue for general operations were reduced by \$19,309 under this program. The abatements issued by other governmental units is a follows:

Governmental unit	_		mount
Delhi Charter Township		\$	19,309

There are no significant abatements made by the Library.

NOTE 9 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for the Library's 2020 year end. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original budget	0		Variance with final budget	
REVENUES:	<u> </u>			J	
Local sources:					
Property taxes	\$10,057,200	\$10,057,200	\$10,224,380	\$ 167,180	
Penal fines	560,000	560,000	543,914	(16,086)	
Charges for services	292,000	262,000	274,394	12,394	
Investment income - net	135,000	151,000	168,309	17,309	
Public contributions	76,000	106,000	104,266	(1,734)	
Other	127,900	139,400	161,940	22,540	
Total local sources	11,248,100	11,275,600	11,477,203	201,603	
State sources	284,200	287,200	703,263	416,063	
Total revenues	11,532,300	11,562,800	12,180,466	617,666	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and employee benefits	7,708,280	7,708,280	7,406,509	301,771	
Materials	1,628,309	1,708,309	1,691,742	16,567	
Supplies	134,500	136,000	121,360	14,640	
Contractual services	461,303	475,103	441,831	33,272	
Governance	74,780	74,780	44,979	29,801	
Automated library system	291,500	293,000	280,084	12,916	
Maintenance and utilities	739,278	752,278	679,696	72,582	
Technology	495,300	495,800	328,870	166,930	
Staff development	51,150	52,650	44,583	8,067	
Capital outlay	521,500	696,500	254,495	442,005	
Miscellaneous	182,400	202,400	159,984	42,416	
Total expenditures	12,288,300	12,595,100	11,454,133	1,140,967	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (756,000)	\$ (1,032,300)	726,333	\$ 1,758,633	
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year			8,696,275		
End of year			\$ 9,422,608		

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	2017	2016	2015		2014
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 404,462	\$ 415,935	\$	398,610	\$ 365,896
Interest	739,158	682,433		580,414	520,792
Changes of benefit terms	4,138	31,415		(62,471)	-
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	192,883	(180,842)		266,071	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-		488,952	-
Benefit payments including					
employee refunds	(271,796)	(196,459)		(173,841)	(186,880)
Other	_	 -			-
Net change in total pension liability	1,068,845	752,482		1,497,735	699,808
Total pension liability beginning	 9,173,151	8,420,669		6,922,934	6,223,126
Total pension liability ending	\$ 10,241,996	\$ 9,173,151	\$	8,420,669	\$ 6,922,934
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions-employer	\$ 373,154	\$ 297,624	\$	258,871	\$ 245,098
Contributions-employee	154,076	124,505		142,200	128,660
Net investment income	1,047,349	785,435		(104,388)	388,568
Benefit payments including					
employee refunds	(271,796)	(196,459)		(173,841)	(186,880)
Administrative expense	(16,526)	 (15,479)		(14,897)	(14,374)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,286,257	995,626		107,945	561,072
Plan fiduciary net position beginning	7,735,668	6,740,042		6,632,097	6,071,025
Plan fiduciary net position ending	\$ 9,021,925	\$ 7,735,668	\$	6,740,042	\$ 6,632,097
Employer net pension liability	\$ 1,220,071	\$ 1,437,483	\$	1,680,627	\$ 290,837
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	88.09%	84.33%		80.04%	95.80%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,408,001	\$ 3,401,919	\$	3,383,310	\$ 3,106,622
Employer's net pension liability as a					
percentage of covered employee payroll	35.80%	42.26%		49.67%	9.36%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, reporting units should present information for those years for which information is available.

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		2017		2016		2015		2014
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	373,154	\$	297,624	\$	258,871	\$	245,098
determined contribution		373,154		297,624		258,871		245,098
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$3	3,408,001	\$ 3	3,401,919	\$ 3	3,383,310	\$ 3	3,106,622
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		10.95%		8.75%		7.65%		7.89%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, reporting units should present information for those years for which information is available.

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Benefit changes - for 2017 the employee contributions decreased from 4.13% to 4.07% for division 70. Employee contributions for division 71 decreased from 2.11% to 1.60%

Changes in assumptions - the 2017 actuarial numbers reflect a change in assumed life expectancy for longer lifetimes, assumed rate of investment return remained the same at 8%, and the asset smoothing period remained the same at 5 years.

Notes to the Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed

Inflation2.5%Salary increases3.8%Investment rate of return8.0%

Retirement age Varies depending on plan adoption
Mortality 50% female/50% male RP-2014 Group

Annuity Mortality Table

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
ASSETS		
ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 3,581,953	\$ 5,962,380
Investments	6,425,794	2,649,617
Receivables:		
Accounts	4,350	8,206
Taxes	10,057,827	10,061,587
Interest	14,519	-
Prepaid expense	273,946	431,623
TOTAL ASSETS	\$20,358,389	\$19,113,413
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 209,127	\$ 167,699
Accrued payroll, taxes and withholding	152,899	129,755
Accrued retirement	45,055	62,484
TOTAL LIABILITIES	407,081	359,938
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	10,528,700	10,057,200
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUCRES	10,528,700	10,057,200
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures	273,946	431,623
Restricted - donations	291,936	241,302
Committed:		
Capital projects	500,000	500,000
Automation	500,000	500,000
Operations	1,405,000	1,405,000
Pension reserve	487,120	548,120
Assigned - donations	71,600	81,846
Assigned - subsequent year expenditures	612,000	756,000
Unassigned	5,281,006	4,232,384
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	9,422,608	8,696,275
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$20,358,389	\$19,113,413

CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
REVENUES:		
Property taxes	\$10,224,380	\$ 9,934,673
State aid	703,263	267,949
Penal fines	543,914	558,316
Charges for services	274,394	290,464
Investment income - net	168,309	98,501
Public contributions	104,266	84,442
Other	161,940	153,163
Total revenues	12,180,466	11,387,508
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Salaries and employee benefits	7,406,509	7,172,260
Materials	1,691,742	1,588,621
Supplies	121,360	112,199
Contractual services	441,831	424,223
Governance	44,979	56,020
Automated library system	280,084	260,196
Maintenance and utilities	679,696	625,415
Technology	328,870	271,554
Staff development	44,583	36,557
Capital outlay	254,495	1,052,841
Miscellaneous	159,984	186,665
Total expenditures	11,454,133	11,786,551
Net change in fund balance	726,333	(399,043)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	8,696,275	9,095,318
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 9,422,608	\$ 8,696,275