## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY

**REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (with required supplementary information and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Trustees Capital Area District Library, State of Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Capital Area District Library, State of Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information - Additional Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Capital Area District Library's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as outlined on the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Manes Costerinan PC

April 6, 2017

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Capital Area District Library (the Library), we offer readers of the Capital Area District Library's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Capital Area District Library for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Governmental-wide:

- > The assets and deferred outflows of the Library exceeded it liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,834,362 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,332,236 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Library's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- > The Library's total net position increased by \$130,358.

#### Fund-level:

- ➤ As of the close of the 2016 fiscal year, the Library's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$9,095,318 an increase of \$310,427 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,186,435, or 29 percent of total general fund expenditures, meeting the current policy requirement of a minimum of 25%.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary and additional supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Library's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund of the Library is categorized as a governmental fund.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide information to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Library maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund which is considered a major fund.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund in the required supplementary information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide supplementary information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 31 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Library's progress in funding its obligation to provide retirement benefits to its employees and the general fund budget on pages 33 through 36. Additional supplementary information can be found on pages 38 and 39 of this report.

## **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Library, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$13,834,362 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

\$5,146,752 of the Library's net position (37 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., library books, furniture and equipment), less any related debt, none at year end, used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

## **Capital Area District Library's Net Position**

		nmental vities
	2016	2015
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 19,227,601 5,146,752	\$ 18,680,729 5,111,013
Total assets	24,374,353	23,791,742
Deferred outflows of resources	1,531,192	354,398
Long-term liabilities Net pension liability Other liabilities	258,273 1,680,627 352,783	259,235 290,837 268,064
Total liabilities	2,291,683	818,136
Deferred inflow of resources	9,779,500	9,624,000
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted by donor request Unrestricted	5,146,752 355,374 8,332,236	5,111,013 305,657 8,287,334
Total net position	\$ 13,834,362	\$ 13,704,004

The unrestricted net position (\$8,332,236) may be used to meet the Library's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Library is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for its governmental activities.

The Library's net position increased by \$130,358 during the current fiscal year. This increase is attributed to increased spending on capital projects, larger donations from individuals and Library Friends, and spending within budgeted levels.

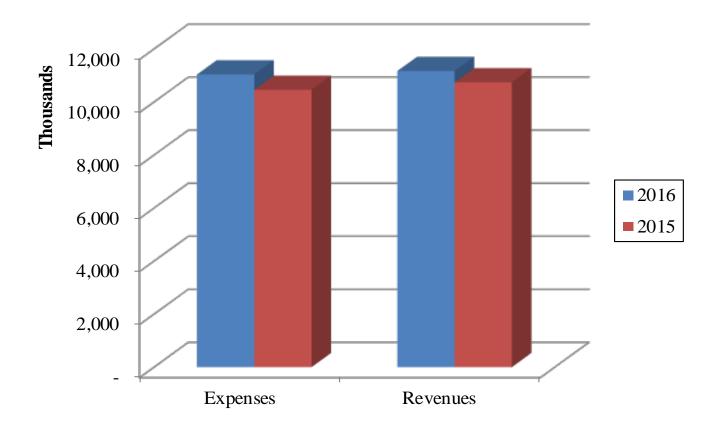
**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the Library's net position by \$130,358, thereby the governmental activities accounted for 100% of the total increase in the net position of the Library.

		Governmental activities		
Revenues:		2016		2015
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	305,019	\$	309,216
State aid		156,194		140,650
Penal fines		650,599		700,738
Public contributions		118,675		77,466
General revenues:				
Property taxes		9,758,586		9,346,375
Investment earnings		42,909		38,642
Other		133,708		126,693
Total revenues	1	1,165,690	1	0,739,780
Expenses:				
Library services	1	1,035,332	1	0,455,272
Increase in net position		130,358		284,508
Net position, beginning of year	1	3,704,004	1	3,419,496
Net position, end of year	\$ 1	3,834,362	\$ 1	3,704,004

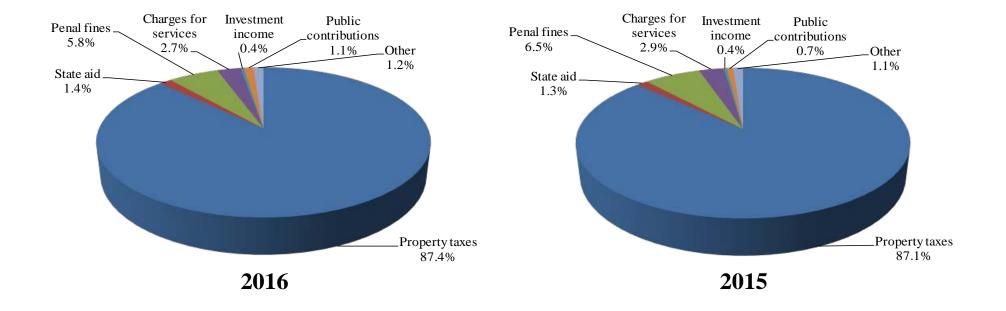
> Overall government activities revenue is up \$425,910 from prior year. The majority of the increase is due to collecting more property tax and public contributions than in the previous year.

Expenses increased \$580,060. The increase can be attributed to an increase in spending for library materials, contractual labor and benefits, and capital improvements.

Capital Area District Library Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities December 31,



## Capital Area District Library Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities December 31,



## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

*Governmental fund*. The focus of the Library's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Library's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Library's governmental fund reported combined ending fund balance of \$9,095,318, an increase of \$310,427 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 35% of this total amount (\$3,186,435) constitutes *unassigned*, which is available for spending at the Library's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, non-spendable, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to 1) capital projects (\$500,000), 2) automation (\$500,000), 3) operations (\$2,400,000), 4) pension reserve (\$609,120), 5) donations (\$416,253), 6) for subsequent year expenditures (\$1,056,000), or 7) prepaid contracted services (\$427,510).

The general fund is the chief and only operating fund of the Library. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,186,435 while total fund balance reached \$9,095,318. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 84 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Library's general fund increased by \$310,427 during fiscal year 2016. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- > Increase in property tax revenue
- > Increase in public contributions received
- > Spending within budgeted levels

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets**. The Library's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2016, amounts to \$5,146,752 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes library books and materials, furniture and equipment, and building and building improvements.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- New mobile library (Bookmobile)
- New computers and technology
- Facility upgrades

## <u>Capital Area District Library's Capital Assets</u> (Net of depreciation)

		Governmental activities		
	2016	2015		
Building and building improvements Library books and materials Furniture and equipment Construction in progress	\$ 746,861 3,486,698 871,761 41,432	\$ 746,015 3,690,255 674,743		
	\$ 5,146,752	\$ 5,111,013		

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the Library had total long-term debt outstanding of \$258,273. This represents compensated absences earned but not used as of year-end.

## **Capital Area District Library's Outstanding Debt**

	 Governmental activities		
	 2016 2015		2015
Compensated absences	\$ \$ 258,273		259,235

The Library's total debt decreased by \$962 (0.4 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the Library's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Capital Area District Library's goal is to maintain and enhance the services that are provided to the public utilizing the most efficient and effective methods. The Library has a conservative and fiscally responsible budget for the fiscal year 2017 that will support the Library's activities and programs.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Capital Area District Library, 401 S. Capitol Ave, Lansing, MI 48933.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET/ STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

ACCETC	ge	lance sheet eneral fund modified ccrual basis	Adju	stments	_	Statement of net position
ASSETS: Cash	\$	6,391,199	\$			\$ 6,391,199
Investments	ф	2,613,706	Ф	-		\$ 0,391,199 2,613,706
Receivables:		2,015,700		-		2,015,700
Accounts		13,380		_		13,380
Taxes		9,781,806		-		9,781,806
Prepaid expenses		427,510		-		427,510
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			5.	146,752	(1)	5,146,752
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	19,227,601		146,752	-	24,374,353
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:					-	
Pension related items	\$	-	1,	531,192	(2)	1,531,192
LIABILITIES:					-	
Accounts payable		169,648		-		169,648
Accrued payroll, taxes and withholding		128,761		-		128,761
Accrued retirement		54,374		-		54,374
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		13,726	(2)	13,726
Due in more than one year		-		244,547	(2)	244,547
Net pension liability		-	1,	680,627	(2)	1,680,627
TOTAL LIABILITIES		352,783	1,	938,900	_	2,291,683
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		9,779,500		-	_	9,779,500
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION:					-	
Net investment in capital assets		-	5,	146,752		5,146,752
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures		427,510	(	427,510)		-
Restricted - donations		355,374		-		355,374
Committed:						
Capital projects		500,000	`	500,000)		-
Automation		500,000		500,000)		-
Operations		2,400,000		400,000)		-
Pension reserve		609,120	(	609,120)		-
Assigned - donations		60,879	11	(60,879)		-
Assigned - subsequent year expenditures		1,056,000		056,000)		-
Unassigned/unrestricted		3,186,435		145,801	-	8,332,236
TOTAL FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION		9,095,318	\$4,	739,044	:	\$ 13,834,362
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	19,227,601				

<sup>(1)</sup> Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Compensated absences and pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

See notes to financial statements.

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance general fund modified accrual basis	Adjustments		Statement of activities
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
Property taxes	\$ 9,758,586	\$ -		\$ 9,758,586
State aid	156,194	-		156,194
Penal fines	650,599	-		650,599
Charges for services	305,019	-		305,019
Investment income - net	42,909	-		42,909
Public contributions	118,675	-		118,675
Other	137,482	(3,774)	(3)	133,708
Total revenues	11,169,464	(3,774)	_	11,165,690
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Salaries and employee benefits	6,995,317	212,034	(2)	7,207,351
Materials	1,464,647	(900,021)	(1)	564,626
Supplies	104,905	-		104,905
Contractual services	403,738	-		403,738
Governance	60,315	-		60,315
Automated library system	307,545	-		307,545
Maintenance and utilities	665,745	-		665,745
Technology	164,367	(129,765)	(1)	34,602
Staff development	33,802	-		33,802
Capital outlay	460,051	(390,000)	(1)	70,051
Depreciation	-	1,384,047	(1)	1,384,047
Miscellaneous	198,605	-	_	198,605
Total expenditures	10,859,037	176,295		11,035,332
Net change in fund balance/net position	310,427	(180,069)		130,358
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION,				
beginning of year	8,784,891	4,919,113	_	13,704,004
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 9,095,318	\$ 4,739,044	=	\$ 13,834,362

<sup>(1)</sup> Governmental funds report capital assets as expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. In the statement of activities these expenditures are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

<sup>(2)</sup> Compensated absences and pension are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental fund. The adjustment represents the change of the year end liability compared to the prior year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Governmental funds report revenue as being available within a reasonable amount of time after the year end, typically 60 days. In the statement of activities these revenues are recognized as revenue when they are measurable.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Capital Area District Library has no business-type activities or fiduciary activities.

#### **B. Reporting Entity**

Effective January 1, 1998, Capital Area District Library commenced official operations pursuant to the March 10, 1997 signed District Library Agreement. The District Library Agreement was originally entered into by the County of Ingham, except for the City of East Lansing and small portions of White Oak and Locke Townships, and the City of Lansing. In February 1999, three additional participating municipalities were recognized by the original participants – Delhi Township, Meridian Township and the City of Williamston. The Library is funded primarily through property taxes, state aid, penal fines, and donations. The voters of the district approved a 1.56 mill tax for a four-year period, which began with a tax levy effective December 31, 2014. This millage provides funding of Library operations through December 31, 2018.

The Library is governed by a seven-member board. The board consists of five members appointed by the County of Ingham and two members appointed by the City of Lansing. The Library is not included as a component unit in any other primary government's financial statements.

The Library has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the Library.

## C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government unit.

The Library utilized the financial statement format recommended by the State of Michigan for special purpose entities engaged only in governmental activities.

The Library maintains only one fund, the general fund, which is reported as a major governmental fund.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)

The *general fund* is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government. There are no resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and statement of activities) are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements (the balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances) are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### E. Budgetary Information

#### 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund.

The appropriate budget is prepared by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## E. Budgetary Information (Concluded)

#### **1.** Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Appropriations in the budgeted fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The Library does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations. The budget was amended prior to December 31, 2016. The Library does not consider the amendments to be significant. Violations, if any, are noted in the required supplementary information sections.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits. Investments include instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Investments are carried at amortized cost or fair value.

State statutes authorized the Library to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Library is also authorized to invest in U.S. government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

## 2. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

## **3.** Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture, equipment, and library books, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The total of books purchased during the year are capitalized and are depreciated over seven years. The Library has elected not to capitalize rare books. Fully depreciated books are removed from the asset schedule. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The Library has a collection of art work presented for public exhibition and education that is being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. The collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets, since at the time of donation it was impractical to determine a fair value due to the number of small pieces in the collection.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Library, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful live.

Assets	Years
Building and building improvements	25 - 40
Library books and materials	7
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10

#### 4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Library only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the pension related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension related items and is expensed in the plan year in which it applies.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Concluded)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Library has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, while the governmental-wide report only property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### 5. Pension

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 6. Net position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Library will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted contributions or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Library's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 7. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Library itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Library that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board of trustees has by resolution authorized the executive director to assign fund balance. The board of trustees may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The Library has adopted a minimum unassigned fund balance policy, which states that the Library will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 25 percent of subsequent year's operational expenses. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment. If the fund balance falls below the minimum 15 percent level, library management will replenish shortages/deficiencies by reduce recurring expenditures to eliminate any structural deficit, increase taxes in accordance with law, fees for services, pursue other funding sources, or some combination of the two options.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Concluded)

#### 8. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### **1. Property Taxes**

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Library engages other municipalities to bill and collect its own property taxes. Library tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year following the December 1 levy date. Property taxes levied for the ensuing year's revenue are included in taxes receivable and deferred inflows. Property tax receivables related to delinquent taxes are also deferred unless collected within 60 days of year-end.

Property taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The Library's 2015 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2015 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended December 31, 2016 financial statements, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing operations. The 2015 taxable value of the district totaled \$6,403,075,111 (a portion of which is not captured from all jurisdictions), on which taxes of 1.56 mills are levied for operating purposes.

#### 2. Compensated Absences

It is the Library's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Library does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Library. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statues authorize the Library to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations and to invest in obligations of the United States, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, banker acceptances and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

**Interest rate risk.** State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Maturity dates of investments are shown in the investment schedule above.

**Credit risk.** State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

**Concentration of credit risk.** State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

**Custodial credit risk - deposits.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2016, \$7,446,271 of the Library's bank balance of \$9,168,709 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Certificate of deposits and money market accounts are included in the above totals. The balance of \$9,004,905 is reported as cash and investments on the financial statements as of December 31, 2016.

**Custodial credit risk - investments.** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Library does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk.

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

**Foreign currency risk.** The Library is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

The above amounts as previously reported in Note 2:

Deposits	\$ 9,004,905
As presented in the financial statements:	
Cash	\$ 6,391,199
Investments	2,613,706
	\$ 9,004,905

## **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2016
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 41,432	\$ -	\$ 41,432
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and building improvement	961,431	38,207	-	999,638
Library books and materials	16,256,092	900,021	1,105,844	16,050,269
Furniture and equipment	3,366,037	440,126	349,849	3,456,314
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,583,560	1,378,354	1,455,693	20,506,221
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and building improvement	215,416	37,361	-	252,777
Library books and materials	12,565,837	1,103,578	1,105,844	12,563,571
Furniture and equipment	2,691,294	243,108	349,849	2,584,553
Total accumulated depreciation	15,472,547	1,384,047	1,455,693	15,400,901
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,111,013	(5,693)		5,105,320
Total governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 5,111,013	\$ 35,739	\$ -	\$ 5,146,752

Depreciation expense amounted to \$1,384,047.

## NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

#### Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within one year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$ 259,235	\$-	\$ 962	\$ 258,273	\$ 13,726

#### **NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS**

#### Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The Library provides retirement benefits to certain full-time employees hired before January 1, 2002 through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. As established by negotiation with the Library's competitive bargaining units, the Library contributes 8.00% of employees' gross earnings. In accordance with these requirements, the Library contributed \$24,876 during the current year, and employees made no contributions.

#### Defined Benefit Plan

#### Plan Description

The Library's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Library participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at <u>www.mersofmich.com.</u>

#### **NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

#### **Benefits** Provided

		2015 Valuation	
Open Division	07-NonUnion	70-UnionProf	71-UnNon-Pro
Benefit Multiplier:	2.50%	2.00%	2.00%
	Multipler (80% max)	Multiplier (no max)	Multiplier (no max)
Normal Retirement age:	60	60	60
Vesting:	6 years	10 years	10 years
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	55/15		55/20
Early Retirement (Reduced):	50/25	50/25	50/25
		55/15	55/15
Final Average Compensation:	5 years	5 years	5 years
COLA for Future Retirees:	2.50% (Non-Compound)	2.50% (Non-Compound)	-
Member Contributions:	10.00%	5.24%	3.22%
Act 88:	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(adopted 10/17/2001)	(adopted 10/17/2001)	(adopted 10/17/2001)

**Employees covered by benefit terms**. At the December 31, 2015 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active employees	65
	90

**Contributions.** The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions ranged from 7.00% to 11.44% based on annual payroll for open divisions. At year end, the Library is current on all required pension plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for December paid in January.

**Net Pension Liability**. The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: 3.75% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 8.0%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3% - 4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Global Equity	57.50%	5.02%			
Global Fixed Income	20.00%	2.18%			
Real Assets	12.50%	4.23%			
Diversifying Strategies	10.00%	6.56%			

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## **NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

## Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)			
Balances at 12/31/2014	\$ 6,922,934	\$ 6,632,097	\$ 290,837			
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Changes in benefits Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income Benefit payments including employee refunds Administrative expense Other charges	398,610 580,414 (62,471) 266,071 488,952 - - (173,841) -	- - - 258,871 142,200 (104,388) (173,841) (14,897)	398,610 580,414 (62,471) 266,071 488,952 (258,871) (142,200) 104,388 - 14,897			
Net changes	1,497,735	107,945	1,389,790			
Balances as of 12/31/2015	\$ 8,420,669	\$ 6,740,042	\$ 1,680,627			

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate**. The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1% higher (9.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (7.00%)		Current Discount Rate (8.00%)		]	% Increase (9.00%)
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/2015	\$	-	\$	1,680,627	\$	-
Change in Net Pension Liability (NPL)		1,205,044		-		(1,004,448)
Calculated NPL	\$	2,885,671	\$	1,680,627	\$	676,179

#### **NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS (Concluded)**

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2016 the employer recognized pension expense of \$510,622. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ou	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred inflows of resources		
Differences in experiences	\$	228,061	\$	-	
Differences in assumptions		419,102		-	
Excess (deficit) investment returns		586,405		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		297,624		-	
	\$	1,531,192	\$	-	

\* The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending 2016.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2018260,2019260,2020236,2021107,	Year end December 31,	
2019 260,   2020 236,   2021 107,	2017	\$ 260,432
2020 236, 2021 107,	2018	260,432
2021 107,	2019	260,432
	2020	236,550
2022 107	2021	107,86
2022 107,	2022	107,86

#### **NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above described activities. No settlements have incurred in excess of coverage in 2016 or any of the prior three years.

#### **NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASE**

The Library entered into an operating lease for parking space rental, which was an extension of an existing lease. Payments commenced on October 1, 2010 for this lease; scheduled future minimum lease payments under this agreement as of December 31, 2016, are summarized as follows:

Year ending December 31,		
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	45,363 46,728 48,129 36,900
	\$ 1	77,120

During 2016 the Library paid \$44,231 for rental of the parking spaces.

#### **NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

#### **INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES EXEMPTION**

Municipalities within the Library boundaries entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. An Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption (IFT) certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the local unit of government. The IFT on new plant and new industrial property is computed at 50% of the taxes levied. The municipalities can elect to freeze the taxable values for rehabilitation properties.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Library's property tax revenue for general operations were reduced by \$70,700 under this program. The abatements issued by other governmental units is a follows:

Governmental unit	Amount	
Alaiedon Township	\$	20,043
Delhi Charter Township		290
City of Mason		45,696
City of Williamston		4,671
Total	\$	70,700

#### NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS (Concluded)

#### PILOT – PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

Under the provisions of the State Housing Development Authority Act 346 of 1966, as amended, municipalities can enter into agreements with housing developments in which they pay a service fee instead of property taxes for public services. The Act applies to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Library's property tax revenue for general operations were reduced by \$18,639 under this program. The abatements issued by other governmental units is a follows:

Governmental unit	Amount
Delhi Charter Township	\$ 18,639

There are no significant abatements made by the Library.

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
Local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 9,624,000	\$ 9,624,000	\$ 9,758,586	\$ 134,586
Penal fines	700,000	649,500	650,599	1,099
Charges for services	308,000	308,000	305,019	(2,981)
Investment income - net	55,000	55,000	42,909	(12,091)
Public contributions	76,000	76,000	118,675	42,675
Other	139,500	139,500	137,482	(2,018)
Total local sources	10,902,500	10,852,000	11,013,270	161,270
State sources	156,500	156,500	156,194	(306)
Total revenues	11,059,000	11,008,500	11,169,464	160,964
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Salaries and employee benefits	7,133,150	7,133,150	6,995,317	137,833
Materials	1,561,189	1,554,534	1,464,647	89,887
Supplies	133,958	123,958	104,905	19,053
Contractual services	425,048	425,048	403,738	21,310
Governance	69,600	73,100	60,315	12,785
Automated library system	310,080	352,920	307,545	45,375
Maintenance and utilities	781,900	763,400	665,745	97,655
Technology	213,950	231,375	164,367	67,008
Staff development	43,250	43,250	33,802	9,448
Capital outlay	781,475	1,179,205	460,051	719,154
Miscellaneous	205,400	198,560	198,605	(45)
Total expenditures	11,659,000	12,078,500	10,859,037	1,219,463
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (600,000)	\$ (1,070,000)	310,427	\$ 1,380,427
<b>FUND BALANCE:</b> Beginning of year			8,784,891	
End of year			\$ 9,095,318	

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2015			2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	398,610	\$	365,896
Interest		580,414		520,792
Changes of benefit terms		(62,471)		-
Difference between expected				
and actual experience		266,071		-
Changes of assumptions		488,952		-
Benefit payments including				
employee refunds		(173,841)		(186,880)
Other				-
Net change in total pension liability		1,497,735		699,808
Total pension liability beginning		6,922,934	1	6,223,126
Total pension liability ending	\$	8,420,669	\$	6,922,934
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions-employer	\$	258,871	\$	245,098
Contributions-employee		142,200		128,660
Net investment income		(104,388)		388,568
Benefit payments including				
employee refunds		(173,841)		(186,880)
Administrative expense		(14,897)		(14,374)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		107,945		561,072
Plan fiduciary net position beginning		6,632,097		6,071,025
Plan fiduciary net position ending	\$	6,740,042	\$	6,632,097
Employer net pension liability	\$	1,680,627	\$	290,837
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total pension liability		80.04%		95.80%
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,383,310	\$	3,106,622
Employer's net pension liability as a				
percentage of covered employee payroll		49.67%		9.36%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, reporting units should present information for those years for which information is available.

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

		2015		2014
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	258,871	\$	245,098
determined contribution		258,871		245,098
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,383,310		\$ 3,106,622	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		7.65%		7.89%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, reporting units should present information for those years for which information is available.

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

*Benefit changes* - for 2015 the employee contributions increased from 3.12% to 5.24% for division 70. Employee contributions for division 71 increased from 0.29% to 3.22%.

*Changes in assumptions* - the 2015 actuarial numbers reflect a change in assumed life expectancy for longer lifetimes, assumed rate of investment return was lowered from 8.25% to 8%, and the asset smoothing period was changed from 10 years to 5 years.

Notes to the Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	23 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed
Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.8%
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Retirement age	Varies depending on plan adoption
Mortality	50% Female/50% Male RP-2014 Group
	Annuity Mortality Table

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 6,391,199	\$ 6,230,106
Investments	2,613,706	2,578,416
Receivables:		
Accounts	13,380	13,041
Taxes	9,781,806	9,625,947
Prepaid expense	427,510	233,219
TOTAL ASSETS	\$19,227,601	\$18,680,729
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES:	¢ 1.00.040	¢ 100.005
Accounts payable	\$ 169,648 128,761	\$ 128,335 90,229
Accrued payroll, taxes and withholding Accrued retirement	54,374	90,229 49,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	352,783	268,064
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable revenue - USF funds	-	3,774
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	9,779,500	9,624,000
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUCRES	9,779,500	9,627,774
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures	427,510	233,219
Restricted - donations	355,374	305,657
Committed:		
Capital projects	500,000	500,000
Automation	500,000	500,000
Operations	2,400,000	3,400,000
Pension reserve Assigned - donations	609,120 60,879	55,700
Assigned - donations Assigned - subsequent year expenditures	1,056,000	600,000
Unassigned	3,186,435	3,190,315
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	9,095,318	8,784,891
	2,022,210	0,707,071
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	¢ 10 227 (01	¢ 10 COO 700
UF KEDUUKUED AND FUND BALANUE	\$19,227,601	\$18,680,729

## CAPITAL AREA DISTRICT LIBRARY GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
<b>REVENUES:</b>		
Property taxes	\$ 9,758,586	\$ 9,346,375
State aid	156,194	140,650
Penal fines	650,599	700,738
Charges for services	305,019	309,216
Investment income - net	42,909	38,642
Public contributions	118,675	77,466
Other	137,482	122,919
Total revenues	11,169,464	10,736,006
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Salaries and employee benefits	6,995,317	6,752,325
Materials	1,464,647	1,362,195
Supplies	104,905	110,625
Contractual services	403,738	390,764
Governance	60,315	52,171
Automated library system	307,545	256,735
Maintenance and utilities	665,745	671,472
Technology	164,367	290,828
Staff development	33,802	23,051
Capital outlay	460,051	380,905
Miscellaneous	198,605	131,913
Total expenditures	10,859,037	10,422,984
Net change in fund balance	310,427	313,022
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	8,784,891	8,471,869
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 9,095,318	\$ 8,784,891